

very scarce and curious,  
receipts interesting and valuable

The Compleat  
*Job Lowsley's Book*  
**ENGLISH and FRENCH**  
**COOK:**

DESCRIBING

the best and newest ways of ordering and  
dressing all sorts of Flesh, Fish, and Fowl,  
whether Boiled, Baked, Stewed, Roasted,  
Broiled, Frigassied, Fried, Souc'd, Marrina-  
ted, or Pickled; with their proper Sauces  
and Garnishes: Together with all manner  
of the most approved Soops and Potages  
used, either in *England or France*.

*Canfield Norris Book, 1640*

the most Experienced Cooks in *London*  
and *Westminster*.

---

The second Edition.

---

**L O N D O N :**

printed for *William Miller*, at the *Gilded Acorn*, in *St. Paul's* Church-yard, where Gentlemen and others may  
be furnished with most sorts of Acts of Parliament, Kings,  
Lord Chancellors, Lord Keepers, and Speakers Speeches,  
and other sorts of Speeches, and State matters; as also  
books of Divinity, Church-Government, Humanity, Ser-  
mons on most Occasions, &c. 1690.

THE  
EPISTLE  
TO  
The Lovers of the Art  
O F  
Cookery.

WE do here present you  
with the plainest and  
best digested Method in the  
Art of Cookery yet extant,  
for Dressing of all sorts of  
Flesh,

## The Epistle, &c.

*Flesh, Fish, Fowl, whether  
Boil'd, Baked, Stewed, Roast-  
ed, Broil'd, Frigassi'd, Fryed,  
Marrinated or Sonced; with  
the best Sauces, New A-la-  
mode, Soops and Potages:  
It's full and plain, so that  
from the Maid to the Ma-  
ster Cook all may reap benefit.  
Farewel.*

How

**How to Boil all sorts of  
FISH, FLESH and  
FOWL, according to the  
latest and most approved  
experience in COOKERY.**

### FISH boil'd and stewed.

*Bream stewed.*



Aving very well scaled your  
Bream and throughly washt it,  
do not forget to preserve its  
blood, in which you must stew  
your Bream, by adding thereto  
Claret, two slices of Ginger raced, the pulp  
of three quarters of a pound of Prunes  
boiled and strained into the Broth, Vinegar,  
Salt, and an Anchovie or two; some sweet  
Herbs with Horle-radish root stamped and  
strained:

## 2 How to Boil or Stew

strained: Let not your Fish have more Liquor than will just cover it; being enough, take some Butter with a little Vinegar, in which the Bream was stew'd, and beat them up together; then dish up your Fish, pouring the Butter thereon, and garnish your Dish with Barberries, Oranges and Lemons.

*Base boiled to be eaten hot.*

Save the Livers, Rows or Spawns of your Base, then scale and wash them well; having so done, boil them up in Water, Wine-Vinegar, Salt, some sweet Herbs, Lemons sliced, with three whole Onions; then take a lear of drawn Butter, large Mace, whole Cinnamon, a whole Nut-meg quarter'd, with three Anchovies dissolved therein; having disht it up, pour on your lear, and let your garnish be fried Oysters and Bay-leaves. This seasoning will not be improper for Mullet or any other sort of Fish.

*Carp's stemmed.*

Save the blood of your Carp, dress him and take out his Gall; then scotch him on the back, and put him into a Stew-pan with a quart of White-wine, half a dozen blades

## all sorts of Fish.

3

blades of large Mace, a dozen Cloves, three races of Ginger sliced, two slit Nutmegs with a Faggot of sweet Herbs, three large Onions whole, four or five Bay-leaves, and some Salt, stew all these together, but put not your Carp in till the Pan boil, and then too with five ounces of sweet Butter: Let your fire be a quick Charcoal fire; when it is enough, dish it in a large dish, pouring thereon your Sauce commixed with the Spices, laying on Lemon sliced with Lemon-pill, or Barberries; let your garnish be dried Manchet grated, and searsed, with carved Sippets laid round the dish. At great Festivals garnish the body with stewed Oysters, and fried batter made of several colours by the juice of Herbs, as Violets, Saffron, Spinage, &c. dissolving therein an Anchovie or two.

*Another most excellent way.*

Take a living Carp and scale it, then dry it with a cloath, and open the belly, taking out the entrails, then wash the blood into a Pipkin with a pint of Claret, with Vinegar and Water, some sweet Herbs, two whole Onions, half a pound of Butter or more, stew these together three quarters.

#### 4 How to Boil or Stew

of an hour softly; then laying your Toasts in the bottom of the Dish, serve it up with Sippets, pouring some of the broth on, and garnishing it with Rosemary.

#### Cockles stewed.

Wash them well with Vinegar, and boil them before you take them out of the Shells, then put them into a Dish with Claret Vinegar, a handful of Capers, Mace, Pepper, Salt, a little grated Bread and Tyme minced, with the yolks of three Eggs chopped very small; stew these together till they are enough, then put in a good spill of Butter, rubbing the Dish with a clove of Garlick. Crawfish, Shrimps or Prawns may be done the same manner, making what variety of garnish you please with the shells only.

#### Crabs stewed.

Take Crabs and boil them till they are enough, then take the meat out of the shells, and having put it into a Pipkin, some Claret, Wine-Vinegar, minced Tyme, Salt, grated Bread, Pepper, sweet Butter, Capers, large Mace, and the yolks of four Eggs boiled hard and chopt very small; stew these

#### all sorts of fish.

5

these together till they are enough, then rubbing the Dish with a clove of Garlick, serve them up.

#### Cods head drest after the best manner.

Cut your Head so large beyond the Gills, that you may have a pretty quantity of the Body with it; then boil it in Water and Salt, then have in readiness a quart of Cockles, with the shell'd meat of two or three Crabs, put these into a Pipkin with almost half a pint of White-wine, a bunch of sweet Herbs, two Onions, a little large Mace, a little grated Nutmeg, and some Oyster liquor; then boil it till the liquor is wasted, then add to it two ladlefulls of drawn Butter, then dish up your Cod's head on Sippets, draining it first very well over a Chafingdish of coals: Then cut your Pease or Spawn in thin slices, and the Liver in pieces, take likewise the Gill and pick out the bones, and cut it as you did the other; dish up your Spawn round about the Cod's head, and some on the top, and put all over it the Gill and Liver; then pour your lair on it with some drawn Butter upon that again, sticking all your Gill-bone with Oysters fryed in Butter, and stick them

## 6 How to Boil or Stew

them on the Spawn also ; then grate on Nutmeg, and dish it up very hot, garnishing your Dish with Lemon and Bay-leaves.

### *Eels boil'd.*

Take them and draw, fley, and wipe them clean, having cut them in pieces, boil them in White wine, Water, Oyster liquor, large Mace, three or four Cloves bruised, Salt, Spinage, Sorrel, Parsley grossly minced, an Onion, Pepper, and an Anchovie ; dish them up on Sippets, broth them with their own broth, beating up a pear with good Butter, yolks of Eggs, with slices of Lemon, and some Lemon-pill.

### *Eels stew'd.*

Draw your Eels and fley them, and cut them into pieces four inches long, then put them into a Stew-pan with as much Claret as will just cover them, mingled with some Water, strip some Tyme and put to them, with sweet Marjoram, Savory pickled, Parsley and large Mace, be sure to stew them enough, then serve them on Sippets, stick Bay-leaves round the Dish, garnish the Meat with slic'd Lemon, and the Dish with fine grated Manchet.

### *Flounders.*

## all sorts of fish.

7

*Flounders or Gudgeons boil'd after an excellent manner.*

Take a few sweet Herbs, tops of Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Winter-savory, tops of Rosemary, some whole Mace, some pick'd Parsley, and boil them in a quart of White-wine and Water, the quantities not exceeding each other : these ingredients having boiled some time together, then put in your Flounders, and scum your Pan very well ; then add to them a crust of Manchet, five ounces of sweet Butter, season all with Salt, Pepper and Verjuice, and so dish it up.

### *Flounders stew'd.*

Take large Flounders and scotch them, then lay them in a deep Dish with a pint of the best Sallet Oyl poured round about, a pint of Claret and White-wine Vinegar equally mixt, and let there be two or three roses of Ginger sliced, some whole Cloves, and a blade or two of Mace, a Nutmeg sliced, a faggot of sweet Herbs, with two or three cut Onions, stew all these together ; when they are enough serve them up on Sippets : then take a handful of

B 4.

Parsley

## 8 How to Boil or Stew

Parsley minced very small, and put it green into your lair, letting it boil but a little while, then pour it upon your Fish, garnish your Dish with slic'd Lemon and green Parsley.

*Gurnet red or gray, by some called Know'ds, how boil'd.*

Draw your Gurnet and wash it clean, then boil it in Water and Salt, with a faggot of sweet Herbs; then take it up and pour upon it Butter, Verjuyce, Nutmeg and Pepper, thicken it with the yolks of three new-laid Eggs; let your Dish be garnished with sliced Lemon or Barberries.

*Jacks, if small, how to stew.*

Take your Jacks and cut off the heads of them, then put them into Balls of forced Meat made of Fish, so that the heads may be upright; indore them over with yolks of Eggs and so bake them; drawing them out, cut them in pieces, and stew them up in a Dish with White-wine, Water, Salt, Vinegar, sweet Herbs, some Anchovies, Mace, sliced Ginger and Nutmeg; but put not in your Pike till the liquor boils, and then

## all sorts of fish.

9

then let them be accompanied with some small forced Fish-balls, yellow, green and white, which you may colour with juyce of Herbs; having turn'd them once or twice, take out your Jack-heads so forced, and set them round in the Dish; then take out the bodies with a slice, and place them to the best advantage between and about them all over the Dish: Put Smelts fryed very stiff in the mouths of your Jacks, your forced Meats being round about them; for variety you may make use of fryed Oysters, with other small fryed Fish.

*Lobsters stewed.*

Take some large Lobsters, being boil'd, break the Meat small, though you must break the shells as little as possible may be; then put the Meat into a Pipkin, adding thereto Claret, White wine, Vinegar, sliced Nutmeg, Salt and some Butter, stew these together an hour softly: being stewed almost dry, put to it some more Butter, stirring it well together, then lay very thin Toasts in your Dish, laying the Meat thereon: or you may put the Meat into the shells, garnish the Dish about with the Legs, and lay the Barrel over the Meat

B. 5 with

## 10 How to Boil or Stew

with some sliced Lemon: If in the Summer, garnish your Dish with well-colour'd Flowers; if in the Winter, with such as you can procure pickled.

### Lamprels boil'd.

Wash your Lamprels, but take not out the guts, then cut them in pieces about an inch long, putting into a Pipkin twice as much Water as will cover them; seasoning the Liquor with Pepper and Salt, and thickning it with three or four Onions, a little grated Bread, and a little Barm or Ale-yeast; then shred a handful of Parsley, a little Winter-savory, and Tyme very small: Let all boil till half the broth be consumed; then put in half a pound of sweet Butter, give it a walm or two and serve it up.

### Mullets boil'd.

Take a large Mullet, having trust it round, put it in your Kettle; adding to your Water Salt, and a handful of sweet Herbs, making your Water boil before you put in your Fish, which must be tyed up in a clean cloath: having put in with your Fish a pint of White wine Vinegar, let it boil

till

## all sorts of fish.

11

till your Fish swim; then take the Rivet and a pint of great Oysters, and as much Vinegar as their Gravie, four blades of Mace, with a little gross Pepper, boil all these in a Pipkin together, till your Oysters are enough, then strain the yolks of four Eggs, with half a pint of Sack; having put in a little Butter and Sugar, put in also your Wine and Eggs, then serve it on Sippets, pouring on the Broth, scrape on Sugar and eat it hot. With this Broth you may boil a Pike, nay, a Capon, if you will but add some roasted Chesnuts steept in Sack.

### Muscles stewed.

Take Muscles, wash them clean, and boil them in Beer and Salt; then take them out of the shells, and beard them from Gravel and stones; fry them in clarified Butter, then pour away some of the butter, and put to them a Sauce made of their own Liquor, some sweet Herbs chopped, a little White wine, Nutmeg, the yolks of four or five Eggs dissolved in Wine-Vinegar, Salt and some sliced Orange; give these materials a walm or two in a Pipkin, and so serve them up in Scallop-shells.

Oysters

*Oysters stewed the best way.*

Take a pottle or three pints of large great Oysters, parboil them in their own Liquor, then wash them in warm Water, wipe them dry, and pull away the Fins; flower them, and fry them in clarified Butter very white: then take them up and put them into a large Dish with White-wine, a little Vinegar, five ounces of sweet Butter, some grated Nutmeg, large Mace, Salt, and three or four slices of an Orange; stew them but a little while, and dish them up on Sippets, pouring on the Sauce, and running it over with beaten Butter, garnishing it with sliced Orange or Lemon.

*Pike boil'd after an excellent manner.*

Take a Pike, and having cleans'd the Civet, trust him round, and scotcht his back, put him into boiling Water and Vinegar, two parts Water, and the third Vinegar, with some Salt; be sure you boil him up quick: Let your Sauce be made of White-wine-Vinegar, Mace, whole Pepper, two dozen of Cockles boiled out of their shells and washed clean, a faggot of sweet Herbs,

the

## all sorts of fish.

the Liver stamped and put to it, with a Horse-radish scrap'd or slic'd, boil all these together; dish your Pike on Sippets, and beat up your Sauce with some good sweet Butter and minced Lemon: You may garnish your Dish any how as you please.

*Pike stewed. (In the same manner may be stewed Carp, Bream, Barbel, Chevin, Rasher, Gurnet, Conger, Tench, Pearch, Bass, or Mullet, or the like.)*

This is the City fashion: Take any of the aforesaid Fish, and having drawn and cleans'd it from blood or other impurities, lay it in a Dish, putting thereto as much White-wine as will only cover it, and set a stewing: When it boils, put in the Fish and scum it, and put to it some large Mace, whole Cinamon, and some Salt; being finely stewed, dish it on Sippets, then thicken the Broth with the yolks of three or four Eggs, some thick Cream, Sugar and beaten Butter; give it a walm, and pour it on the Pike with some boil'd Currans, and boil'd Prunes laid all over it; also Mace, Cinamon, some knots of Barberries and sliced Lemon, scraping on some Sugar.

Plaice

*Plaice boil'd.*

Take good large Plaice, and boil them in White wine, Vinegar, large Mace, two or three Cloves and Ginger sliced: Being boil'd, serve them in beaten Butter with juyce of Sorrel strain'd, Bread, sliced Lemon, Grapes or Barberries.

*Plaice stewed.*

Make choice of the fairest you can get, and having drawn, wash'd and scotch'd them, fry them a little; having so done, remove them into a Stew-pan, putting thereto some White-wine, grated Nutmeg, Wine-Vinegar, Butter, Pepper and Salt: And thus stew them with slices of Oranges or Lemons.

*Prawns, Shrimps, or Cram-fish stewed.*

First boil, then pick, and afterwards stew them in some Claret-Wine, sweet Butter, Nutmeg and Salt; dish them in Scallops-shells, and run them over with beaten Butter, with juyce of an Orange or Lemon.

You

## all sorts of Fish.

You may for variety sake take any of the aforesaid Shell-fish, and stew them in Butter and Cream, serving them in Scallops-shells.

*Perches boil'd an excellent way.*

Lay your Perches scotcht in a deep Dish, with a pint of the best Sallet Oyl you can get, half a pint of White-wine, with the like quantity of Wine-Vinegar, two races of Ginger sliced, some whole Cloves and Mace, a Nutmeg sliced, and a faggot of sweet Herbs with two Onions cut not very small; let these be the seasoning for your Puff: then let your Liquor boil up your Fish very quick; then blanch them on both sides, and dish them on Sippets; after this, take a little White-wine, Gravie and Vinegar, with grated Nutmeg, and a handful of Oysters cut in pieces, put these all over your Fish, causing them to boil almost in the Dish before you send it up; pour drawn Butter over all, and garnish your Dish with Barberries and Lemons.

*Salmon boil'd the best way after the City fashion.*

Having chin'd your Salmon, take a side thereof

## 16 How to Boil or Stew

thereof or more, and cut the pieces into a reasonable bigness, wipe it only from the blood, but do not wash it; then take no more Wine and Water (of each an equal proportion) than will cover it: Having made the Liquor, boil with a handful of Salt, and then put in your Salmon, making it boil up quick, adding a quart of White-wine-Vinegar, keeping up a stiff fire, it will be boil'd in half an hour; then take it off, and let it cool, keeping it in a broad bottom'd Earthen Pan with the Liquor: but if you intend it shall be eaten hot, dish it up presently, and Sauce it with Butter beaten up thick with Water, adding thereto the yolks of three Eggs dissolved therein, some of the Liquor, grated Nutmeg, sliced Lemon poured thereon: garnishing the Dish with fine fierced Manchet, Barberries sliced, Lemons, Spices, and some greens fryed.

### *Salmon stewed.*

Take a Jole or Rand of Salmon, and first fry it, after that stew it in a Dish on a chafing Dish of Charcoal with some Claret Wine, large Mace, slic'd Nutmeg, Salt, Wine-Vinegar, sliced Orange, and some sweet Butter:

When

## all sorts of Fish.

17

When enough, and the sauce thick, Dish it on Sippets, lay the Spices on it with some slices of Orange; garnish the Dish, with some stale Manchet, grated and finely fierced.

### *Soals boil'd.*

Take the Soals, draw and fley them; then boil them in Vinegar, Salt, White-wine and Mace, but let the Liquor boil before you put them in; being enough, dish them up on carved Sippets; let your garnish be Mace, sliced Lemons, Goosberries, Grapes or Barberries, and beat up some Butter thick with the juyce of Oranges, and run it over the Fish: For variety sake place all over your Soals some stewed Oysters.

### *Soals stew'd a very good way.*

Take a pair of Soals, lard them with water'd Salt-Salmon; then lay them on a smooth board, cutting your lard all of an equal length; on each side lair it but short, then flower your Soals, and fry them in strong Ale till they are half done; then put them in a dish with half a dozen spoonfuls of white Wine, three of Wine-Vinegar, three ounces of sweet Butter, some slices of Orange

range with Salt, and some grated Nutmeg, and now and then turning them meg, cover the Dish whilst they are stew with the Fish: when enough, serve them ing; being enough, dish them up with slice up on Sippets, placing a top some bunches of Lemon, beaten Butter, with the juice of Barberries pickled, scraping Sugar there- of Oranges.

*Sturgeon boil'd.*

Take a Rand and cut it into square pieces. Boil them very well in White wine, fair as big as a crown piece, stew them in Water and Salt; take them out of the shells, broad-mouth'd Pipkin with three or four and stew them with some of the Liquor, large Onions, some large Mace, three or four Cloves, some large four Cloves, Pepper, Salt, some sliced Nutmeg, and some sweet Herbs chopped very meg, two or three Bay-leaves, some White small: being throughly enough, serve wine, and Water, Butter, and a race of them up in their own shells with beaten sliced Ginger, stew them well together, Butter, and the juice of Oranges. and serve them on Sippets, running them over with beaten Butter, sliced Lemon and Barberries; let the garnish be the same.

*Smelts stewed.*

Take a deep Dish, and put your Smelts therein, put to them a quarter of a pint of White wine, three ounces of Butter, some great Pepper, a handful of Parsley, three or four sprigs of winter Savory, and as much of Tyme shredded small, with the yolks of three Eggs minced: when you put in your Fish, let these accompany, stewing them together,

*Scallops stewed.*

*Tortoise stewed.*

Take a Tortoise and cut off his head, feet and tail; and boil the body in Wine, Salt and Water: being enough, uncase the meat from the shell, and stew it in a Pipkin with some Butter, White wine, some of the Broth, a couple of whole Onions, Tyme, Parsley, Winter-savory, and Rosemary minc'd: when enough, serve it on Sippets.

*Turbet boild, or, as some call it, Calveret* whole Mace, some Parsley, a little inter-savory and Tyme minced all toge-

Having drawn your Turbet, wash her; which done, put them to the Trouts: clean; then take an equal quantity Water and Wine with some Salt, and boilen take the yolk of a hard Egg, and it therein; not putting it in till the Panice it small, stewing your Trouts there-boils, adding thereto some sliced Onion with, then dish up, pour the Herbs and large Mace, a Clove or two, some sliced liquor all over them; scraping Loaf-sugar Ginger, whole Pepper, and a bundle thereon, and serving them very hot to sweet Herbs; scotch the Turbet on the Table.

white side very thick overthwart one way only; this must be done before you put it in. Being half boiled, put in some Orange-pill being enough, dish it up with the Spices Herbs, some of the Liquor, Onions and sliced Lemons.

In the like manner you may dress Holy-burt, only let your Sauce be beaten Butter, sliced Lemon, Herbs, Spices, Onions and Barberries.

### Trouts stewed.

Take three or four Trouts or more according to their bigness, and put them in a Dish with somewhat more than a quarter of a pint of Sack, or instead thereof White wine with a piece of Butter about the quantity of a Tennis-ball, a lit-

*Whiting stewed, and how to make a Broth thereof.*

Take a quantity of Wine, and the like of Water, and put it over the Fire in a deep Dish; add thereunto a race of Ginger sliced, a little large Mace, a Nutmeg quarter'd, with a faggot or two of sweet Herbs, as Marjoram, Tyme, &c. with Parsley, not forgetting with Salt to season your Broth: When it hath boiled a little while, put in your Whitings, but be careful you place them so as you intend to serve them up; and putting some Butter to them, let them boil apace; in a little time they will be enough: When they are boiled, pour away all the Liquor from them into a Pipkin, and set it on the Fire again with your Spice and sweet

## 22 How to Boil or Stew

sweet Herbs that were in it before ; then take a handful of Parsley and mince it small, with a little Fennel and Tyme, and let them boil with the Fish-broth ; then take the meat of two Crabs, with the Carkass of a Lobster, the yolks of three Eggs, a ladle of drawn Butter ; beat all these together with some of the said Liquor, stirring it in the Pipkin till it thickens ; then shift out your Whitings on Sippets, as you would have them, dish up, pouring on your lair as it comes from the Fire ; in the same manner you may order Smelts or Gudgeons. The Broth is not only very pallatable, but exceeding wholesome and comfortable to a weak stomach.

---

Flesh of all sorts (excepting Fowl) boiled or stewed.

### *Breast of Veal boild.*

**T**ake a good midling Breast of Veal that is white and fat, bone it and beat it well, then wash it dry : after this put to it a handful of sweet Herbs, Parsley, and a little Sage minced small with a few Cloves, Mace,

### *all sorts of flesh.*

23

Mace and Nutmeg beaten, mixing therewith a little Salt. Do not forget to wash over the inside of your Veal with the yolks of Eggs, and strow your Herbs all over, then over that lay some slices of Bacon cut thin, dipt in the yolks of Eggs ; having so done, rowl it up in a Collier, and bind it hard with pretty broad Filleting : When it is enough, cut the Collier into nine or ten pieces, laying on every piece some Bacon ; dish it on Sippets, and let your lair be Gravy and strong Broth, sliced Nutmeg, all beaten up thick with drawn Butter, and two yolks of Eggs ; run these over your meat : let your Dish be garnished with slices of Bacon fryed in the yolks of Eggs.

### *Breast of Mutton stewed.*

Joyn your Breast of Mutton very well, then farce it with sweet Herbs and minced Parsley ; after this put it into a deep stewing Dish with the right side downwards, adding thereto as much White wine and strong Broth as will stew it ; then set it over a large chafing-Dish of Coals, putting therein two or three great Onions, a faggot of sweet Herbs, and a little large Mace : being almost enough, take a handful of Spices,

## 24. How to Boil or Stew

nage, Endive and Parsley, and put to it: Then dish it up with so much Broth as is sufficient, thickned with the yolks of Eggs and drawn Butter; then pour on the lair with the Herbs on the top, and on that some Capers and Sampier stew'd therewith, and garnish the dish with Lemon or Barberries.

### Beef Collops stewed.

Cut from a buttock of Beef some thin slices, crossing the grain thereof: having hackett them with the Back of your knife, fry them in sweet Butter; being brown, put them into a Pipkin, with some strong Broth, some White wine, a little Nutmeg, and so stew it very tender: About a half hour before you serve it up, add to it some Mutton Gravy, Elder Vinegar, with two or three Cloves; after it is disht, put to it some drawn Butter, with the juyce of Oranges, and some slices thereof on the top of it.

*Buttock, Rump, Chine, Brisket, Sur-loyn, Rib, Flank or Fillet of Beef powdered how to boil.*

Take your choice of which you please, and

## all sorts of flesh.

25

In hot weather give it no longer than five or six days, but as long in the Winter; if you stuff it, let it in all manner of sweet Herbs, with Beef minced, and some Nutmeg; so it (after it hath boil'd a sufficient time) on Brewis with Cabbidge boil'd in and drawn Butter run all over: garnish your dish with Parsley, and Carrets cut into several shapes.

### Calves feet stewed.

Take your Calves feet and split them in the middle; after you have blanched them, being boil'd very tender, and having taken from them the great bones, place them in a Stewing-dish, with some strong Broth, three pretty large Onions, a Faggot of sweet Herbs, with Salt and a little large Pepper: when you perceive it boils, then add unto it a handful of Parsley, Spinach, and sweet Herbs minced with a handful of Currans: The Feet being stewed, beat the yolks of two or three Eggs with some Sugar and Butter; with that thicken your lair, and a little drawn Butter: dish up your Calves Feet in Sippets, and pour on your Broth.

C

*Calves.*

## 24 How to Boil or Stew

nage, Endive and Parsley, and put Then dish it up with so much Broth sufficient, thickned with the yolks of and drawn Butter; then pour on the with the Herbs on the top, and that some Capers and Sampier stew'd t with, and garnish the dish with Lemons Barberries.

### *Beef Collops stewed.*

Cut from a buttock of Beef some thin slices crossing the grain thereof: having h them with the Back of your knife, them in sweet Butter; being brown, them into a Pipkin, with some strong Broth, some White wine, a little Nmeg, and so stew it very tender: Ab a half hour before you serve it up, add it some Mutton Gravy, Elder Vineg with two or three Cloves; after it is di put to it some drawn Butter, with the juice of Oranges, and some slices thereof on t top of it.

*Buttock, Rump, Chine, Brisket, Sur-loy, Rib, Flank or Fillet of Beef powdered bo to boil.*

Take your choice of which you please

## all sorts of flesh.

25

and in hot weather give it no longer powdering than five or six days, but as long again in the Winter; if you stuff it, let it be with all manner of sweet Herbs, with fat Beef minced, and some Nutmeg; so serve it (after it hath boil'd a sufficient while) on Brewis with Cabbidge boil'd in Milk and drawn Butter run all over: garnish your dish with Parsley, and Carrots slice'd into several shapes.

### *Calves feet stewed.*

Take your Calves feet and split them in the middle; after you have blanched them, being boil'd very tender, and having taken from them the great bones, place them in a Stewing-dish, with some strong Broth, three pretty large Onions, a Faggot of sweet Herbs, with Salt and a little large Mace: when you perceive it boils, then put unto it a handful of Parsley, Spinage and sweet Herbs minced with a large handful of Currans: The Feet being stewed, beat the yolks of two or three Eggs with some Sugar and Butter; and with that thicken your lair, and a little drawn Butter: dish up your Calves Feet on Sippets, and pour on your Broth.

C

*Calves.*

*Calves head stewed.*

First boil your Calves head in water half an hour ; then take it up and pluck it all to pieces , and put it into a Pipkin with Oysters and some of the broth it was boiled in ; adding thereto a pint of Claret, a quarter of a pound of midling Bacon sliced, first parboil'd , ten roasted Chesnuts split, the yolks of four Eggs , sweet Herbs minced , and a little Horse-radish root scraped : Let these stew together an hour, let your Brains be parboil'd and chopt a little, and strew thereon a little Ginger and grated Bread, or make a little Batter with Eggs, Ginger, Salt and Flower, putting in some juice of Spinage to make them, when fried, look green : when the meat is dish'd, lay these fried Brains, Oysters, the Chesnuts, and yolk of Eggs thereon, so serve it up hot with Sippets.

*Haunch of Venison boil'd.*

Take a Haunch of Venison and set it a boiling (having a little powdered it before) then boil up four or five Colly-flowers in strong broth , and some Milk : When

*all sorts of Flesh.*

When they are boiled, put them forth into a Pipkin, adding to them drawn Butter, and keep them by the Fire in a warm condition : then boil up three or four handfuls of Spinage in strong broth : when they are enough , pour out part of the broth from them, and put in a little Vinegar, a ladleful of drawn Butter , and a grated Nutmeg ; your Dish being ready with Sippets in the bottom, put in your Spinage thereon round towards the Dishes side : your Venison being boil'd, take it up and lay it in the middle of the Dish , and lay your Colliflowers all over it ; then pour on your drawn Butter over that : Lastly , garnish it with Barberries , and your Dish with some green Parsley minced.

For variety sake you may force your Venison with a handful of sweet Herbs, and Parsley minced with Beef-suet, and yolks of Eggs boiled hard ; seasoning your forcing with Pepper, Nutmeg, Ginger and Salt.

*Lambs head boil'd.*

First take out the Brains and make a Pudding thereof ; being boil'd and cold, cut it into bits , then mince some Lamb with Beef-suet, and put to it some grated Bread,

## 28 How to Boil or Stew

Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, some sweet Herbs minced with four or five raw Eggs: work these all together, and fill the Lambs head therewith: Having well cleansed and dried the head beforehand, then stew it between two Dishes with some strong broth; what remains of this forcing, work it into balls, and let them boil with the head, adding therewith some White wine, a whole Onion, three or four sliced Pippins, some pieces of Artichokes, Sage leaves, large Mace, with Lettice boil'd and quarter'd, and put into beaten Butter; being finely stew'd, dish it up on Sippets, and put the balls with the other materials thereon; then broth it, and run it over with beaten Butter and Lemon.

### *Lambs head stewed.*

Having cleft the head and taken out the Brains, washing and cleansing it from all its filth and impurity, set it a boiling in some strong broth; having scum'd it after boiling, put in two or three blades of large Mace, some Capers, some Pears quarter'd, a little Claret, Gravy, Marrow, and some Marry-gold Flowers; when stewed enough, serve it on carved Sippets, and broth it, laying

## all sorts of flesh.

29  
ing on sliced Lemon, scalded Goosberries or Barberries.

### *Loyn of Lamb stewed.*

Let your Loyn be cut into steaks pretty large, put it into a Pipkin with so much Water as will cover it: when it simmers scum it, and then put to it Capers, Samphire, the bottoms of some Hartichokes, four or five blades of large Mace, half a Nutmeg sliced, Verjuice and Salt; give them the space of an hour to be stewed in, then dish up your Lamb tenderly, blowing off the fat: put into the broth scalded Spinage and Parsley minced with scalded Goosberries, a piece of Butter; shake it well, dish it and serve it up on Sippets.

### *Leg of Lamb boil'd.*

Take Kidney suet, and cut it into square pieces about the bigness and length of your Finger; then thrusting your knife into seven or eight places of the meat, put those pieces of suet into each particular hole; then boil your Lamb, remembering to turn it often, take heed of overboiling it; then boil a good handful of Parsley tender,

### 30 How to Boil or Stew

mince it small with your knife ; then warm a quarter of a pint of White wine Vinegar over some Coals, with Butter about the quantity of an Egg ; put in also some clusters of Barberries either boil'd or pickl'd ; then dish up your meat on Sippets, pouring the sauce thereon.

#### *Leg of Pork.*

Having laid your Leg of Pork in salt about some nine days, stuff it with Parsley and Sage, or you may boil it without stuffing, having in readiness a handful of boil'd Sage, mince it very small, and put it into a little strong broth with Butter and Pepper, then take up your Turnips, being boiled tender, and toss your Sage and them together with more drawn Butter ; having dish'd up your Pork, lay your Turnips over.

#### *Legs of Veal and Bacon boil'd.*

Take pretty big Lard, and therewith lard your Leg of Veal all over, joyning some Lemon-pill to your Lard ; then get a piece of middle Bacon, and boil the Veal therewith : when your Bacon is enough,

cut

#### *all sorts of flesh.*

31

cut it into slices, and season it with Pepper, and dried Sage incorporated together ; dish up your Veal with your Bacon round about it, and send with the serving it up some Saucers of Green-sauce, strowing over it Parsley and Barberries ; and that you may not be ignorant of the making it, take two handfuls of Sorrel, and beat it well in a Morter, squeeze out the juice of it, and put thereto a little Vinegar, Sugar, drawn Butter, and a grated Nutmeg, set it on the Coals till it be hot, then pour it on your Veal and Bacon.

But to make Green-sauce to be served up in Saucers, you must do thus : Take two or three handfuls of Sorrel, beaten in a Morter with two Pippins quartered, after paring adding thereto a little Vinegar, and Sugar.

#### *Legs, Necks, and Chines of Mutton boiled.*

Take either of the aforementioned Joyns, and lard them with a little Lemon-pill ; then boil it in Water and Salt, with a faggot of sweet Herbs ; then take a pint, and a half of Oysters well wash'd, and put them into a Pipkin, with some of their own liquor, a little strong broth, and half a pint

C 4

of

of gravy, as much White wine; put to them two or three whole Onions, some Tyme, grated Nutmeg, and two or three Anchovies, so let them boil together; then beat up three or four yolks of Eggs in a little of the said broth to a convenient thickness, with a ladleful of drawn broth amongst it; then dish it up on Sippets, then over-run it with lair, placing your Oysters on the top thereof; then serve it up garnish'd with Barberries or Lemon.

*Neats Tongues boil'd.*

¶ Take a Neats Tongue and boil it in Water and Salt, or you may salt it a little, and only boil it in Water till it be tender; then blanch it, dish it and stuff it with minced Lemon, mince the Pill and strow all over it, then run it over with drawn Butter.

*Neats Tongues stewed.*

Make a hole in the but-end of the Tongue, and take the meat and mince it with Beef-suet, season it with Salt, Nutmeg, sweet Herbs minced, the yolks of two raw Eggs, Pepper, Ginger, and mingling all together, stuff the Tongue therewith; then wrap

wrap it in a caul of Veal, and boil it till it will blanch; then with some Claret, Gravy, Cloves, Mace, Salt, Pepper, grated Bread, sweet Herbs minced small, fryed Onions, Marrow boil'd in strong broth, stew it in a Pipkin; when it is ready serve it up on Sippets, laying over it Grapes, Goosberries, sliced Lemon or Oranges, run it over with beaten Butter, garnishing the dish with stale grated Bread.

You may otherwise stew Neats Tongues in a Pipkin with Raisins, Mace, sliced Dates, blanched Almonds, Marrow, Claret wine, Butter, Salt, Verjuice, Sugar, strong broth or Gravy, slicing the Tongue withal: being throughly stewed, dissolve the yolks of half a dozen Eggs in some Vinegar, and dish it up on fine Sippets, with Lemon, running beaten Butter over all.

*Oxe Cheeke boiled.*

Take a pair of Ox Cheeks and bone them: then put them six or seven hours in Water to soak, then cleanse them from their blood, paring the rough of the Mouth, taking out the balls of the Eyes; then stuff them with Beef-suet, hard Eggs, sweet Herbs, Pepper and Salt, mingle all together,

## 34 How to Boil or Stew

and let your stuffing be on the inside, prick-  
ing the two Cheeks together, then boil  
them alone, or with other Beef; being ten-  
derly boiled, serve them up on Brewis  
with interlarded Bacon or Pork Sausages:  
let there be on each side of the dish saucers  
of Green-sauce or Mustard.

### Oxe Cheeks boil'd to be eaten cold with Sallet.

Bone your Cheeks and cleanse them, then steep them in White wine twelve hours; then season them with Nutmegs, Cloves, Pepper, Mace and Salt, roul them up, boil them tender in Water, Vinegar and Salt, press them; and being cold slice them into thin slices, and serve them with Oyl and Vinegar.

### Pig sucking boil'd.

Take a young sucking Pig, and lay him round with his tail in his Mouth in a Kettle, covering it with fair Water, and casting in a good handful of Salt, a handful of Rosemary, Tyme, sweet Marjoram and Winter-savory: when half boiled, take him up and fley the skin from him; then take him and quarter him, and lay him in a

Stew-

## all sorts of Flesh.

35

Stew-pan, with Prunes, large Mace, Cur-  
rants; then take him up being enough, and  
lay him in Sippets with the aforesaid ingre-  
dients poured upon him.

### Rabbets boiled.

Prick down your Rabbets heads to their  
shoulders; and that is the way to truss them  
for boiling, gathering up their hind Legs  
to their Belly: you may lard them with  
Bacon, if you please, or let it alone, and so  
boil them up white; being boiled, take the  
Livers and mince them small with fat Bacon  
boiled, then put it to half a pint of White  
wine, strong Broth and Vinegar, all making  
but that quantity; then let it boil with  
some large Mace, add thereunto a little Par-  
sley minced with some Barberries, and a  
ladleful of drawn Butter; dish up your  
Rabbets on your Sippets, pouring your lair  
all over them, and garnish your dish with  
Lemons and Barberries.

### Shoulder of Mutton boiled.

Do not above half boil your Shoulder of  
Mutton; then slice the fleshy part into thin  
slices, leaving some about the bladd-bone,  
pre-

preserve the Gravy, and put the Mutton into a Pipkin, with some of the broth in which it was boiled; a little grated Bread, Oyster liquor, Vinegar, Bacon sliced thin and scalded, a quarter of a pound of Sausages stript out of their skins, large Mace, and a little sliced Nutmeg: When it is almost stew'd, put in the Gravy: when they have boil'd almost an hour, put to them a pint of Oysters, a faggot of sweet Herbs and some Salt, then stew them a little longer; then take the blade-bone and broil it, put it into your dish, and pour the materials in your Pipkin upon it; garnish it with Oysters fryed in batter, Lemons sliced, and Barberries; it will not be amiss first to rub your dishes bottom with a clove of Garlick.

*Shoulder of Mutton stew'd with Oysters.*

Roast your Shoulder of Mutton half, or a little more, take off the upper skin whole; and cut the flesh into thin slices; then stew it with White wine, Mace, Nutmeg, Anchovies, Oyster liquor, Salt, Capers, Olives, Samphire and slices of Orange; leave some meat on the marrow-bone and blade; and laying them in a dish, pour your stew'd meat

meat on the bones with stew'd Oysters a top of that; some great Oysters above and about them stew'd with large Mace, two great Onions, Butter, Vinegar, white Wine, a bundle of sweet Herbs, and over all these lay the aforesaid skin of the Mutton a little warm'd in this last liquor.

*Tripes dress'd hot out of the pan.*

Boil them very tender, and laying them in a dish, let your sauce be beaten Butter, Gravy, Pepper, Mustard and wine Vinegar, rubbing your dish first with a clove of Garlick, running the sauce over them with a little Garlick bruised.

*Venison stew'd a quick and frugal way.*

They which abound with Venison in many cold baked meats, may at any time stew a dish speedily thus: Slice the Venison of your Pot, Pye or Pastry; then put it into a Stewing-pan over a heap of coals with some Claret wine, a little Rosemary, four or five Cloves, a little grated Bread, Sugar and Vinegar: having stew'd a while, grate on some Nutmeg, and serve it up. Since in this Section we have lastly treated

of Venison, give me leave to tell you how to recover Venison when tainted, although the discourse belong not to this particular place.

*Venison when tainted how to recover it.*

Take your Venison and lay it in a clean cloth, then put it under ground a whole night, and it will remove the corruption, stink or favour: Or, you may boil Water with Beer, Wine, Vinegar, Bay-leaves, Tyme, Savory, Rosemary and Fennel of each a handful; when it boils put in your Venison, parboil it well, and press it then, season it, and use it as you shall think fitting.

---

**Fowl of all sorts, whether wild or tame, Land-Fowl or Sea-Fowl, boil'd or stew'd.**

*Capon boil'd in Rice.*

Take a well fed Capon, and boile it in Water and Salt; then take a quarter of a pound of Rice and steep it in fair Water,

Water, and having half boiled it, strain the Rice through a Cullender, and boil it in a Pipkin with a quart of Milk, and add thereto half a pound of Sugar, with half an ounce of large Mace; boil it well, but keep it from being too thick, then put in a little Rosewater: after this blanch half a pound of Almonds, and with a little Cream and Rosewater beat them in a Morter very fine; strain them in a Pipkin by themselves; then take up your Capon, setting your Almonds a little against the fire; having placed in your Capon, pour on your Rice handsomely, then broth your Rice.

*Capon boiled and larded with Lemons.*

First, scald your Capon, and take a little dusty Oat-meal to make it boil white, then take three ladlefuls of Mutton broth, a faggot of sweet Herbs, two or three Dates cut long in pieces, a few parboil'd Cur-rans, a little whole Pepper, a piece of whole Mace, and one Nutmeg; thicken it with Almonds, and season it with Verjuice, Sugar, and a small quantity of sweet Butter; then take up your Capon, and lard it very thick with preserved Lemon; then lay

lay your Capon in a deep dish, for boiled meats, and pour the broth upon it: garnish your dish with fuckets and preserved Barberries.

*Chickens boiled.*

After you have scalded your Chickens truss them, and boil them in Water as white as possibly you can; in a little time of boiling they will be enough, then dish them up, having in readiness this sauce. If in Winter time, take a pint of White wine, Verjuyce, half a dozen Dates, a small handful of Pine-kernels, six or seven blades of large Mace, and a faggot of sweet Herbs, boil all these together, till the one half be consumed; then beat it up thick with Butter, and pour it on the Chickens, being dished with three or four white-bread toasts dipped lightly in Allagant; lay on the chickens, yolks of Eggs quarter'd, Lozenges, Sheeps tongues fryed in green batter, being first boiled and well blanched, and over all these lay some pieces of Marrow, and some pickled Barberries.

But if you dress Chickens in the Summer time, having boiled them white, as aforesaid: then for the sauce take some of the broth they were boiled in, with some Claret, large

large Mace, the bottoms of three Hartichokes; being boiled and cut into square pieces, an Oxe Palate sliced thin, Salt and some sweet Herbs: These being all boiled together, beat it up with Butter; and having dish'd your chickens, run this sauce all over them, laying on the Chickens Asparagus boiled, hard-lettice, and a handful of Goosberries, both scalded, some slices of Lemon, and serve it up.

*Chicken peeping to boil after an incomparable manner.*

Take four French Manchets and chip them (or others will serve) and cut a round hole in the top of them, taking out all the crum, and therewith mingle the brawn of a roast Capon, mince it fine, and stamp it in a Morter with Marchpane paste, the yolks of hard Eggs, with the crum of one of the Manchets, some Sugar, and sweet Herbs minced small, beaten Cinamon, Cream, Marrow, Saffron, yolks of Eggs, and some Currans, fill the concav'd or hollowed Manchets, and boil them in a Napkin in some good Mutton broth, stopping the holes on the tops of the Manchets; then stew some Sweet-breads of Veal, and six peeping

ing Chickens between two dishes; then fry some Lambstones dipt in batter, made of Flower and Cream, two or three Eggs and Salt; then take the bottoms of Hartichokes, beaten up in Butter and Gravy. All being ready, dish the boiled Manchets with the Chickens round about, then the Sweet-breads, and round the dish some fine carved Sippets; then lay on the Marrow, fryed Lambstones, and some Grapes, thickning the broth with strain'd Almonds, some Cream and Sugar, give them a walm, and broth the meat, garnishing it with Grapes, Pomegranats and sliced Lemon.

*Cocks, Bustards, Turkey, Pheasant, Peacock, Partridge, Plover, Heathcocks, Cocks of the wood, Moor-hens, or any Land Fowl, how to boil.*

Take any of these Fowl above specified, and fley off the skin, but leave the rump and legs whole with the pinions, then mince the flesh raw with some Beef-suet, seasoning it with Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, sweetHerbs minced, some raw yolks of Eggs, and incorporate all together with three bottoms of boiled Hartichokes, roasted Chesnuts blanched, some Marrow, and some boild skirrets

skirrets cut indifferently small; according to the bigness of your Fowl, you must proportion the quantity of your ingredients: Then fill the skin and prick it up in the back, stew it in a deep dish, and cover it with another, putting first therein some strong broth, Marrow, Hartichokes boiled and quartered, large Mace, White wine, Chesnuts, Salt, Grapes, Barberries, quarters of Pears, and some of the meat made up in balls, and stewed with the Turkey; being throughly stewed, serve it up on fine carved Sippets, broth it, and lay on the garnish with slices of Lemon and whole Lemon-pill, run it over with beaten Butter, garnishing the dish with Chesnuts, large Mace, and yolks of hard Eggs.

*Duck wilde boiled.*

Having drawn and trust your wild Duck parboil it, then half coast it; after this carve it, and save the Gravy: take store of Onions, Parsley, sliced Ginger and Pepper, put the Gravy into a Pipkin with washt Currans, large Mace, Barberries, a quart of Claret; let all boil together, scum it clean, put in Butter and Sugar, and dish it up.

Other

*Otherways thus :*

Truss your Duck, and boil it in Water with a little Claret, then take some of the broth, and put therein Pistachos blanched, Cows Udder boiled, and sliced Sausages stript out of their skins, White wine, sweet Herbs, large Mace, and boil all these together, till you think they are enough, then add thereto Beet-roots boiled and cut in slices, beat it up with Butter; then carve up the Duck, pouring the sauce on the top of her, and garnish the dish according to your own fancy.

*Duck tame how boiled.*

First parboil your Duck very well, then take strong Mutton broth, a handful of Parsley and an Onion, and chop them all together: put all these into a Pipkin with Endive, pickt and washt Barberries, a Turnip cut in pieces, and parboil'd till the rankness be gone; then put in a little Verjuyce, half a pound of Butter; boil all together, stirring it till it be enough, and serve it up with the Turnip, large Mace, Pepper, and a little Sugar.

*Ano-*

*Another excellent way.*

Having drawn and truss your Duck, lay it in a Pipkin, and cover it with fair Water; put therein six or seven blades of Mace, a good handful of Raifins of the Sun, half a dozen sliced Onions, a good piece of sweet Butter; your Duck being half boiled, add to it four or five pieces of Marrow, so let them continue boiling, till neat near half your broth is consumed; then put in a little Vinegar, garnish your dish with parboil'd Onions and Raifins of the Sun, lay your Duck upon Sippets in your garnish-dish, pouring your broth and Onions on the top of your Duck, scrape on Sugar and serve it up hot to the Table.

*Goose tame boiled.*

Take a Goose and powder him three or four days, then take Oatmeal and steep it in warm milk, and therewith fill the belly of your Goose, having first mingled it with Beef-suet, minced Onions and Apples, seasoned with Cloves, Mace, some sweet Herbs chopped, and Pepper, fasten the neck and vent, then boil it and serve it on Brewis with

## 46. How to Boil or Stew

with Colliflowers, Cabbidge, Turnips and Barberries, then turn it over with beaten Butter.

### Goose Giblets or Swans Gibbets boiled.

Having pick'd and parboil'd your Giblets clean; put them into strong broth with Onions, Currans, Mace and Parsley, and so let them boil all together: being well boil'd with the addition of Pepper, and a faggot of sweet Herbs, put in Verjuyce and Butter.

Or you may put them into a Pipkin with a quart of White wine, half an ounce of Sugar, a good quantity of Barberries, Spinage, a faggot of sweet Herbs, Turnips boil'd, and Carrets sliced, and put into the Pipkin: having boiled very well, take strong broth, Verjuyce, and the yolks of four new laid Eggs, strain them, and put them into the Pipkin.

*Land*

## all sorts of Fowls.

47

Land or Sea fowl how to boil, as a Swan, Hopper, Crane, Wild or tame Goose, Shoveller, Curlew, Hern, Bittern, Duck, Mallard, Widgeon, Teal, Gulls, Pemits, Puffins, Barnacles, Sheldrakes, &c.

I shall begin with the Swan, and accordingly you may boil or stew any of the aforementioned Fowl. You must take your Swan and bone it, leaving only the Legs and wings, then make a farcing of some Beef-suet, Mutton or Venison minced with sweet Herbs, beaten Nutmeg, Pepper, Cloves and Mace, then have some Oysters parboil'd in their own Liquor, and with some raw Eggs commix them with the minced meat, then fill the body of the Fowl and prick it upon the back, then boil it in a Stew-pan, putting thereto strong broth, White wine, Mace, Cloves, Oysters liquor, boil'd Marrow; boil these well together, and have Oysters in the mean time stew'd by themselves with Onions, Mace, Pepper, Butter, and a little White wine: Next have the bottoms of Hartichokes ready boiled, and put to them some beaten Butter and boiled Marrow; dish up your Fowl on some fine carved Sippets,

pets; then broth it, and garnish it with stew'd Oysters, Marrow, Hartichokes, Goosberries, sliced Lemon, Barberries and Mace, let the dish be garnish'd with grated bread and Oysters.

*Land-fowl of any sort how to dress after the Italian fashion.*

Take half a dozen Plover, Partridge, Woodcock or Pigeon, being well cleans'd and trust, put them into a Pipkin with a quart of strong broth, or the same quantity of White wine with half Water, putting thereto some slices of interlarded Bacon; after it boils scum it, and then put in some Mace, Nutmeg, Ginger, Salt, Pepper, Sugar, Currans, some Sack, Raisins of the Sun, Prunes, Sage, Tyme, a little Saffron, and dish them on carved Sippets.

*Land-fowl of the smaller sort, as Ruffs, Brewes, Godwits, Knots, Doterels, Streats, Pewits, Ollines, Gravelens, Ox-eyes, Red-shankes, &c. how to boil.*

Roast any of these Fowl till they are about half enough, sticking some Cloves on the one side of them, preserve the

Gravy

Gravy, then take them and put them into a Pipkin with their own Gravy, some Claret, and as much strong Broth as will cover them, with Mace, Cloves, Pepper, Ginger, fryed Onions, Salt, and a piece of household bread; having stew'd them enough, serve them up on carved Sippets.

*Otherways how to boil small Land-fowl, as Quails, Plovers, Rails, Black-birds, Thrushes, Snites, Wheat-ears, Larks, Sparrows, Martins, &c.*

Take them and cut off their heads and legs, and boil them in strong broth; scum it when it boils, and put in large Mace, White wine, wash'd Currans, Dates, Marrow, Pepper and Salt: having stew'd them sufficiently, dish them on fine carved Sippets, thicken the Broth with strained Almonds, Rosewater and Sugar, and garnish them with Barberries, Lemon and grated Bread, strewed about the brims of the dish.

*Sea-fowl of any sort how to boil.*

Take and boil them in Beef-broth, or Water and Salt, adding thereto Pepper grossly beaten, a bundle of Bay-leaves, Tyme and Rosemary bound up hard together, and boil them with the Fowl; then

D

pre-

prepare some Cabbidge boil'd tender in Water and Salt ; then squeeze the Water from it, and put it in a Pipkin with some strong Broth, Claret-wine, and a couple of big Onions, season it with Salt, Pepper and Mace , with three or four dissolved Anchovies ; stew these together with a ladleful of sweet Butter, and a little White wine Vinegar : Your Cabbidge being on Sippets , and your Goose boil'd enough, lay it thereon with some Cabbidge on the breast thereof, and serve it up. This is the most proper manner of boiling any large Sea-fowl.

If of the smaller sort, half roast them, flash them down the breast, and put them into a Pipkin with the breast downward, add to them three or four Onions with Carrots sliced like lard, some Mace, Pepper and some Salt-butter , Savory , Tyme , some strong broth and White wine, stew it very softly till half the broth be consumed ; then dish it up on Sippets, pouring on the broth.

*Veldifers, Woodcocks and Snites how boiled.*

Take them with their guts in , and boil them in Water and Salt : being boil'd gut them, and chop them small with the Liver,

put

all sorts of flesh.

51

put to it some grated White bread , some of the broth they were boiled in , large Mace, and stew them together with some Gravy, then in Vinegar dissolve the yolks of three Eggs , and a little grated Nutmeg ; when you are about to dish them add the Eggs thereunto, running the sauce over them with some beaten Butter, Capers, Lemon minced, small Barberries or pickled Grapes.

---

Fish, Flesh and Fowl of all sorts ,  
roasted, boiled, frigassied or fryed.

Fish roasted, broiled, frigassied or fryed.

*Cockles frigassied.*

**H**aving boil'd your Cockles out of the shells and cleans'd them well from gravel, then break ten Eggs, and put your Cockles therein with Ginger, Nutmeg and Cinamon , beat them together with some grated bread, with half a pint of Cream ; having made your Butter pretty hot in the Frying-pan, put in your Frigassie, ever and anon supplying the tides of the Pan with

D 2

a little

**Fish, how roasted,**

a little Butter: when it is fryed on the one side, Butter your Plate and turn it, adding some fresh Buttet to your Pan, in with it again, and fry it brown; then dish it up, squeezing some juyce of Lemons thereon, strowing on Ginger and Cinamon. If you have a desire to have it be coloured green, you may do it with the juyce of Spinage, if so, quarter your frigassie.

In like manner you may frigassie Prawns, Periwinkles, or any other small shell-Fish.

*Carp roasted with an excellent Sauce.*

Take a Carp whilst living, draw and wash it, removing the Gall, Milt or Spawn; having so done, make a pudding of Almond Paste, grated Manchet, Currans, Cream, grated Nutmeg, raw yolks of Eggs, Carraway-seed, candied Lemon-Pill, and Salt, make it stiff, and put it through the Gills into the Carps belly. You must roast it in an Oven upon two or three cross sticks over a brafs Pan, turn it and let the Gravy drop into the Pan till roasted enough: put to it, when disht, a sauce made of White wine or Claret, the Gravy of the Carp, a couple of Anchovies dissolved therein, Nutmeg and Manchet grated, beat them up thick with some sweet Butter, and the yolk

**Fryed or Broil'd.**

yolk of an Egg or two, pour this sauce on your Fish.

Otherways you may take a large live Carp, and when it is scaled and drawn, make a little hole in the belly, and with the Pudding aforesaid, force his belly full, then put it on a spit, having stitcht the hole up close: when it is enough dish it on Sippets, adding to the Gravy, which you must carefully save, some Oyster liquor and drawn Butter; your lair ought to be pretty thick: then garnish your dish with small Fish fryed, as Smelts, Roches, Gudgeons, &c. as also some shell-Fish stew'd or fryed.

*Carp broiled.*

Take a full grown Carp, scale it, and scrape off the slime, then wipe it clean, draw it and wash out the blood, then steep it in White wine, Wine-Vinegar, with three or four Cloves of Garlick, large Mace, whole Cloves, gross Pepper, sliced Ginger and Salt; let it steep thus two hours and a half, then put a clear scoured Gridiron on a slow fire, and broil it thereon, baste it with some sweet Sallet Oyl, in which was infused Tyme, Sprigs of Rosemary, Parsley, sweet Majoram, and some few Bay-leaves

Leaves: being broil'd enough, or near upon, boil up the ingredients it was steeped in for sauce, adding thereto some Oyster liquor; then dish it with the Spices on your Carp, and the Herbs round about, then run it over with drawn Butter.

*Conger roasted.*

Take a good large fat Conger, draw, wash it and scrape away the slime, then cut off the Finns, and spit it like a Roman S; after this put some beaten Nutmeg into the belly thereof, with Salt, stript Tyme, and some large Oysters parboil'd, roast it with the skin on, and preserve its Gravy for sauce. You may otherways roast it cut into pieces three inches long, placing Bay-leaves between every piece: when it is near enough, take the Gravy and boil it up with Claret wine, Wine Vinegar, beaten Butter, and a couple of Anchovies dissolved, with two or three slices of Orange.

*Conger broiled.*

Scald a fat Conger, then cut him into pieces, salt and broil it, baste it with Rosemary, Tyme and Savory steeped in Oyl; and when enough, serve it up with the sprigs of those Herbs and Parsley about

it

it in beaten Butter and Vinegar.

*Conger fryed.*

Scald your Conger, and cut off the Fins, then splat it, flower it, and fry it in clarified Butter crisp, sauce it with beaten Butter and Vinegar, juyce of Lemons, garnish it with fryed Parsley, fryed Ellicsanders or Clary in Butter.

*Crabs broil'd.*

After you have boil'd your Crabs in Water and Salt, steep them in Oyl and Vinegar, well incorporated by beating; then put your Gridiron over a soft fire, and put your Crabs thereon; as they broil baste them with Rosemary branches; being broil'd, serve them up with Oyl and Vinegar, or Vinegar and beaten Butter, with the Rosemary Branches they were basted with.

*Crabs frigassi'd.*

Take out all the meat of the body of your Crabs, and breaking the claws, mince the meat thereof into the rest, and add thereto a little Claret wine, some Fennel minced, and a grated Nutmeg; let these boil, then put in a little drawn Butter, Vinegar,

negar, and the yolks of two Eggs ; then put the meat, being enough, into its proper shell, and garnish it round with the small leggs, in the buttering put some Cinnamon and Ginger.

*Crabs fryed.*

Boil some large Crabs, and take the meat out of the great Claws, flowre and fry it, then take the meat out of the body, strain the one half for sauce, and the other reserve for frying, and mix it with grated bread, Almond Paste, Nutmeg and Salt with yolks of Eggs, fry it in clarified Butter, first dipt in Batter ; then let your sauce be beaten Butter with juyce of Orange and grated Nutmeg, beaten up thick with some of the strained meat : Then run it over with beaten Butter, placing the little leggs about the meat, and fryed Parsley round the dish brim.

*Eels roasted, or a Spitch-cock Eel. -*

Make choice of a large Silver Eel, draw it, stey it, and cut it in pieces, somewhat longer than your middle finger ; then spit it on a small spit, placing between every piece a Bay-leaf, or instead thereof you may use Sage-leaves ; spit your pieces cross ways : being throughly roasted, (for other-

wise

wise it is dangerous meat) serve it with Butter beaten up thick, with juyce of Orange or Vinegar and beaten Nutmeg ; otherwise you may dredge it with beaten Carraway seed, Cinnamon, and grated Bread, and serve it up with Venison sauce.

*Eels roasted the best way.*

Strip a good large Silver Eel, and cut it into pieces four inches long ; when you have well dry'd them, put them into a Dish ; then take some Salt and Mace, Nutmeg and a little Pepper beaten small, with a piece of Lemon-pill, two or three Onions and Tyme small minced ; strow these ingredients all made very small on your pieces of Eel with yolks of Eggs, and be sure that you mingle in your seasoning well with your hands ; then spit your Eel cross ways on a small spit, putting a Sage leaf between each piece ; you may chuse whether you will turn them round constantly, letting them stand on the one side till they hiss and grow brown, and then turn the other side to the fire ; save your Gravy in the Dish, wherein the Eel was season'd, baste it with drawn Butter ; then put to your Gravy Claret, minced Oysters, Nutmeg grated, and a pretty big Onion, give it a

walm with a little drawn Butter, and dish up your fish, running your lair over it.

## Eels broil'd.

Splat a large Eel down the back, joyning the back-bone ; being drawn and the blood washed out clean, leave the skin on, cutting it into four equal pieces, Salt them and baste them with Butter, broil them on a soft fire ; being enough, serve them with beaten Butter and juyce of Lemon , with sprigs of Rosemary round about them.

## Eels broil'd after the best fashion.

Let your Fish be very dry, then wash it over with Butter , strowing good store of Salt over that ; having first cut it into several pieces : then having your Gridiron very clean, set it over the fire, till it be exceeding hot, and wash the barrs with Butter ; then put on your Fish upon the Gridiron, with the salted side towards the fire, buttering the upper side ; when you think them enough on the one side , turn them upon the other, basting still the upper side ; the extraordinary seasoning will so bind the Fish that it will not break ; being ready, dish it up with beaten Butter and juyce of Orange.

Ling

## Ling fryed.

Take a Jole of Ling boil'd and cold, and cut it out into pieces about the bigness of your thumb, then make a batter of a very little flower , and eight yolks of Eggs ; your Pan being over the fire with clarified Butter, and very hot, dip your Ling into the batter, and fill your Pan therewith ; or you may fry it without batter, only flowering it, and so fry it in clarified stuff ; being enough, dish it up, and lay on your Ling half a score patched Eggs, then run over the Ling with drawn Butter ; you may Oyl your Ling instead of Butter , if you please.

## Lobsters roasted.

Take your Lobsters and half boil them, then take the meat out of the shells, lard the meat of the claws, tail, and legs with fat salt Eel ; then spit this meat with some salt Eel on a small spit with Sage or Bay-leaves between every piece , stick on the Fish some Cloves with some sprigs of Rosemary : let the barrel of the Lobster be roasted whole , basting them with sweet Butter ; let your sauce be made of Claret wine, the Gravy of the Fish, juyce of Orange,

**Fish, how Roasted,**

range, Anchovies, with some Butter and Nutmeg beaten up thick.

*Lobsters broiled.*

Take the tails of your Lobsters, and split them long-ways into two, then crack your claws and put them over the Gridiron, with the barrel whole salted, baste them with sweet Butter, Tyme, Rosemary, Parsley and Savory ; being enough, serve it up with Butter and Vinegar.

*Lobsters fryed.*

Take out the meat of the barrels, and put thereto some Claret wine, the yolks of two Eggs, a little minced Fennel and grated Nutmeg, then let it boil up with the meat of the tails and claws with drawn Butter and Vinegar ; dish them up on Sippets in Saucers on a plate, garnish them with Fennel and Bay-leaves.

*Lump fryed.*

Take your Lump and fley him, then splat him, and having divided him, cut each side into two pieces, then season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper ; your Pan being hot, fry him with clarified Butter, and dish it up with slices of Oranges, Goosberries,

**Fryed or Broil'd.**

ries, Grapes, Barberries and Butter.

*Lump roasled.*

Take it and fley it, and cleanse it well within ; then season it with Salt, Mace, Pepper and Nutmeg, put into the belly an Onion, and a Bay leaf, roast it and serve it up with beaten Butter and slices of Lemon.

*Mullets fryed.*

Let your Mullets be drawn, scaled, scotched, wash'd clean, and then wiped dry ; having flowered them, fry them in clarified Butter : being enough, dish them and sauce them with Claret, sliced Ginger, grated Nutmeg, Anchovies, Salt and some sweet Butter beaten up thick together, garnish it with slices of Lemon. The largest Mullets are best for boiling, soucing or baking, and the least for frying.

*Mullets broiled.*

Let your Mullets be drawn and cleansed, as above specified, then lay them in a Pan or dish, and put to them some very good Sallet Oyl, Wine Vinegar, Salt, some sprigs of Rosemary, Tyme and Parsley ; then lay on your Gridiron over a soft fire, and being made pretty hot, lay on your Fish, basting it

it with what it was steeped in ; when broil'd enough, dish it up, and sauce it with Anchovies, juyce of Lemon, and Butter beaten up to a thicknes.

*Maids fried.*

Having skin'd your Fish, put them into boiling Water seasoned with Salt ; having lain there a little while, take them out & dry them well with a cloath ; then flowre them, then take half a score Eggs, the yolks only of them, and the whites of three more, some flowre, Nutmeg, Ginger and Salt ; then take a little Parsley boiled green and minced small, and beat all these together with a little Sack till the batter become thick : Having set over your Pan with clarified Butter, and being hot dip in the Maids into your batter, and so fry them brown and crisp ; being enough, dish them up with Butter, Nutmeg, Vinegar, and the Livers of the Fish beaten together ; then take a pretty quantity of Parsley, and fry it crisp and green, and strow it all over your Fish.

*Muscles fried.*

Put your Muscles into a Kettle, in which there is as much boiling Water as will co-

ver them ; being enough, take them up and beard them ; then wash them in warm water, wipe them dry and flowre them ; being fryed crisp, dish them up with Butter, beaten up with the juyce of Lemon and Parsley, strowed over them, fryed crisp and green.

*Oysters roasted.*

Make choice of your largest Oysters for roasting, which you must first open, and then parboil them in their own liquor : after this wash them clean in some warm Water ; wipe them dry, and let them cool ; then take some very fine Lard, and lard each Oyster therewith ; then spit them on a couple of skuers, strowing on them some Nutmeg, Cloves and Pepper beaten very small ; bind these skuers to a spit and so roast them, basting them with Anchovie sauce, and some of their own liquor : being roasted enough, bread them with a crust of a Manchet grated, and dish them with Gravy, the fat whereof you must blow off, unto which add the juyce of Oranges or Lemons.

*Oysters broil'd an excellent way.*

Open some large Oysters, and put them in

in a dish with some minced Tyme, Nutmeg and bread grated, and a little Salt ; then chuse your largest bottom Oyster shells, and put therein two or three Oysters, adding to them a little Butter ; then place these shells on a Gridiron, suffering them thereon to boil till the lower side be brown, supplying it still with melted Butter : when they are enough, put into each shell a little Claret, grated Nutmeg, a little of their own liquor, minced Tyme with grated bread, and let them boil again ; then with some drawn Butter dish them up. Scollop-shells are much better than their own to broil them in.

*Another very good way to broil Oysters.*

Take a quart of large Oysters opened and parboil'd in their own liquor, then pour them into a Cullender, saving the liquor, then wash them very clean in warm Water ; after that wipe them dry, beard them and put them into a Pipkin with large Mace, a large Onion, a little Butter, some of their own liquor, White wine, Wine-Vinegar and Salt : having stew'd them well, set some large Oyster shells or Scallops shells over a Gridiron, putting into each shell, as many Oysters as it will well

well nigh contain with some of the stewed liquor ; let the fire on which they are broil'd be soft ; when they are enough, fill the shells with drawn Butter, and so serve them up.

*Oysters fried.*

Take a pottle of large Oysters well cleans'd and parboil'd in their own liquor, then dry them and flowre them, and fry them in clarified Butter ; or you may first dip them in a batter made of Eggs, Flowre, and Cream, seasoned with a little Salt : Whilst these are frying, have in readiness some butter'd Prawns or Shrimps stew'd in Cream and sweet Butter, and lay these at the bottom of your Dish, laying your Oysters fried crisp round about them ; run them all over with juyce of Oranges, and beaten Butter ; with slices of Lemon on the top of all.

*Pike roasted.*

Season very well your Pike with Salt, and then lard him all over with pickle Herring ; then season him again with beaten Pepper, Nutmeg, and some minced Tyme ; then tye him with packthread to your spit, not turning him constantly round

round, but letting some times the back stand towards the fire, sometimes the sides; then dissolve a couple of Anchovies in Butter, and baste it therewith; after it is half roasted, take a stick of Oysters, with a Bay-leaf betwixt each and put to it; if you roast a couple of Pikes, as that you may do by tying one to the one side of the spit, and the other to the other side, then you must have a couple of sticks of Oysters, placing a dish under them to save the Gravy, putting thereto some Claret, Oyster liquor, minced Tyme, and a grated Nutmeg; your Oysters being roasted, draw them into the Dish withdrawing the Bay leaves, adding thereto an Onion cut into slices; then dish up your Pike or Pikes with the back or brown side upwards; then put a ladleful of drawn Butter to your lair and Oysters, and pour it over your Pikes, garnishing them with Lemons; the best and surest way is to put your Pike in a Dish and bake it, and the same form you put him in, shift him into your dish you send him up in, and so lair him as before.

*Pike fried.*

Take a Pike, scald and splat him, hack the inside with a knife, and it will be ribbed,

ribbed, then wipe him dry, flowre him and fry him in clarified Butter, a little Tyme, then take him up, wipe the Pan, and put him in again with Claret, sliced Ginger, Nutmeg, two Anchovies, Salt and Saffron beaten very well, then fry him till this last liquor be half consumed; then put in some sweet Butter, shake it well, and dish it up with sliced Oranges or Lemon: you may rub the bottom of the Dish with a clove of Garlick, if you like it.

*Pike broiled.*

Being drawn and wash'd clean, dry it and put it into a Dish with good Sallet Oyl, Wine Vinegar and Salt, there let it steep a little while; then put on your Gridiron and broil your Pike over a soft fire, turn it and baste it often with sprigs of Rosemary, Parsley and Tyme, out of the dish wherein it was steeped; the Pike being broil'd, take the steeping and warm it on the coals, and pour it on your Fish, laying the Herbs round the Dish with slices of Oranges.

*Pilchards, Herrings or Sprats broiled.*

Gill, wash and dry them, season them with Salt, then broil them over a soft fire, and baste them with Butter; being enough, serve

serve them up with beaten Butter, Mustard and Pepper: or, you may sauce them with the juice of their own heads squeez'd between two Trenchers with some Beer and Salt.

*Plaice or Flounders broiled.*

Having drawn, wash'd and dried, then scotch them on both sides, and broil them, let your lair be Butter and Vinegar: You may add to them in the same dish Salmon-peels, or indifferent big Trout's split; if you place the outside uppermost, each Fish will seem double, if the other side upmost, it will appear of a lovely yellow; let your lair be a ladleful of drawn Butter, a little Vinegar, and some grated Nutmeg; a top strow Parsley fryed crisp and green.

*Plaice or Flounders frigassi'd.*

You must take out the bone in the first place, by running your knife all along up on the backside of your Fish, raising the Flesh on both sides from head to tail; then cut each Fish into three or four collops according to their bigness; dry it well, and corn it with a little Salt, then flowre it, and the Pan, put in your Fish-collops; when

*Fryed or Broil'd.*

almost ready, take it up and set it by the fire, or in some hot place till you have cleans'd your Pan, then put therein a ladleful of Butter, some White wine and Oyster liquor; it will not be amiss to take the meat of two or three Crabs, and put therein with your Flounder-Collops or Plaice, as also some whole and some minced Oysters, some Tyme minced, a Nutmeg grated, two or three Anchovies; let all these stew in a Pan, not putting in your Collops till these last mentioned ingredients have stewed a pretty while; then dish them on Sippets, and run them over with your lair; let your garnish be slices of Oranges, and the yolks of hard Eggs chopped small: in this manner you may dress any solid or hard Fish, as Mullets, Pike, Bace, Bream, &c.

*Salmon roasted whole.*

Let your Salmon be drawn at the Gills, then scale it and cleanse it from blood and lime, then lard it with a fat salt Eel, put into his belly some sweet Herbs whole, and fill it up with stew'd Oysters that are large, and some Nutmeg mingle therewith, not forgetting to put in therewith an Onion, and a little Garlick; then place your Salt-

**Fish, how Roasted,**

Salmon in a Pan upon sticks laid a croſſ, and put it into an Over with ſome Claret wine in your Pan with Anchovies diſſolved therein; as it drops baste it with Butter, and the liquor that is in the Pan: when it is enough, take what is in the Pan and boil it up with Pepper, Nutmeg, Rosemary and Bays; blowing off the fat, beat it up thick with Butter: having laid your Salmon in a very large dish, rip up his belly, and take away the Herbs, drawing out one half of the Oysters into the dish, then pour on your ſauce and ſerve it up.

*Salmon in pieces roaſted.*

Take a Jole or Side of Salmon; if the first, cut it into three or four pieces, if the other, into half a dozen pieces; ſeafon each piece with Salt, Nutmeg, and a little Cinammon; then ſtick them with a few Cloves, and ſpit them on a ſmall broach, laying between every piece a Bay leaf, ſticking here and there ſome ſprigs of Rosemary; as it roaſts baste it with Butter. Let your ſauce be the Gravy of the Salmon, Butter, juyc of Oranges, Cinammon, and Sugar; beat up the ſauce indiſſeſt, and garniſh the Dish with grated Bread and ſlices of Lemons.

*Sal-***Fryed or Broil'd.***Salmon frigaff'd.*

Take a piece of fresh Salmon, it matters not whether the middle piece or tail, and cut it into the length and thickness of your fore-finger; then take ſome ſweet Herbs with Parsley and a little Fennel, and mince them very ſmall; then take ſome Salt, Mace, Nutmeg, Ginger, Cloves, all beaten together, and put them to your Salmon, with the yolks of half a ſcore Eggs, and commix these very well together; in the mean time get your Pan in readineſs full of clarifièd ſtuff and very hot, then with all imaginable expedition ſcatter your Fish with its appurtenances, and be ſure that you keep it from frying in lumps; when it is three quarters fryed, pour away your liquor from it, and in its room put in ſome Oyster liquor, ſome White wine, ſome large Oysters, a couple of Anchovies, a large Onion, Nutmeg and minced Tyme: being ready, dish it, and pour thereon the yolks of four Eggs, beaten with ſome of the aforesaid liquor, and run it over with drawn Butter, garniſh it with Oysters, and ſerve it up on Sippets.

*Sal-*

*Salmon fryed.*

Take a chine of Salmon, and cut it into pieces, flowre it and fry it crisp and brown in clarified Butter, then take a little Claret, grated Nutmég, some sweet Butter, Oyster liquor and White wine Vinegar; these must be stewed a little while together; then dish up your Salmon, and pour on this sauce: having in readines Parsley fryed green, or Ellicsanders and Sage leaves fryed in Batter, garnish it with quarter'd Oranges round the dish, with some fryed greens.

*Salmon broiled.*

Take any part of the Salmon, whether jole or chine, and lay it a steep in Claret and Wine Vinegar, wherein you must put some whole Cloves, a little large Mace, a clove of Garlick, gross Pepper, sliced Ginger, and a little Salt; let it steep herein an hour and a half, then broil it over a soft fire, basting it with Butter, sprigs of Rosemary, sweet Marjoram, Parsley, Tyme, and a few Bay-leaves: when it is near upon broil'd, take the liquor wherein it was steeped, and boil it up with Oyster liquor, then dish up your Fish, and pour

pour your lair thereon, laying the Herbs advantageously about it.

*Soals roast.*

Take your Soals and draw them, then skin them and dry them, then take sweet Marjoram, Tyme, Winter-Savory, and a sprig of Rosemary, and mince these small, add hereunto some Salt and grated Nutmeg, and season your Soals therewith moderately; then lard your Soals with a fat fresh Eel, and after this steep them an hour in White wine, and Anchovies therein dissolved; then take them up, and upon a small spit roast them, put the dish; wherein they were steeped, under them, baste them with Butter, and being enough, boil up the Gravy, and what it dropt into; then dish them, and pour this lair upon them, laying on some slices of Lemon.

*Sturgeon roast.*

Take a jole of fresh Sturgeon, wipe it dry, and cut it into pieces as big as a Turkey's Eggs, season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, stick each piece with two or three sprigs of Rosemary, and a Clove or two; in the spitting, put between every piece a Sage or Bay leaf, baste them

E with

with Butter ; when enough, serve it up with Venison sauce or its own Gravy, Butter, juyce of Orange and Nutmeg, all beaten up together.

*Sturgeon broil'd.*

Take a Rand or Jole that is fresh, salt it and steep it in good Sallet Oyl and White wine Vinegar about an hour, then put it over a soft fire, and baste it with what it was steeped in, with branches of Tyme and Rosemary : being ready, serve it up with some of that it was basted with, and some of the Rosemary ; or you may take for sauce Butter and Vinegar beaten up with slices of Lemons.

*Sturgeon fryed.*

Take a Jole of fresh Sturgeon, and cut it into fine slices of an indifferent thickness, take your knife and hack it, that it may look as if it were ribbed, when it is fryed ; let your Pan with clarified stuff be hot before you put it in : being half fryed take it up, and cleansing your Pan, put it in again with some White wine, beaten Saffron, Salt and an Anchovy : having fryed it a while, put in some Butter, grated Nutmeg, minced Lemon, and grated Gin-

ger,

*Fryed or Broil'd.*

ger, then rub your dishes bottom with a little Garlick and serve it up.

*Turburt and Holyburt fryed.*

Cut your Turburt into slices about two inches thick, hack it with the back of your knife, then fry it in clarified Butter (having first flowered it) till it be brown or half ready ; then take it up, cleanse your Pan, and in with it again, with White wine, Anchovies, Nutmeg, Salt, Ginger, and beaten Saffron ; fry it thus a while, and then put in some Butter, serve it up with slices of Lemon.

I should now according to my foregoing method give you an account how Turburt is to be roasted and broil'd : but because it is in all respects so done as fresh Sturgeon, I shall desist here, and refer you to the forementioned Heads or Titles.

*Shrimps, Prawns, Periwinkles and Craw-fish frigassied.*

These you must first uncase, or take the meat out of the shells, which you must put into a dish with a pint of Claret, an Onion sliced small, a couple of Anchovies, with a faggot of sweet Herbs : stew these a little while over a chafing-dish of coals

**Flesh, how roasted,**

with Ginger and Nutmeg ; then put them into a Pan, with the yolk of an Egg, Vinegar and Butter, and giving them a toss or two, serve them up on Sippets.

*Scallops broiled.*

Put your Scallops over a Gridiron, then wash the meat in warm Water ; being out of the shells, slice it and season it with Cinnamon, Nutmeg and Ginger ; then put thereof into each particular shell with some Butter, grated Bread, and a little Vinegar ; when they are enough, serve them up in their shells on Plates.

**Flesh Roasted, Broiled, Frigassied and Fryed.***Brawn broil'd.*

Take a Coller of Brawn, and cut from it seven or eight thin round slices, lay this on a Plate, and put into an Oven ; when it is enough, serve it with juyce of Orange, Pepper, Gravy and beaten Butter.

*Bacon broil'd.*

Make a sheet of Paper into the fashion of a dripping-Pan, then take some interlarded Bacon and cut it into very thin slices taking off the rind : lay this Bacon in your paper, and put it over the fire upon a Gridiron, if the fire be not too hot, it will broil very cleanly.

*Calves head broiled.*

Having taken out the brains and cleansed the head, boil it very white ; then take it up and scotch it with your knife, salt it and baste it with Butter : when it begins to look brown, baste again and bread it, and having made a sauce of Gravy, beaten Butter, chopt Capers, and a little Nutmeg grated, serve it up with the brains on a plate, which you must boil apart from the head with sweet Herbs chopt small, as Sage, sweet Marjoram and Tyme.

*Calves feet or Trotters fryed.*

Take a handful of young Parsley, and shred it very small : put it into four or five raw Eggs, and beat them together ; then take a little Nutmeg, Sugar, a corn or two of Pepper and Salt, and season it therewith.

Having boiled your feet tender, slit them in halves, and rowl them in Parsley and Egg: your frying-Pan being charg'd with clarified Butter, and very hot withal put in your feet, they will be presently done, which you shall know when the side that lyes downwards looks yellow, then turn them; by that time they are enough, have in readiness Parsley boil'd very tender, and beat it till it be as soft, as the pulp of a roasted Apple, then put to it a quarter of a pint of Vinegar, two spoonfuls of Sugar, and a little sweet Butter, heat it well, and pour it over the feet, then scrape on some Sugar, and so serve it up.

*Calves head roasted with Oysters.*

Slit the Calves head, as (customary) to boil, and take out the brain and the tongue, and parboil them both, & blanch the tongue, then mince them with a little Sage, a few Oysters and Beef-suet or Marrow; then put to these four or five yolks of Eggs, beaten Ginger, Pepper, Nutmeg, grated Bread and Salt. Having a little parboil'd your head, dry it in a cloth, and fill the mouth and skull with these ingredients; then stuff it with Oysters and spit it; as it roasts preserve the Gravy in the Pan, in-

to

to which you must put a few Oysters, sweet Herbs minced, some White wine, and a little Nutmeg: when the head is enough, pour out the liquor into a clean dish, and set it over a Chafing-dish of coals, adding to the aforesaid materials, a little Butter, the juyce of a Lemon, and some Salt, beat these up thick together, and so dish your head and serve it up.

*Calves feet roasted.*

Blanch your feet, after you have boil'd them very tender; let them stand till they are cold, then lard them thick with small lard: having so done, roast them on a small spit; being enough, take Butter, Vinegar, Sugar and Cinamon, & beating them up thick, pour it on your feet, and so serve them up.

*Calves feet or Sheeps trotters roasted, after the most approved manner.*

Having boil'd the feet tender split them, removing the hair, which is usually about the toes of the Trotters; let your seasoning be small Pepper, Mace, Cloves, Salt and Nutmeg beaten; then take several sorts of sweet Herbs, and pound them well; having so done, take a dozen yolks of Eggs, with a very little Water and Flowre, and

E 4.

beat.

beat all these together into a batter; your pan being ready hot with good store of clarified Butter, dip in your feet into the batter, and lay them into the Pan; fry them not too fast, and add to them some strong broth, Vinegar and Sugar, and so let them stew a while; then dish them up with drawn Butter, and the yolk of an Egg well beaten on Sippets; running the juyce of an Orange over them.

*Deer red bow to roast.*

Take a Haunch or half thereof, lard it with small Lard, or stick it pretty thick with Cloves, parboiling your Venison before you spit it, and then roast it.

*Fillet or leg of Veal roasted.*

Take Beef-suet or Marrow, the yolks of four raw Eggs, a little Nutmeg and some Salt, and mingle these together, then take a Fillet of Veal and stuff it here-with very thick, then roast it, preserve the gravy to make the sauce: having blown off the fat, put to it the juyce of three Oranges, and giving it a walm or two, pour in your sauce and dish it up.

*Hare*

*Hare roasted.*

Having larded your Hare with small Lard, and stuck him with Cloves pretty thick, then make a Pudding of grated Bread, Currans, Eggs, Sugar, grated Nutmeg, beaten Cinamon, and a little Salt; you may do well to add some sweet Cream: with this Pudding made pretty stiff, stuff the Hares belly and roast her: Venison sauce is as proper as any whatever; but for variety you may take Nutmeg, Ginger, beaten Cinamon, boil'd Prunes, Pepper and Currans strained, Bread grated, Sugar and Cloves, all which you must boil together, till they are as thick almost as Custard..

Some will roast a Hare with the skin on, making a stuffing of all manner of sweet Herbs, minced very small, and wrapt up in Butter made into a Ball: this they put into the Hares belly, pricking it up very close; all the while it is roasting with the skin on it, it must be basted with Butter: being almost enough, then strip the skin off, and stick Cloves on his back and sides, bread it very well with grated Manchet, Flowre and Cinamon, then froth it up and dish it: the usual sauce is Claret.

**Flesh, how Roasted,**

wine, Vinegar, Sugar, Cinnamon, Ginger, boil'd up to a moderate thickness.

*Legs of Pork broil'd.*

Having skin'd part of the Fillet, cut it into thin slices, and hack it with the back of your knife; then take some Pepper and Salt, and mingle them with Tyme and Sage minced extraordinary small; having season'd your Colllops herewith, put them on a Gridiron: being enough, dish them up, and sauce them with drawn Butter, Vinegar, Mustard and Sugar.

*Lambs head roasted.*

Take two or three Lambs heads, and having cleans'd them by soaking them in several waters, and taking out the brains, fill the head with a pudding or what farcing you shall like best; your Lambs heads being almost roasted, put on as many Lambs tongues with as many sticks of Oysters as you have heads, let your tongues be parboil'd, blancht and larded, and with your tongues and Oysters have Sweet-breads amongst them; then having some Gravy drawn with Claret wine, put to it two Onions, a faggot of sweet Herbs, a couple of Anchovies, and a large Nutmeg: your

**Fryed or Boil'd.**

your Tongues being thoroughly roasted, slit them and put them into your Wine and Gravy, drawing your Sweet-breads and Oysters at the same time; then dish up your heads on Sippets well soaked in strong Broth, then lay the sides of your Tongues about the Heads by the sides of your Dish, placing your Oysters and Sweet-breads all over your Tongues and Heads; then pour on your lair with a ladleful of drawn Butter, and serve them up.

*Lamb or Kid whole how to roast.*

Take the Head of your Lamb and prick it backwards over the shoulder, tying it down; then lard it with Bacon, and draw it with Tyme and Lemon-pill: this being done, make your farcing or pudding of grated Bread, sweet Herbs, Beef-suet, some Flowre, some forced meat minced small; then season it with Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Cinnamon and Salt, with some grated Nutmeg; add hereunto the yolks of four Eggs; and some sweet Cream, then wrap this composition in the Caul of the Lamb, and stuff the belly thereof with it, and then prick it up close; when it is roasted enough, serve it up with Venison sauce.

*Leverets and Rabbits roasted.*

In the casing your Leverets, cut not off neither their ears nor hinder legs, but harl one leg through the other, and cut a hole in one ear to contain the other; in this manner roast your Leveret; while it is roasting, make your sauce with Winter-Savory, sweet Majoram, Tyme and Parsley minced very small, mince also some yolks of hard Eggs, the Liver of the Leveret parboil'd with some Bacon and Beef-suet, boil these up well in a strong Broth and Vinegar: being boiled, put thereunto drawn Butter, some Sugar and a grated Nutmeg, dish up your Leverets on this sauce with slices of Lemon.

*Mutton, a shoulder roasted the best way with Oysters.*

Take a quart of large Oysters, and parboil them in their own liquor; having drain'd the liquor from them, wash them in White wine, then dry them and season them with Salt and Nutmeg, stuff the shoulder very thick with these, and lard it here and there with Anchovies: being at the fire, baste it with Claret wine; then take the bottoms of eight Hartichokes boiled

boiled very tender, and cleared from their strings, put these into beaten Butter, with the Marrow of as many Marrow-bones; then set them by the fire, that they may not cool, putting to them the Gravy of the Mutton, some Salt and sliced Nutmeg, with the juyce of two Lemons, and about a pint of great Oysters, being first parboil'd; your Mutton being roasted, dish it up, having added to your sauce an Anchovy, some White wine, a whole Onion, stript Tyme, and all boil'd up together. Let your Mutton lye in the middle of the dish, placing your Hartichokes round the dish brims, putting the Marrow and Oysters on the Hartichokes bottoms, with some sliced Lemon on the Mutton, and thus serve it.

*Mutton, shoulder roasted without Oysters.*

Whilst your shoulder of Mutton is roasting, make ready your sauce in this manner: take the Gravy, Claret wine, grated Nutmeg, Pepper, sliced Lemon, and Broom-buds, put these in a Pipkin together with a little Salt, let them stew a little while together, then dish up your Mutton, and pour in the sauce into the Dish, garnish it with Barberries and sliced Lemon.

Mutton is a common sort of Flesh among the

the English, and because generally fed on in Noblemen's houses, as well as in those of mean degree, there are found out many ways of dressing the several joyns which belong to the sheep; fearing I shall be too prolix, if I begin to treat thereof, I will wave and give you a short account of what sauces are most used and esteemed for Mutton.

Some are for Gravy, Samphire, Capers and Salt stew'd together; others are for Oyster liquor and Gravy boil'd together, with Eggs, Verjuyce, juice of Orange, and slices of Lemon all over: A third sort are for Onions chopped with sweet Herbs, Vinegar, Gravy and Salt boil'd together: A fourth is only for Parsley chopped and mingled with Vinegar: A fifth is for Verjuyce, Butter, Sugar, Gravy with minced Parsley, or pickled Capers and Gravy, or Samphire cut an inch long and Gravy, or Onions, Oyster liquor, Claret, Capers pickled, Cucumbers, Broom-buds, Gravy, Nutmeg and Salt boiled together. Lastly, whole Onions stew'd in Gravy, White wine, with Pepper, Capers, Mace and slices of Lemon; or Water, Claret, sliced Nutmeg and Gravy boiled up together.

Mutton

*Mutton, a Jegget how to roast.*

Some may be ignorant what a Jegget of Mutton is, for their information it is a Leg with half the Loin cut to it; you must roast it thus: draw it with Tyme and Lemon-pill; be sure to save the Gravy that proceeds from it, and put thereto a couple of cut Onions, two or three Anchovies, and a pretty quantity of Elder Vinegar; after these have boiled together a little while, put to it some minced Capers and Samphire, with a Nutmeg sliced, adding your Gravy and some Oyster liquor. This is a sauce for any joyn of Mutton.

*Neats tongue roasted.*

After you have boiled and blanched your Tongue, set it by; and when it is cold, cut a hole in the butt-end thereof, and mince the meat you take from thence, with some sweet Herbs finely minced therewith, the yolks of Eggs sliced, some Pippins and Beef-suet chopt very small, some Salt and beaten Ginger; having fill'd the hole of your Tongue with these materials, stop it with a Caul of Veal, lard it with small Lard, and roast it: for your sauce you must have Butter, Gravy, juice of Orange or

**flesh, how Roasted,**

or Lemon, and some grated Nutmeg, garnish it with sliced Lemon-pill and Barberries.

*Neats Tongue and Udder roasted otherways.*

Take your Tongue and Udder and parboil them well, then blanch the Tongue, and lard them both with great Lard; but first you must remember to season them with Pepper, Nutmeg, Ginger and Cinamom, then roast them and baste them with Butter; and when they are almost roasted bread them with grated Bread, or dress them with Flowre, mingling therewith some of the forenam'd spices beaten small; dish them up with a little Butter, Gravy, Juyce of Orange, Sugar and slices of Lemon.

*Neats Tongues and Udders frigaff'd.*

Take your Tongue and Udder, and boil them till they be enough; then with your knife, cut them into slices, beginning at the butt-end, and ending within three inches of the tip or small end, which you must cut length-ways for Sippets; then take a handful of several sorts of sweet Herbs, as Tyme, Winter-Savory, &c. mince them very small, and put them to the Tongue and Udder; to these add the yolks of eight Eggs; and so commix all these together: having so done, fry them in clarified Butter,

**fryed or Roast'd.**

ter, then turn them out into a stew-Pan, and set it over the fire with White wine, Sugar, Ginger, beaten Cinamom, a little Vinegar, a sprig or two of Rosemary, a handful of Bread grated; as it boils up, put into it a ladleful of drawn Butter, then serve it up with the slices of your tips and small end of Tongue and Udder; after this run your lair all over it.

*Neats feet frigaffied.*

First boil, and then blanch them, split them, and fry them in clarified Butter, or you may bone them, and fry them in Butter, strong Broth and Salt; having fried a while, put into the Pan some green Chibbolds and minced Parsley, some beaten Pepper, Tyme and Spearmint chopt very small; when almost enough, make a sauce of the yolks of half a dozen Eggs dissolved in Vinegar, some Mutton Gravy, a little Nutmeg with the juyce of Oranges or Lemons; after this manner dish them up.

*Neats feet roasted.*

Your Neats feet must be first boiled and blanched, and when they are cold lard them, and make them fast to a small spit, baste them with Butter, Vinegar, Sugar, and a little Nutmeg; being enough, have in ready-

readiness a sauce made of Claret, White wine Vinegar, and toasts of brown wheaten Bread strained with the Wine through the Strainer; then add thereto Ginger and beaten Cinnamon, a few whole Cloves, put all into a Pipkin, and stir it with a branch of Rosemary till it be reasonably thick.

*Oxe-Pallets, &c. roasted after an incomparable manner.*

Take Oxe-Pallets, Lambstones, Cox-combs and the stones, parboil these and blanch them; then take half a dozen Rails, Snites, Quails, Ox-eyes or Larks, and make them ready for the Spit; having got in readiness interlarded Bacon, Sage, &c. draw on a Bird upon your small spit, then a slice of interlarded Bacon, and a Bay-leaf, then Lambstones, Cox-combs and Stones with some large Oysters larded, then Bacon and a Sage leaf, then a Bird, and so on till you have spitted all the Birds; then take the yolks of three Eggs, fine grated Manchet, Salt, Nutmeg, Tyme and Rosemary minced very small, and with this baste your spitted composition, as soon as you find them begin to roast: in the meantime get the bottoms of Hartichokes boil'd and quater'd, and dip them with Marrow into

into Batter, and so fry them: the roast being enough, rub the bottom of your Dish with Garlick, then place your Birds in the middle, place the Pallets by themselves, Lambstones by themselves, the Combs, Stones and Sweet-breads apart by themselves; and lastly, the Hartichokes and Marrow distinct from the rest: let your sauce be Butter, Anchovies, sliced Onion, Salt, Oyster liquor, Nutmeg, Gravy and White wine, set a little over the fire, pour this on, and serve it up, garnish'd with sliced Lemon.

*Pig roasted with the skin off.*

Take a Pig that's newly kill'd, and being drawn fley him, then wipe him very dry with a cloth; lay him aside and make a hard meat with grated Bread, half a dozen yolks of Eggs, Cream, minced Tyme, Beef-suet, Salt, Cloves and Mace beaten; with this Pudding made pretty stiff, stuff the belly of your Pig, and skuer it up close, and sticking it full with sprigs of Tyme, lay it down to the fire, with a Dish under it, in which is Claret wine, Tyme, a sliced Nutmeg, a little Vinegar and Salt; as it roasts, baste the Pig herewith; being enough, froth it up with Butter: then take the

the sauce into which it dropt, and putting thereto a large piece of Butter with some minced Lemon, beat it up thick, and dish your Pig therein.

*Pig roasted with the hair on.*

Having drawn your Pig very clean at vent, taking out his guts, Liver and Lights, wipe him well, cutting off his feet and truss him, and prick up the belly; being laid to the fire, be careful of scorching him; when you perceive the skin to rise up in blisters, pull off the skin and hair, having clear'd him of both, scotch him down the back, and baste him with Butter and Cream; then take Currans, Salt, Sugar and grated Bread mingled together, and dredge him therewith, continuing so to do till he is breaded above half an inch thick: being roasted enough, serve it up with sauce made of Vinegar, whole Cloves, whole Cinnamon, and Sugar boil'd up to a consistency.

*Pig roasted after the usual English fashion.*

Having scalded your Pig, clear him very well from hairs, and wash him clean, then put Sage and some household Bread into his belly, prick it up and roast him; baste him

at

at first with some Butter and Salt, but quickly wipe it off, keeping him continually rub before a quick fire; being almost ready, baste him very well, and then throw on him a great deal of Salt, turning him backwards and forwards before the fire, which will make his crackling very crisp. For the sauce let there be Sage minced small, with Currans well boil'd in Vinegar and Water, add thereunto the Gravy of the Pig, a little grated Bread, the Brains, some Barberries and Sugar; give these a walm or two, and serve the Pig on this sauce with some beaten Butter.

*Rabbets frigassied.*

Let your Rabbets be very well parboil'd, then cut them in halves or quarters, flowre them, and put them into your Pan with sweet Butter, let them fry moderately; then get your lair ready made of the yolks of five Eggs well beaten, with half a pint of White wine and strong Broth, a grated Nutmeg, and a handful of Parsley boil'd up green, and chopt small with a little Sugar; you may put thereto some roasted Potatoes or Hartichokes bottoms sliced, let these be put into the Pan with your Rabbets, and keep them shaking over the

the fire until it be ready to boil ; then dish your Rabbets on Sippets, and pour on your lair as thick as drawn Butter, garnish it with Lemon, Barberries, and boiled Parsley.

*Scotch Collops fryed or broiled made of Mutton.*

Take the bone out of a Leg of Mutton, and slice it into very thin slices, cross the grain of the meat ; then beat them or hack them with the back of a knife, then fry them in very good Butter, salting them before you put them into the Pan ; being fryed, put to them grated Nutmeg, juyce of Orange, Gravy and a little Claret ; give it a walm, dish it up and run beaten Butter over it.

Or having boned your Mutton, cut your Collops round the Leg as thick as a trencher, hack them, season them with Salt, and broil them on a clear Charcoal-fire, broil them up quick and turn them ; being enough, sauce them with Gravy, juyce of Orange, Nutmeg and Capers.

*Scotch-Collops of Veal.*

Take a Leg of Veal, and take out the bone, then cut it into thin slices, knock them

them with the back of a cleaver, season them lightly with Salt, and take Lard of an inch long, and draw through every piece : having so done, fry them in clarified stuff, or rather in good sweet Butter : being near upon ready, make a sauce of Claret, and Anchovy, some Mutton Gravy, and let it stand a very little on the fire, then rub your dish with Garlick, lay in your meat and pour your sauce thereon, garnish it with slices of Lemon.

*Sheeps Tongues, Deers Tongues, or Calves Tongues fryed.*

Boil your Tongues and peel them, then cut them into thin slices, and put them into the yolks of half a dozen Eggs beaten with Nutmeg, Sugar, Salt and Cinamon, with a handful of Currans ; neither will it be irrequisite to add the core of a Lemon cut into square pieces ; let your Pan be just ready, as you have done this last, and put these ingredients into the Pan by spoonfuls : being fryed (but have a care of the least burning, for that will spoil all.) serve them on Sippets, with sauce made of Sack, sweet Butter and Sugar, and serve it hot, Scraping on Sugar.

*Steaks of Pork broiled.*

Take a Loin of Pork, and take off the skin, then cut the leaner flesh into thin slices; then take a Rowling-pin, and beat them as thin and as broad as you can; then laying them on the dresser spread a-broad, strow on them some Salt and Sage minced very small, and put them on your Gridiron, then season the other side as the former: when they are enough, dish them up on drawn Butter, Vinegar and Mustard with a little Sugar.

*Veal, the breast roasted with a Pudding in it.*

Take a knife and open the lower end of your Breast of Veal close between the skin and the ribs; then take some Veal and mince it small, with Tyme and fat Bacon chopped small, some beaten Cloves and Mace, Salt, and four yolks of Eggs, mingle these well together, and fill your Breast therewith, skuering it up, lay it to the fire, save the Gravy, and beat it up with Butter, and the juyce of Oranges for sauce.

You may make your Pudding thus: Otherways take three or four yolks of Eggs, some grated White-bread, Currans clean

picked

picked and well washed, Cream, Rose-water, Cloves and Mace finely beaten, a little Saffron, Salt, Beef-suet chopped small, sliced Dates and Sugar, make it up pretty stiff, and fill the breast therewith.

*Veal, a chine or neck roasted.*

Draw your joynts with Tyme, spit either one or other, and lay it to the fire; then take some great Oysters parboil'd, and put to them Parsley, Tyme, and Winter-Savory minced small, with the yolks of four Eggs boiled hard and minced small; then take Bacon and cut it into slices four square, and somewhat bigger than your Oysters; then have in a readiness two square Rods about the bigness of your little finger, and spit thereon a piece of Bacon, and then an Oyster so long, till you have spitted all your Oysters and Bacon, then tye these rods on your Veal; when it is about three quarters roasted, set under your roast a Dish with some Claret, minced Tyme, and a Nutmeg grated: your Veal being ready, cut off your rods, and slip your Bacon and Oysters into the Wine, putting them into a Pipkin with the yolk of an Egg, and let them boil up thick with drawn Butter; pour this lair all over

F

your

your Veal, and serve it up: Thus you may roast a Fillet or Leg.

*Veal Olives how roasted.*

Take a Fillet of Veal, and cut from thence large Colllops, and hack them or beat them with the back of your chopping knife or rowling-pin; season them with Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace and Salt; then take some sweet Herbs and Beef-suet, and mince them very small; add to them the yolks of six Eggs; then spread your Colllops, and strow on your farcing, rowling them up very close; now spit them and roast them; prepare your sauce against they be ready, made of the Gravy, that drops from them, some Claret wine, strong Broth and sweet Butter beaten up to a reasonable thickness.

*Veal, Fillet farced and roasted.*

Take Tyme, Winter-Savory, sweet Majoram and Beef-suet; and then mince them very small; beat some Cloves and Mace, adding to what is abovenamed, Salt, grated Bread, four or five Dates cut small, and a handful of Pine kernels blanched; mix all these together with Verjuyce, and the yolk of an Egg: having so done, make little

holes

holes in your Veal, and stuff it herewith very thick, then roast it well: the sauce must be Butter, Vinegar, Sugar, Cinamon and Ginger beaten, work your sauce up thick, then dishing your Veal, pour on your sauce and garnish it with slices of Orange.

*Veal, a Chine broiled.*

Cut your Veal into four or five pieces, you may either lard it or let it alone; but if you do, let the Lard be small, then season each piece with Salt; then broil them on a Gridiron over a soft fire with some branches of Sage and Rosemary between the Chine and the Gridiron; being broiled, sauce it with Gravy, Butter, and juyce of Orange beaten up thick.

*Venison that is fat, how to broil.*

Cut the fattest part of a Hanch of Venison into slices about half an inch thick, salt each piece and broil them on a soft fire very leisurely; when they have soaked a pretty while, bread them, and serve them with Gravy only: Thus you may broil a Chine or side of Venison, being first boiled and seasoned with a little Salt.

**Flesh, how roasted,***Venison, a Hanch roasted.*

If your Venison hath been seasoned, water it first, then stick it with short sprigs of Rosemary, lay it to the fire, roast it not too much; and let your sauce be half a pint of Claret, a handful and a half of grated Bread, some Cinamon, Ginger, Sugar, and a little Vinegar, boil all these together so long till they are as thick as Pancake Batter, then dish up your Venison thereon.

*Venison in Collops.*

Take a Hanch of Venison, and cut part of it into Collops; then hack it with the back of your knife; and having stuck it with small lard, take a handful of Parsley and Spinage, good store of Tyme, a little Rosemary, with other sweet Herbs, and mince them very small with Beef-suet; put these into a dish together, with the addition of beaten Cloves, Nutmeg, good store of Salt, the yolks of seven Eggs, mingle these all together with your hands, then spit your Collops on a small spit, intermixing your Herbs, and so tye them all together: set a dish under them to save the Gravy, in which you must put some Cl-

ret

**Fryed or Broil'd.**

101

ret; being almost roasted, put your dish over the coals with grated Bread, beaten Cinamon, Vinegar and Sugar; stir these together with your wine, and a ladleful of drawn Butter, make not your lair too thick, and dishing your Venison, pour it thereon.

**Fowl of all sorts, both Land and Sea**  
**Fowl Roasted, Fryed, Broiled, Friegassied.***Capon roasted with Oysters and Chesnuts.*

TAKE a good fat Capon, and make him ready for the spit, then boil a dozen Chesnuts; being soft pill them, and put them into Claret wine warm'd, with as many large Oysters parboil'd; put these into the belly of the Capon, and stop them in with sweet Butter; let your fire be very good and quick, baste it with sweet Butter, and as soon as it begins to drop preserve the Gravy; then take half a pint of Claret wine, a piece of sweet Butter, a little gross Pepper, half a score, or a score of parboil'd Chesnuts, as many large O-

F 3

sters,

sters, stew these all together till half the liquor be consumed : your Capon being ready, put in your Gravy to your sauce, bread up your Fowl, and dish it on your sauce.

*Capon's frigassie.*

Your Capon to be frigassied must be either boiled or roasted, which you must carve up, taking the Pinions from the Wings, and the Brawn from the Joynt, as they lye in the dish : Thus carved up to lye orderly on the Pan, put to them the yolks of five Eggs, with sliced Nutmeg, and minced Tyme : Being thus all in the dish, mingle them well together, and put them into your Pan with clarified Butter half hot, and fry them till they are yellow, then turn them : after this take some White wine with the yolks of three Eggs, a little strong Broth, Gravy, an Onion cut in quarters, Anchovies, and a little Nutmeg grated; then pour out what liquor is in your Pan, and add to it a ladleful of drawn Butter; then put this lair into your Pan, and keep continually shaking it therein over a slow fire till it grows thick; if it should prove too thick, you may thin it with White wine; then dish up your Fowl, and pour

in

in your sauce and serve it up, garnisht with hard yolks of Eggs chopt small, and slices of Lemon.

*Chickens frigassied.*

Take half a dozen Chickens, draw, fley, and cut them into quarters, not removing the Giblets and Liver; then take your Cleaver, and with the back thereof beat them very well, then fry them brown with Butter; in the mean time get Tyme, sweet Marjoram, and other sweet Herbs, and mince them small, Oxe-Palates, Dates, the bottoms of three or four Hartichokes sliced all together, Salt with beaten Ginger and Mace: The meat being enough, cleanse your Pan, and put in your meat again with strong Broth, Verjuyce, and the rest of the aforementioned materials, and let them fry till the liquor be half consumed; then put in half a pound of Butter, Sugar, scalded Goosberries, minced Lemon, and shake them well together, dish them up on Sippets, garnished with grated Bread, sliced Lemon and scalded Goosberries.

The latest way of frigassying Chickens is thus: take them, scald them, and quarter them, then break their bones by beating them with a back of the Cleaver, dry

them well, and then flowre them; your Pan being hot, put them in with their skinny side downward, and fry them brown on both fides: then pour out your liquor, and have a lair in readiness made of Gravy and Claret, which you must put into your Pan, adding thereto pieces of Sausages, cut about half the length of your finger, a pint of Oysters, and an Onion or two, a faggot of sweet Herbs, a grated Nutmeg, a couple of Anchovies; let these boil up in the Pan: then take the yolks of five Eggs, and beat them in strong broth, take your Pan off the fire and pour them in, shaking them whilst they are over the fire; then dish up your Chickens on Sippets, pouring on your lair with Oysters, and placing your bits of Sausages round the dish, garnishing it with Lemon.

*Duckling frigassied.*

Take Ducklings and cut them in small pieces, flowre and fry them in sweet Butter: having first dried them in a clean cloth; then take some Sack, an Onion and Parsley chopt small, a piece of whole Mace, and a little gross Pepper, adding hereunto some Butter, Sugar and Verjuyce: Then take a good handful of Clary, and pick off the

the stalks: having done this, make a batter of four new-laid Eggs, fine Flowre, some sweet Cream, and a little Nutmeg, fry these in a Pan; and having dish'd your Ducklings, pour on your fryed Clary, &c. upon them.

*Ducks or Wigeons frigassied.*

Quarter them first, race them, beat them with the back of your Cleaver: having dried them well, put them into a Pan with sweet Butter, and fry them: when they are almost fryed, put into them a handful of minced Onions, some little Tyme; after put in some Claret wine, with some thin slices of Bacon, and some Spinage and Parsley boiled green and minced small: when it hath fryed a little while, break in a dish three yolks of Eggs, with a grated Nutmeg, and a little Pepper, put these into the Pan, then toss it up with a ladleful of drawn Butter; pour on your lair, and let your Bacon be on the top of your Ducks.

*Ducks roasted.*

Having roasted your Ducks very well, provide in the mean time this following sauce; boil some Onions sliced very thin

## 106 Fowl, how Roasted.

in a little strong Broth, put thereto a little Gravy, and some drawn Butter: This is the custom of some, but the best and general rule is for all Wild Fowl, to boil up the Gravy with an Onion, a little Nutmeg and Butter. For Water Fowl, it is customary to boil up sliced Onions in strong Broth, with Gravy and a little drawn Butter.

## Goose frigassed.

Take a Goose and roast him almost, then carve him and scotch with your knife long ways, and cross it over again to make it look like chequer-work; then wash it over with Butter, and strow Salt upon it; then put it into a dish with the skinny side downward, so set it before the fire in a dripping-Pan, that it may take a gentle heat, then turn the other side; then take it and lay it on your Gridiron over a soft fire: when you think it is enough, baste the upper side with Butter; then dredge it over with flowre and bread grated; then put it over again and froth it, and dish it up: your sauce must be Vinegar, Butter and Mustard; with a little Sugar, put it into your dish with a little drawn Butter, and lay your Goose a top of it, garnish it with

## Fryed or Broil'd.

107 with Lemon, laying on Sausages round the brims of the dish.

## Hen roasted.

Make choice of an indifferent young Hen full of Eggs, fit it for the spit, and roast it: being enough, take it up and break it open, and taking the brawn from the joyn, mince it into small slices, but save the wings and legs whole, with the rump also, stew all in the Gravy with a little Salt; after this, mince a Lemon into your sauce; let the minced brawn of the Hen be laid in the middle of the dish, and the legs, wings and rump round about it; garnish the dish with the yolks of hard Eggs minced small, and some slices of Orange or Lemon.

For a Hen roasted and not broke up, the usual sauce is, the yolks of four Eggs, boiled hard and minc'd, a little drawn Butter, some Claret wine, Gravy, and the juyce of a Lemon.

## Larks roasted with Bacon.

Pull your Larks and draw them, and spit them on a small spit, with a slice of Bacon, and a Sage-leaf between each Lark: being roasted, dish them up with a sauce made

**Fowls, how Roasted,**

made of the juyce of two or three Oranges, Claret, and a little sliced Ginger; then set it on the fire a little while, and beat it up with a piece of Butter, and so serve them up.

With the same sauce you may broil your Larks on a Gridiron, opening their breasts and laying them abroad.

*Plover roasted.*

Take half a dozen green or gray Plovers, and roast them; being enough, have some Onions boiled (being first sliced) in strong Broth, add thereunto Gravy, and a little drawn Butter; or else Gravy boiled up with an Onion, a little Nutmeg, and Butter.

*Partridges roasted.*

Pull, draw and truss them, then roast them not too dry, sauce them with grated Bread, Water, Salt, and a whole Onion boiled together: when it is boiled, take out the Onion, and in its stead put in minced Lemon, and a piece of Butter; then dish your Fowl, and serye it up with this sauce.

Par-

**Fryed or Broil'd.***Partridges frigassied.*

Truss your Partridges, and roast them till they are three quarters enough, then carve them up; after this fry them with an Onion chopped very small; add to them half a pint of Gravy, three Anchovies, some grated Bread, drawn Butter, and the yolks of two Eggs beaten with white wine, boil them till they come to a thickness, and dish them up.

*Pullets roasted.*

Roast your Pullet saving the Gravy, having before stufft the belly thereof with a little Butter, the yolks of two hard Eggs minced, some Claret wine, the juyce of Lemon and Salt, pour your dripping out of the Pan, blowing off the fat, and boil it up with a little Claret; then put to it some drawn Butter, and serve it up with your Fowl.

*Pigeons roasted.*

Prepare them to truss, then make a farcing with Beef-suet or Marrow, mincing it with the Liver of the Fowl very small, and mingle it with grated Bread, the yolks of hard Eggs minced, Mace and Nutmeg beaten

## 110 Fowls, how Roasted,

beaten, the tops of Tyme shred very small, and Salt, incorporate these together, with the yolks of hard Eggs and Verjuyce ; then cut the skin of the Fowl betwixt the Legs and body before it is trussed ; then put your finger to raise the skin from the flesh, but have a care you do not break the skin ; then farce it full with this meat, trussing the Legs close to keep it in, then roast them, setting a dish under to save the Gravy, which you must mix with some Claret wine, sliced Nutmeg, a little of that farced Meat and Salt ; then give it two or three walms on the fire, and beat it up thick with the yolk of a raw Egg, and a piece of Butter, with a little minced Lemon, and so serve it up.

You may for variety use this sauce, mince a handful of Parsley very small, and wrap it up in a ball of Butter with a grated Nutmeg, put this into the belly of your Pidgeons : when you spit them, adding thereto some minced Bacon, with a few Mints ; take this farcing out when you draw them, and put it into Claret wine, putting thereto grated Bread and drawn Butter, and you may use your Vine leaves roasted and mince them therein.

## Quails

## 111 Fryed or Broil'd.

### *Quails roasted.*

Full your Quails without breaking their skin, and roast them with some Vine-leaves, or dry the Vine-leaves in a dish before the fire ; then mince them very small, and put them into Claret wine, with a little Vinegar, small Pepper and Salt ; being boiled, beat it up thick with a piece of Butter, and so serve up your Fowls.

Or you may only take some White wine, grated Nutmeg, Vine-leaves minced, and some drawn Butter.

### *Rabbits roasted.*

Spit them not back to back, but skewer them up side to side, so will they roast much better ; being roasted enough, take Butter and minced Parsley, being first boiled or roasted in their bellies, and add thereto the Livers minced very small, and so serve them up.

### *Snipe roasted.*

You may either draw them or not ; if you do, put an Onion into the belly of the Fowls, and so roast them with a dish under them, in which must be some Claret wine, Vinegar, an Anchovy, Pepper and

## 112. Fowls, how Roasted,

and Salt : when your Fowls are roasted, put thereto a little grated Bread, some Butter, shaking them well together, and so serve it up : This is very good sauce for a wild Duck, having first rub'd your dish with a clove of Garlick.

If you do not draw your Fowl, then only take the guts and mince them very small into Claret wine, with a little Salt, Gravy and Butter.

Another sauce is thus made, take some Onions and boil them, and add to them some Pepper and Salt, with a little Butter, or raw Onions, Water, Pepper and Salt, with the Gravy of any fresh Meat.

## *Turkey carbonado'd.*

Your Turkey being roasted almost and carved, scotch it with your knife long ways, crossing it over again, that it may look like Chequer-work ; then wash it over with Butter, strowing Salt thereon ; then setting it in your dripping-Pan, let it take a gentle heat, turning it twice or thrice, then set it on your Gridiron over a soft Char-coal fire ; when it is enough take it up, and sauce it with Gravy and strong Broth boiled up with an Onion, a little grated Bread, a sliced Nutmeg, an Anchovy,

## fryed or Boil'd.

113

chovy, and a ladle of drawn Butter, adding thereto some Salt ; then dish up your Turkey, and pour your sauce all over it ; then strow it over with Barberries and garnish it with Oranges or Lemon.

Or you may take some sliced Manchet soaked in some strong Broth with Onions, boil it up in Gravy, Nutmeg, Lemon cut like Dice, and drawn Butter, put this under your Turkey.

## *Woodcocks roaste.*

Having pull'd and drawn them, wash and trus them, then lard them with a broad piece of Bacon over the breast ; being roasted, serve them on broiled tosts dipt in Verjuyce, or the juyce of Oranges with the Gravy, and warmed on the fire : This is the French fashion.

The English way of roasting Woodcocks is thus : take them fresh and newly killed, you may know when they are so, by opening their bill and smell to it, or plucking a feather from the wing, and thrust it down their throat ; if they are tainted, you will know it by the smell of the feather. Having drawn, wash'd and trus them, lay them to the fire, and baste them with Butter ; being almost enough, strow grated

grated Bread on them, and be sure to save the Gravy, into which you must put tosts that are butter'd : Or, you may only mince the guts, being roasted with the Fowl into their Gravy and a little Claret, and so serve them up.

Or you may cut a Manchet into tosts, and put them into Gravy boiled up with an Onion, a little strong Broth, some drawn Butter, and a little Nutmeg ; pour this on your tosts, and dish up your Cocks.

Fish, Flesh and Fowl of several sorts baked in Pan, or put into paste made after several forms and fashions.

Fish baked in Pan or Pasty.

*A Batilly Pye of Fish.*

You must make a very large Coffin, and cut it with Battlements, garnish the Coffin with as many Towers, as will contain your several sorts of Fish ; be sure to dry your Coffin well, and wash it over in the inside with the yolks of Eggs, and flowre it in the bottom to solder it, let the Fish

Fish you design for your Pye be either broil-ed or fryed brown; in the middle of your Pye place the head of a Salmon, cut pretty large beyond the Gills, forced and baked in an Oven; the heads of your other sort of Fish must stand upon forced meat ; and place your Fish severally one opposite to the other in their several partitions, pouring over all your Fish, Oysters, Cockles, Prawns and Perriwinkles boiled up in their proper lairs (as hath been formerly shewn) and thickned up with drawn Butter, remember to place your forced heads over the battlements.

Or you may make the like partitions upon a sheet of paste, in a dish with a stand-ing battlement, set round the brims ; in which partitions you may dish up all manner of shelled Fish with their distinct lairs.

*Cockles and Muscles in Paste.*

Having parboil'd them, take out the meat and wash them very clean in the water they were boiled in, and a little White wine ; then mince them small with the yolks of three or four new laid Eggs, season them with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper, wringing therein the juyce of an Orange

range or two, then close them within two sheets of paste, bake it, ice it, and serve it up.

*Carp Pye.*

Scale your Carp and scrape off the slime; then wipe it dry, and split it down the back; then cut it into several pieces, not very small, taking away the Milt or Spawn and Gall; having season'd it with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt and beaten Ginger, lay some Butter in the Pye-bottom, and put in thereon your pieces of Carp so seasoned, and upon them three or four Bay-leaves, five or six blades of large Mace, as many whole Cloves, some blanched Chesnuts, slices of Orange and sweet Butter, then close it up and bake it; being baked, liquor it with beaten Butter, the blood of the Carp, and some Claret wine; you may bake great Oysters, and a couple of large Onions with the Carp.

*Carp baked otherways.*

Scald, wash and draw a fair large Carp, season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper, and put it into a Coffin with good store of Butter cast on some Raisins of the Sun, the juyce of two or three Oranges, and a top

*how to Bake.*

II

a top of all, some sweet Butter to keep all the rest moist; before you bake it, sprinkle on some Vinegar.

*Otherways.*

Having first scalded your Carp, season it with Pepper, Mace, Nutmeg, Cloves, Ginger and Salt, and lay him into a Coffin fit for him; then lay on the top thereof two or three Onions quarter'd, half a pint of large Oysters seasoned with Tyme, then put in the yolks of half a dozen hard Eggs with Butter thereon, then close up your Pye; when it is baked, pour in at the Funnel a lair made of the Gravy of the Meat, drawn from it with some Claret wine, drawn Butter, beaten up with the yolks of two Eggs; having shaked it together, dish it up: you may bake a Carp seasoned with Raisins, Currans, Dates and Prunes; and then let your lair be Vinegar and Butter with Sugar, and the yolks of three new laid Eggs beaten.

*Carp minced Pyes.*

Cleanse your Carp and bone it, then take a good fat Eel and mince them together; then season them with Nutmeg, Mace, Ginger, Pepper, Cinamon and Salt, adding thereto

thereto some Carraway seed, minced Lemon-pill, Currans, and the yolks of five or six hard Eggs chopped small, with sliced Dates and Sugar; then laying some Butter in the bottoms of your Pyes, fill them with these materials, bake them and then ice them.

### Crab Pye.

Take half a dozen Crabs, boil them and take the meat out of the shells, then season it a little with Nutmeg and Salt, after this strain the meat of the body with Claret wine, some Ginger, Cinamon, Butter and juyce of Orange; your Pye being made, put some Butter in the bottom thereof, then lay in the Meat with Sparagus, bottoms of Hartichokes, yolks of three hard Eggs minced, large Mace, Grapes, Barberries, Dates, sliced Orange and Butter; when it is baked, liquor it with some of the meat out of the body, mingled with Cream or drawn Butter.

You may compound your Crab otherways, as thus: mince it with a fresh water Eel or Tench, and season them with Tyme, sweet Marjoram, and Winter-Savory, beaten Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; add hereunto some roasted Chesnuts, bottoms of

Har-

Hartichokes, Sparagus boiled, and cut into pieces as long as your thumb, with Pineapple seed and Grapes, fill your Pye here-with; and being baked, liquor it with Butter, yolks of Eggs, Claret wine, and juyce of Oranges beaten up thick.

### Eel Pyes.

Take your silver fresh water Eels, skin and draw them, then season them with Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, and a blade or two of large Mace; then cut them into pieces about four inches long, and lay them into your Pye, and cut into quarters two or three large Onions, lay thereon some sweet Butter, large Mace, Barberries or Goofberries; being baked, liquor your Pye with Butter, yolks of Eggs, and juyce of Orange beaten up together.

### Eel minced Pyes.

Take a large silver Eel, and having skin'd it, parboil it; then separate the Fish from the bones, and mince it with Pippins, Figs, Wardens and Raisins of the Sun, season it with Pepper, Mace, Cloves, Salt, Sugar, Saffron, Prunes, Currans, Dates and whole Raisins of the Sun, with Butter laid on the top; make your Pyes little in the form

of

of a Beaker ; and when baked, liquor them with Butter, juyce of Lemon , Sugar and White wine.

*Eels baked the common way.*

Take fresh water Eels, and cut them into pieces about the length of your finger, season them with Pepper, Salt and Ginger, put them into a Coffin with half a pound of sweet Butter , and add to them great Raisins of the Sun, an Onion minced small, or Leeks cut grossly and so bake it.

*Eel Pyes otherways.*

Your Eels being skin'd, cleans'd and cut into pieces three inches long, put to them sweet Marjoram , Tyme, Winter-Savory, Onions or Leeks with Parsley minced small, then season them with Nutmeg, Mace, Pepper, Cloves and Salt ; having coffin'd them, put all over them a quarter of a pound of Currans and Lemon sliced, over these put Butter, close it, and when it is baked, lair it with White wine and Vinegar, beaten up with the yolks of three Eggs, and some drawn Butter ; pour this in at the Funnel of the Pye, and shake it well together.

*Flounder*

*Flounder Pye.*

Take Flounders, draw and wash them, then cut off their Finns and scotch them, then mingle Pepper , Nutmeg , Salt and Mace , and season them therewith ; then take Leeks cut small, and strow over the bottom of your Pye ; then put in your Flounders, and lay on them the meat of Lobster claws and tail cut into small pieces, the yolks of hard Eggs and Onions minced, with some Grapes or Goosberries if you have them : Lastly, put on Butter , and close your Pye ; when baked, lair it with White wine and Parsley minced very small, with the meat of the body of a Lobster, drawn Butter , and the yolk of a new laid Egg, shake these together in your Pye, and serve it up hot to the Table.

*Herring minced Pyes.*

Take pickled Herrings, and water them well, then strip the skins from them whole and lay them in a Tray, and put to them a pound of Almond paste ; but you must first mince your Herrings with two Lights or Rows ; add also seven or eight Dates, some grated Manchet , Sugar, Rosewater, a little Sack with Saffron, make all these

## All sorts of fish

pretty stiff; then take your skins and fill them with this composition, then lay Butter in the bottoms of your Pyes, and lay in your Herrings with Dates, a top Goosberries, Currans and Butter, then close it, and when baked, liquor it with Butter, Vinegar and Sugar.

Or thus you may make minced Pyes of Herrings or Pilchards; first bone, skin and cleanse them, then mince them small with four or five Burgomy pears pared, or any other sort of Pear that is mellow and pleasant; put to these Raisins of the Sun, some Currans, Dates, Sugar, Cinamon, Ginger, Nutmeg, Butter and Pepper, mingle all these together, fill your Pyes; and being baked, liquor them with White wine Vinegar and Butter.

*Haberdine or Stock-fish Pyes.*

First boil it, and then take it from the skin and bones, and mince it with some Pippins, season it with Ginger, Nutmeg, Pepper, Carraway seed, Cinamon, Currans, minced Raisins, Rosewater, minced Lemon-pill, Sugar, sliced Dates, White wine, Verjuice and Butter, fill your Pyes here-with, bake them and ice them, and serve them up hot to the Table.

You

## how to Bake.

You may mince your Haberdine or Stock-fish with yolks of hard Eggs chopped small, and all manner of sweet Herbs minced, mix them together, and season them as aforesaid, then liquor it with Butter, Verjuice, Sugar and beaten Cinamon; Lastly, ice your Pye.

*Lamprey Pye.*

Garbidge your Lamprey, taking out the black blood which is like a string in the back, slit the back and pull it out, then season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; make your Pye round, then rowl your Lamprey as your Pye; lay two or three whole Onions in your Pye, and put in good store of Butter with two or three Bay-leaves, let it stand in the Oven three or four hours, then fill it up with Butter, and keep it for your use.

*Otherways to be eaten cold.*

Take your Lamprey, and cut it open in the belly, then take out the back-bone; after this scald it, and scrape it well on the skinny side, season it on the inside with Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Mace, and a little minced Onion, then close it together, as if it were whole, then season the out side:

have in readiness a Coffin of Rye-dough, according to the wideness of your Lamprey, turn'd round therein: put in two great Onions in the middle, with Bay-leaves and Butter, so with your funnel, and garnishing indore it and bake it; fill it up with clarified Butter when it is cold.

*Lump Pye.*

Take a Lump and skin him, then cut all the flesh from the bones into pieces bigger than your thumb, season it with several sorts of sweet Herbs, Cloves, Ginger, Mace, Salt and Pepper, with a handful of grated bread; your Pye being made, throw into the bottom a handful of this seasoning, and put thereon your pieces of Fish, on them put Marrow, Oysters, the yolks of hard Eggs cut in halves, with sliced Lemon; lay on the top of that more seasoning, and then lay on the remaining pieces of your fish, and on the top of them strow on the rest of your seasoning; put a top of all good store of Butter, then close it up and bake it: when it is baked, lair it with White wine, Oyster liquor, drawn Butter, and the yolks of two or three Eggs, shake it well and serve it up.

*Lump*

*Lump baked otherways.*

Take a Lump and fley it, and split it in two, then season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, and lay it into a Coffin, and on it lay some Bay-leaves, large Mace, an Orange sliced, Goosberries, Grapes, Barberries and Butter, close it up; and when it is baked, liquor it with drawn Butter; you may bake it thus, in a dish or Pasty-pan.

*Ling Pye made of a Jole of Ling.*

Take a Jole of Ling, and boil it till it be almost enough; then take off the skin, and season it with Pepper: having made your Pye, strow the bottom thereof with Onions minced very small, close it, and bake it; then take the yolks and whites of ten Eggs, and boil them between hard and soft; then mince them small, and put them into drawn Butter, toss them together, then draw your Pye, cut open the lid, and pour this liquor all over it, then put on your lid and serve it up.

*Another excellent way.*

Let your Lump be skin'd, cleansed and

G 3

seasoned

seasoned as aforesaid, and so put it into your Pye, then lay on sliced Ginger, large Mace, close it up, and put a Funnel thereon; put it into an Oven, and let it stand till it be half baked, then draw it up with good sweet Sallet Oyl, then put it in again: when it is baked enough, draw it and cut it up, then beat three spoonfuls of Mustard, with some of the Oyl, and pour it therein, shake it well together, and serve it up.

### Lobster Pyes.

Boil your Lobsters, then take the meat out of the shells, and let it stand till it be cold, then lard it with salt Salmon, or a salt Eel, and season it with Salt, Pepper and Nutmeg: having made your Pye, lay in the bottom thereof some sweet Butter, and on it some pieces of fresh Eel, or fresh Salmon, and on it a lair of Lobster, add to it some whole Cloves; and make thus three or four lairs: lay last of all some slices of fresh Eel or fresh Salmon, and some whole Cloves and Butter, then close it up, and when baked, fill it up with clarified Butter.

Or you may take the meat of a Lobster, prepared as aforesaid, and season it with

Nut-

### how to Bake.

Nutmeg, Cinamon, Salt and Pepper, with a little Ginger; then lay it in a Pye made somewhat in the form of a very large Lobster, and lay on it some Dates cut in two, sliced Lemon, large Mace, Barberries, yolks of hard Eggs chopt, and a pretty quantity of Butter, close it up, and when baked, liquor it with White wine Vinegar, Butter and Sugar, and having iced it, dish it up.

### Mullet Pye.

Gut your Mullet, scale it and wash it, then dry it very well: having so done, lard it with a salt Eel, season it with Nutmeg, Pepper, Mace, Salt, and a little Ginger very lightly; then stuff its belly with a pudding made of grated Bread, sweet Herbs, and some fresh Eel minced, add to these the yolks of hard Eggs, an Anchovy washed and minced very small, some Nutmeg, and a little Salt; then lay it in your Pye: then lay on your Fish, Cockles, Prawns, Capers, yolks of hard Eggs minced small, Butter, large Mace and Barberries, close it up; and when it is baked, cut open the lid, stick it full of Lozenges, then fill it up with beaten Butter, laying on some slices of Lemon.

In the same manner you may bake Bace, Tench or Bream.

*Muscle Pye.*

Take a good quantity of Muscles, wash them very clean, and then set them a boiling, making the water to boil before you put them in ; being enough, take them out of the shells, beard them very well, and cleanse them from stones and gravel : then take Leeks and some sweet Herbs, and mix them therewith, and chop them very small, adding thereunto some Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, with the yolks of four hard Eggs minced small, put Butter at the bottom and top of your Pye, and close it up : being baked, liquor it with Butter, White wine, and slices of Lemon.

*Oyster Pyes.*

Save the liquor of your largest Oysters, season it with Pepper and Ginger, and put your Oysters therein with two or three blades of large Mace ; then lay the Oysters with those ingredients into a Pye ; add to them an Onion minced small, some Currans, and a quarter of a pound of Butter ; when it is baked, cut open the lid, and put in a spoonful of Vinegar, with some drawn Butter,

Butter, shake it well together, and serve it up.

*Oysters baked with other compounds.*

Take Oysters, Cockles, Shrimps and Craw-fish, and season them with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper ; after you have well wash'd and cleans'd them from any kind of filth or gravel, then have in readines Chesnuts, roasted and blanched, Skirrets boiled, blanched and seasoned ; then have a Dish or Pasty-pan ready with a sheet of cool Butter paste, having laid some Butter in the bottom, lay on your several sorts of Shell-fish, and on them your Chesnuts, Skirrets with sliced Lemon, large Mace, Barberries and Butter, close it, and when it is baked, fill it up (having cut open the lid) with Butter and juyce of Oranges beaten up thick : you must make the Paste after this manner, for every half peck of Flowre you must allow two pound and a quarter of Butter, and the whites of two Eggs, work it well together dry, then put cold Water to it, and your Paste is made, this is only fit for Pasties and Pasty-pans.

*Oyster Pyes otherways.*

Take very large Oysters and parboill

them, season them with beaten Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg; add to these some grated Bread, and withal take a good handful of Tyme, Parsley, Winter-Savory, a couple of Onions, and mince them very small; put all these materials into your Pye with Potato's boil'd, and Chesnuts boil'd and blanched, with the yolks of hard Eggs cut in halves: lay over all Marrow, sliced Lemon, large Mace, Butter, and so close your Pye, which must be made thin, since half an hour is sufficient to bake your ingredients therein contain'd; when it is baked, pour into it a lair made of White wine, Oyster liquor, two yolks of Eggs, and drawn Butter, shake it well together, and letting it stand a little while in the Oven, serve it up.

*Another very good way.*

Parboil two quarts of large Oysters in their own liquor, throw a little Salt on them, and mingle them with some sweet Herbs minced small; fill your Pye, and put therein some large Mace, sliced Lemon, a good handful of Marrow rowled in yolks of Eggs and Butter; when it is baked, take Verjuyce, Sugar, Butter, a little

Pep-

Pepper, and two Nutmegs grated, and liquor it therewith.

*Oyster minced Pyes.*

Take a pottle of large Oysters, parboil'd in their own liquor, beard them, and wash them in warm water from filth and gravel: having dried them, mince them small, then season them lightly with Cinnamon, Mace, Cloves, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, Caraway-seed, a few Raisins of the Sun minced small, sliced Dates, Currans, Sugar, and half a pint of Claret, mingle these very well together; and having made your Pyes about the bigness and form of a Tumbler, putting Butter in the bottoms of the Pyes, fill them up herewith and bake them.

*Pike baked.*

Draw your Pike and wash him well, then lard him with pickle Herring; then take a handful of sweet Herbs, another of Oysters, an Onion, and a little Lemon-pill, mince them all together, add to them Nutmeg, Salt, Pepper, Mace and Cloves: then wash your Pike all over with the yolks of Eggs, both inside and outside, and with the aforesaid ingredients season him; have a Pye in readiness made into the form

of

of a Pike, and lay him therein with Horse-radish scraped, and with two handfuls of Grapes all over him; having laid on a good piece of Butter, close and bake your Pye, then draw it and liquor it with Butter, White wine Vinegar, and the yolk of an Egg; you may add to your lair Oysters, Cockles, Shrimps, Prawns and Craw-fish, with the yolks of hard Eggs, Lemon, Anchovies and Gravy.

*Pike baked to be eaten cold.*

Take a large Pike, scale him and cleanse him, then lard him with salt Eel, then make a forced meat of Fish, and stuff his belly therewith; then season him with Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Ginger and Nutmeg beaten; then lay him into a Coffin of like form, and bake him, draw your Pye, and pour in at the Funnel, Butter, White wine, and the juyce of Lemon, set it by, and eat it when cold.

*Prawn or Shrimp Peteteet.*

Make your Coffins very little, as to the form let them be round, triangle, or four square, or you may make them long to stand up an end; then take your Shell-fish and fry them in yolks of Eggs, Cinnamon,

Gin-

Ginger, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace beaten together; when they are crisp and brown, fill your dried Coffins with the Fish, put into a lair, made of drawn Butter, Claret wine and Oyster liquor, beaten up with the yolks of Eggs; they will instantly be baked.

*Salmon Pye.*

Take a Salmon newly caught, scale, draw and wipe it dry, scrape the blood from the back-bone, scotch it on the backside, and season it with Cinnamon, Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, Carraways, and a little large Mace, and some Ginger; let the Pye be made in the form of a Salmon, and lay in the bottom thereto some Butter, then lay in your Salmon, and put some whole Cloves thereon, some sliced Nutmeg, and good store of Butter, close it up, and baste it over with the yolks of Eggs or Water wherein Saffron hath been steeped; when it is baked, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Or thus :*

Take the tail of a Salmon, and cut it into collops quite through both sides, then butter your collops over and salt them, then half broil them; have a coffin in readiness

readiness that is dried in an Oven, and wash the bottom with the yolks of Eggs: then take a handful of sweet Herbs, the like of Oysters, a little Fennel, and an Onion all minced small, take a handful of all these together, and strow over the bottom of your Pye, being first seasoned with Salt, Nutmeg, Cloves, Ginger and Pepper; then lay in your greatest pieces, strowning them over with the afore-recited seasoning, interlaying large seasoned Oysters with sliced Lemons, next lay on your smaller collops and serve them as the former; lay over all good store of Butter: being baked, pour in a lair which you must have in readiness made of White wine, Oyster liquor, and the yolks of two Eggs beaten together, shake it well together and serve it up.

*Salmon minced Pyes.*

Take a Jole of Salmon, and a good silver Eel boned, skin'd and seasoned with Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, Cinamon, beaten Ginger, Carraway-seed, Rosewater, Butter, Verjuice, Sugar and Orange-pill minced small; mingle all these together with some sliced Dates and Currans; before you fill your Pies, put Butter

in the bottom, then bake them and ice them.

*Salmon baked to be eaten cold.*

Scrape the scales off your Salmon, then wash and dry him; after this chine him and season him with good store of Salt, Pepper, Ginger, Mace and Cloves; then lay him on a sheet of Pasty-paste, bordering him round to form your Pye into the fashion of a Salmon; then put in sliced Ginger, Butter and large Mace on the top, then turn up the other half sheet of your Paste on the back, closing them on the belly side from head to tail, bringing him into proportion with his finns, tail, head and gills: Lastly, scale him, leave a funnel to pour in Butter, when it is baked, and set him aside to cool.

*Sturgeon Pyes to be eaten hot.*

Take a Rand of Sturgeon, and cut it into collops about the bigness of a Goose-Egg, then season them with Salt, Nutmeg, Ginger and Pepper: your Pye being made, put into the bottom some Butter, then your collops of Sturgeon with two or three Bay-leaves, some large Mace, whole Cloves, blanched Chesnuts, Goosberries or

Barberries, and some Butter ; being baked, pour in a lair made of Butter, the blood of the Sturgeon and Claret wine boiled up and beaten together.

*Sturgeon Pyes to be eaten cold.*

Take a Rand of Sturgeon, skin it, and wipe it dry, then cut it into large slices ; then take a Carp or a good large Eel skin'd and boned, then season them with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper ; then let a Coffin be ready, and lay therein first Butter, then Sturgeon, then a lay of Eel, and next to that a lay of Tench, cut into slices and season'd as the former Fish ; then begin with the first lay, and second it with the rest, till you have laid all your Fish into the Pye ; but be sure to have your Sturgeon lye uppermost, and a top of all lay on sliced Nutmeg, sliced Ginger, some whole Cloves next ; be not sparing of Butter, then close it up, and when it is baked, liquor it with clarified Butter : if you bake it in Pots, with the seasoning afore specified, you may keep it a long time.

*Sturgeon minced Pyes.*

Take a Rand of Sturgeon, and mince it very small, adding thereto some of the fattest

fattest part of it ; then take some Tyme, Marjoram, Winter-Savory, Sage, Parsley, Sorrel, Straw-berry-leaves, Violet-leaves, and Spinage, chop these all very small, and mingle them with your minced Sturgeon, add thereunto some grated white Bread, Salt, Nutmeg, Currans, Cinamon, yolks of Eggs, Cream, Sugar and Butter, fill up your Pye herewith, and close it ; being baked, draw it and ice it.

*Sturgeon Lumber Pye.*

Take some of the brawny part of the Sturgeon, with some of the fat of the belly, and chop them small ; add hereunto either Carp, Tench, or fresh water Eel minced small, then season it with Caraway-seed, Ginger, Cinamon, Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper ; put to these the yolks of six raw Eggs, and the quarters of four that are boiled hard, incorporate these together, and make them up into balls, and fill your Pye therewith, and lay a top some sliced Dates, large Mace, sliced Lemon, Grapes, Goosberries or Barberries, and Butter, close it up, and being baked, liquor it with Butter, White wine and Sugar.

*Stock-fish baked.*

Take your Stock-fish, and water it, then boil it tender, then lay it to cool, and after that take some of the whitest of the Fish and mince it small, add thereunto parboil'd Currans, Raisins of the Sun, season it with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, and a piece of sweet Butter; then bake it, draw it, and cut open the lid, and squeeze in the juice of two Oranges.

*Tench baked with a pudding in his belly.*

Scald your Tench, and scour it well; being washed clean, dry it: then take grated white Bread, sweet Cream, the yolks of three new laid Eggs, some parboil'd Currans, and some sweet Herbs minced small: Lastly, season it with Pepper and Nutmeg, and make it into a stiff pudding, and therewith fill your Tenches belly: season your Fish on the one side, with a little Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, and put him into a deep Coffin with some Butter; then close it, and when baked draw it, and cut it open, then strow thereon some preserved Orange minced: after this take Vinegar, Butter, Nutmeg, Sugar, and the yolk of a new laid Egg, and boil them up

over

over a chafing-dish of coals, stirring it continually to keep it from curdling, then pour it into your Pye, and shaking it well together serve it up.

*Turbut baked.*

Draw and wash your Turbut very clean, and cut off the fins, then scotch him on both sides, and season him with Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Winter-Savory, and other sweet Herbs with Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace: this seasoning must be for the under side only; for the upper side take only Pepper, Cloves, Mace and Salt, rubbing it well into the scotches: having made your Pye into the shape or form of your Fish, dry it a little in an Oven, taking it out, wash it in the bottom with the yolks of Eggs, and strow thereon some minced Onions, and four or five Anchovies washed clean: then lay in your Turbut with the backside downward; lay about the sides of your Fish some forced fish-balls, with the Liver of your Turbut on the top, also a pint of large Oysters, and the yolks of eight hard Eggs chopped, with a pound of Butter: then put him into the Oven, and as he bakes, put into your Pye Butter, supplying it continually, for it will require a

great

great deal: When baked, draw it, and fill it up with a lair made of White wine Vinegar, Oyster liquor, and the yolks of half a dozen Eggs beaten up together; shaking it together, let it stand a little while longer in the Oven; then draw it, and cut it open, garnishing it with fried Oysters, sticking it all over with toasts made of white Bread, and run it over with drawn Butter, thus serve it up.

---

### Flesh of all sorts (excepting Fowl) baked in Pan or Pastry.

*Battalia or Bisk-Pyes to be made according to each season of the whole year throughout.*

Having form'd your Paste into the fashion of a Castle, your ingredients to fill it must be several, *viz.* young Rabbits, Lambstones, sweet-breads, Pallates sliced, forced meat balls with Chickens, Peepers and Squobs, season all these with Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace beaten small, with minced Tyme, also some Sausages and Oysters, if in season: If it be in May that you make

make this Pye, you may then take the meat of a Lobster: Having all your ingredients ready by you, and fitted for your Pye, lay first your Rabbets cut in pieces into the Coffin with slices of Bacon; your Pigeons and Chicken being split, lay one half of a Chicken on each quarter of your Rabbet, then half a Lambstone, next half a Chicken, then a sweet Bread, and lastly your forced meats; over all strow on your Pallates, with Oysters, the Marrow of three bones dipt in the yolks of Eggs, two handfuls of blanched Chesnuts, with some Pine-Apples, laying Butter over all, close up your Pye; being baked, lair it with White wine, with five Anchovies dissolved therein, beat these up with the yolks of Eggs, strong Broth, and drawn Butter.

Instead of Oysters, Chesnuts, &c. in the Summer time you may make use of Hartichokes, Cabbidge, Lettuce, Colliflowers or Sparagrass. In the Winter time, instead of your Chickens and Pigeons, you may use the smaller sort of Wild-fowl; and so use continually what every season produceth.

### *Another very good way.*

Having made your Pye by taking three quarts of Flower, and three quarters of

of a pound of Butter, boiling the Butter in Water, and so making up the Paste hot and quick, I say, then take four Oxe-pallates, boil'd, blanched, and chopt into pieces, as many Lambstones, and half a dozen Veal sweet Breads, parboil'd and quarter'd, a dozen and a half of Coxcombs boil'd & blanched, half a dozen Pigeon peepers, and as many Chickens; having filled them for the Pye, place them therein orderly, that is, somewhat of every ingredient laid one upon the other, and all upon the Chickens and Pigeons; then over all strow the yolks of hard Eggs, minced with good store of Butter, close it up, and let it stand an hour and half in the Oven, then draw it and liquor it with Gravy, sliced Lemon, and Butter beaten up thick.

*Brawn baked to be eaten cold.*

Take your raw lean Brawn, and the like quantity of fat Bacon, mince them small, and beat them in a Morter, pounding therewith a handful of Sage; then season them with Pepper and Salt, and good store of Ginger, adding thereto the yolks of Eggs and Vinegar, then put your Brawn into a cold Paste, and lay thereon Butter and Bay-leaves; let the form of

your

*how to Bake.*

your Pye be round or like a Brawn.

*Beef either Buttock, Brisket, Fillet or Sur-loyn larded, or not, baked Red Deer fashion.*

Bone your Beef, and lard the leanest parts, or not, then season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Ginger of each five ounces, and a pound of Salt; then lay in your Pye good store of Butter, and upon that put your Beef, and on that half an ounce of beaten Cloves, the rest of the seasoning with a good quantity of Butter, and three or four Bay-leaves; being baked, fill it up with clarified Butter, and set it by.

You may serve it up hot, but then there must not be above half the seasoning; either hot or cold you will hardly distinguish it from Verison.

*Beef minced Pyes.*

Mince part of a Buttock of Beef very small, with half as much Beef-suet, season it with Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg and Salt, add to these half as much Fruit as there is Meat and Suet, viz. Raisins of the Sun, Prunes and Currans, and herewith fill your Pyes, strow on the top some minced Lemon-pill and sliced Dates.

*Beef*

*Beef how to Coller.*

Take a fine fat Flank of Beef, and lay it three days and as many nights in Pump Water; shift it thrice in four and twenty hours, then take it out and dry it, taking out the bones and grosser fat, then cut it into three lairs; take a good quantity of Salt and Sage chopped, and mingle them together: strow these between every lair, and lay one upon the other; then take Cloves and Mace of each an ounce, and beat them small, with an ounce of Nutmegs, strowing them also between the lairs of Beef: having roul'd it up very close, take packthread and tye it very hard, then put it into a long tin Pan, or earthen Pot made for that purpose; let the top of the Pot or Pan be tyed round with Cap-paper, set it into the Oven, it will require nine hours baking.

If you will have it look very red, for that is its proper colour, powder it in Salt Petre four or five days, then wash it off, then roul it up with the seasoning aforesaid.

*Calves head Pye or Pasty.*

Boil a Calves head till it is almost enough, having first clean'd and cleans'd it, then

*how to Bake.*

then take it up, and take the bones from the Flesh with as little breaking it as you may; when it is cold, force or stuff it with Tyme, sweet Majoram, Pennroyal and Winter-Savory, with the yolks of hard Eggs, raw Veal, and Beef-suet minced ver-ry small; then season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; your Pye being ready, lay the Head therein, underlaying it with some raw Veal, then cover the Head with good store of Spices, so close it up; when it is baked, fill it up with clarified Butter: Thus you must do, if you intend to eat it cold, if otherways season the Head with the aforesaid Spices but lightly, and put some Butter a top with Grapes or Goos-berries; when baked, liquor it with Grav-y, juyce of Oranges, and Butter beaten up pretty thick.

*Calves head Pye made otherways.*

Having cleft the head, and wash'd the cheeks very clean, boil it till it is almost enough, then take it up, and when cold, cut the flesh from the bones into pieces as big as a shilling; then mince sweet Herbs, and put them to your meat, with Nutmeg, Pepper, Cloves, Mace and Salt, let some slices of Bacon and Oysters be seasoned with the

same; your Pye being ready, put in your meat, with the Bacon, Oysters, and two or three Sage-leaves on the top; then put on slices of Lemon, a handful of Barberries, and a good piece of Butter, so close your Pye; when it is baked, cut up the lid, and liquor it with Gravy, Claret, the yolks of Eggs and drawn Butter.

*Calves feet Pye.*

Take two pair and a half of Calves feet, boil them tender, and blanch them, then bone them, and mince them very small, season them with Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, Cinamon and Ginger, add to them a pound of Currans, a quarter of a pound of Dates sliced, and the like quantity of Sugar with a little Rosewater, Verjuyce, and stir all these together in a Tray; then lay some Butter in a Pye, and put in one half of the aforesigned materials, then lay on the Marrow of two bones, laying on the other half of the meat on the Marrow, sticking some Dates a top, then put it into an Oven; and when it is half baked, liquor it with Butter, White wine, and ice it, then set it into the Oven again till it be baked enough.

*Calves*

*Calves Chaldron baked.*

Parboil it first, and when it is cool, cut it into small pieces, and season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper, add to it some sweet Herbs minced small, then sprinkle it with Verjuyce, and close your Pye; when it is baked lay it with Butter, Vinegar, Nutmeg, Sugar, and the yolks of three new laid Eggs, two spoonfuls of Sack, and the juyce of an Orange.

*Calves Chaldron minced Pyes.*

Your Chaldron being minced small, after it is tender boiled and cold, put to it some small pieces of lard, some yolks of hard Eggs chopt grossly; add thereunto some Mutton and Lamb cut into small goblets with Goosberries, Grapes or Barberries, then season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper, and fill your Pye therewith, laying on it some pieces of interlarded Bacon and Butter, close it up, and when baked, liquor it with Butter and White wine.

*Coney Livers baked.*

Take half a dozen or more, first parboil them, then chop them small with sweet

H 2

Herbs,

## Flesh of all sorts

Herbs, as Tyme, Winter-Savory, Penniroyal, &c. and the yolks of two hard Eggs, season them with Ginger, Nutmeg, Pepper and Cinamon, add to them some parboil'd Currans and Butter, then make some little Pasties, and fill them therewith, then bake them, and serve them up with scraped Sugar.

### Fawn or young Roe.

First bone him, then lard him with Bacon, then season him with Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Nutmeg and Mace; make your Pye in the form of a Roe, and close it up on the back, or you may make it after what fashion you please: when it is baked, lair it with Claret wine, grated Bread, beaten Cinamon, Vinegar and Sugar boiled up together, put in also a ladleful of drawn Butter, and so serve it up.

### Fawn baked to be eaten cold.

Bone it as before, then parboil and lard it very thick, after this season it with a little fine Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, and as much Cloves as you shall judge sufficient; then fill the belly with some Savory, forced Meats, and put it into a Coffin proportioned to its own form, then lay thereon

## how to Bake.

thereon good store of Butter, and close it up, when it is baked and cold, fill it up at the funnel with clarified Butter.

### Goat Pasty.

Take the hind quarter of a fat Goat, bone it, and skin it, then cut it into a befitting shape for your Pasty; having beaten it well with a Rolling-pin, season it with Pepper, Salt, minced Tyme and Nutmeg; then set it a soaking in this seasoning all night with Claret, then put it into its Coffin and bake it, strowing on the top some minced Beef-suet.

Whilst it is baking, break the bones you took out of the Flesh of the Goat, and put them into a Pipkin with a pint of Claret, and a little strong Broth; then cover your Pipkin with a sheet of course paste, and bake them also: your Pasty being baked enough, fill it with the liquor out of the Pipkin, serve it up, and a very critical Pallate will not be able to discern the difference between that and Venison.

### Cannion of Bacon Pye.

Take a *Westphalia* Ham, and boil it very tender, then take off the skin & season it with Pepper, and some minced Sage, stick it with

Lemon-pill in the upper side; then make your Pye something high of butter'd Paste, and put your Gammon in the middle thereof; then take half a dozen of Pigeons, and as many Lambstones, with so many sweet-Breads, season them with Pepper, Cloves, Mace and Cinamon with a little Salt, lay the Pigeons round about the Gammon, and the Lambstones and sweet-Breads on the top thereof; lay over it large Mace, a few sweet Herbs minced, and put on Butter all over, then close it up, and let it have a gentle soaking; being baked, lair it with Claret wine hoiled up with two or three Onions, a faggot of sweet Herbs, with a handful of Sage minced, and boiled therein, a little strong Broth and drawn Butter, thickned up with the yolk of an Egg, and serve it up.

*Hot compounded baked meat.*

Take a Leg of Lamb, and divide it into parts, with the one you must make some forced Meats, and the other slice into thin slices, then take four Chickens, four Pigeons, six Quails, six Larks, some Black-birds or Thrushes with other small Birds, and quarter them, season them severally with beaten Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Salt and Nutmeg,

mince

*how to Bake.*

151

mince also a handful of sweet Herbs and Parsley, with Beef-suet, and a handful of Currans, adding thereto some grated Bread; lay your Meat abroad, and spread these ingredients on them, then rowl them up into little Collers; let your Pye be shaped round or Battalia like; let your Lamb-lye in the bottom, your Pigeons and Chickens next, and lastly your Larks and other small Fowl, over these spread bottoms of boiled Hartichokes, Sparagras and Grapes, if in the Summer time otherwise, Chestnuts, Dates, Skirrets and Potatoes; you may also put some Lambstones, Marrow, sweet-Breads, and the yolks of two or three hard Eggs, putting Butter on your Pye, close it up; being baked, lair it with Anchovies dissolved in Claret, a little strong Broth and Gravy, with a grated Nutmeg, and a little drawn Butten beaten up with the yolks of two Eggs. This some call a Bastard Biss Pye.

*Hare Pye.*

Take a Hare, uncase him, then bone, and lard him with great Lard, then take two ounces of Pepper, as much of Nutmegs, and eight ounces of Salt, mix these together, and season your Hare herewith;

H 4.

then

then make your Pye in what form you please of bolted course Rye and Meal, put Butter in the bottom, and lay in your Hare, laying upon it some whole Cloves, a sheet of Lard, and a good quantity of Butter, then baste it over with Saffron water and bake it, then draw it, and liquor it with clarified Butter: you may make your Pye of white Paste, if you intend to eat it hot.

*Otherways.*

Make your Pye of a Gallon of Flowre, then take two Hares and season them lightly without, with Salt, Nutmèg and Pepper, then take half an ounce of Nutmègs, the like of Pepper, a little Salt, Capers, Raisins, Pears in quarters, Prunes, with Grapes, Lemon or Goosberries, and fill the belly herewith; being baked, liquor it with Verjuyce and Sugar, with some large Mace, you may use White wine or Claret in the stead of Verjuyce.

*Hare minced Pyes.*

Take a Hare and bone him, then mince him small with Beef-suet, and a pound and half of Raisins minced, some Currans, Cloves, Mace, Salt and Cinamon, mingle these

these together, and fill your several Pyes therewith; when baked, liquor them with Sack or White wine and Sugar.

*Hares baked a-la-mode de France.*

Take two Hares and parboil them, then take the flesh from the bones and mince it small, put it into a Morter, and beat it into a lump, season it and souce it in Wine and Vinegar; lap all this pulp about the Chine of one Hare, so it will seem but one; having larded it very well, put it into a Coffin with good store of Butter; being baked, liquor it with melted Butter, Nutmeg, Ginger and Sugar.

*Hares baked to be eaten cold.*

Your Hare being parboil'd, and the flesh taken from the bones, mingle it with some *Westphalia* Ham boiled very tender, mince these well together, and beat them in a Morter, then season them with sweet Herbs, Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg, with a little Vinegar, and the yolks of four Eggs, then beat them again, till you have reduced them into a pulpy substance: having your Pye made in some proportion like a Hare, lay in some of the Meat, wash it with the yolks of Eggs, and squeeze,

**Flesh of all sorts**

it down, then lay a laying of Bacon, cut indifferently small, and wash that likewise, and so do over every lay till all your meat be in the Pye; the last lay must be the Bacon with Butter a top, then close it, setting the Ears and Head in their proper places, with a Funnel in the middle, and when it is baked, fill it with clarified Butter, and when you carve it begin at the Tail.

**Lumber Pye.**

Cut your Beef-suet into square pieces, and mingle them with Pepper, grated Bread, Cloves, Mace, some bits of Veal, sweet Herbs, Salt, Sugar, the yolks of four Eggs quarter'd, with Barberries, and a little Cream; work all these together, and put it into the Cauls of Veal like Sausages, then bake them almost in a Dish; and having a Pye made ready, draw them and lay them therein with Butter, Verjuyce, Sugar, Dates, large Mace, Grapes or Barberries and Marrow; being baked scrape Sugar thereon.

**Another very good way.**

Take two pound of Beef-suet, one pound of the flesh of Capon boiled, and another

of

**how to Wake.**

of a Leg of Veal parboil'd; mince these small, and add to them some sweet Herbs, and a good handful of Spinage, with minced Pippins, two or three handfuls of grated Bread, a little Rosewater, the yolks of four Eggs, a pound of Currans; lastly, season it with Salt, Nutmeg, Pepper, Ginger, Cloves and Mace; lay all these materials into the Pye, and lay a top thereof of the Marrow of four Marrow-bones, seasoned with Cinammon, grated Nutmeg, and the juyce of an Orange, with the yolks of Eggs; above all lay sliced Orangado, dried Citron, Ringo roots, candyed Ginger, preserved Barberries, Dates, Sugar and Butter, and close it up; when it is baked, liquor it with Verjuyce and Sugar, beaten together with the yolks of three Eggs, and serve it up.

**Lamb Pye.**

Cut your Lamb into Steaks, Kidney, and all the fat with it, season it with Salt, Nutmeg, Pepper and Mace; your Pye being made, lay in these ingredients, with a pound of Currans and Prunes, lay Butter at top, and let it soak in the Oven three hours and a half; when it is baked, liquor it with a pint of White wine, six yolks of Eggs;

Eggs, Sugar, and a quarter of a pound of Butter, beat these up over the fire in a Pipkin till they boil, then cut open the lid, and pour this into it, shaking it well together.

*Lamb Pasty.*

Having bon'd your Lamb, cut it four square, then season it with Salt, beaten Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, and minced Tyme, lay in some Beef-suet, and your Lamb thereupon, making a high border about it; then turning over your sheet, close and bake your Pasty; when it is enough, liquor it with Claret, Sugar, Vinegar, and the yolks of Eggs beaten up together; if you would have your sauce only savory and not sweet, let it be Gravy only, or the baking of bones in Claret wine.

*Leg of Pork Pye.*

Skin and bone your Pork, beat it well, and lay it in Claret wine; then season it with Cinamon, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace, Pepper and Salt; then make your Pye Venison like, and lay the Pork therein, close it and set it into the Oven, it will require above eight hours baking; before you set it in,

in, wash it over with yolks of Eggs or Saffron Water.

*Marrow Pyes.*

Take Veal, mince it with Beef-suet, and season it with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt, add to them boiled Sparagras cut the length of your thumb, yolks of hard Eggs quarter'd, sweet-Breads of Veal cut small, Potatoes or Hartichokes cut in like manner, some interlarded Bacon and Chesnuts, mingle all these with your Marrow, fill your Pyes and bake them, liquor them with beaten Butter.

Or you may make them of bottoms of Hartichokes, Suckers, yolks of hard Eggs, Chesnuts boil'd, and blanched Marrow, interlarded Bacon cut square, Veal sweet-Breads, Lambstones, Potatoes, Skirrets and Sparagus.

*Mutton minced Pyes.*

Take the half of a Leg of Mutton, and two pound of Beef-suet, mince these very small; then add to these a pound of Currans, the like of Raisins of the Sun, one pound of Prunes, half an ounce of Caraway seed, and half an ounce of Nutmegs, three ounces of Salt, Pepper and Mace of each

each half an ounce, mingle these well together, and fill your Pyes herewith.

*Minced Pyes of Beef.*

Take four pound of Beef, and the like quantity of Suet, with four ounces of Salt, Nutmeg, Pepper, Cloves and Mace of each one ounce, Currans and Raisins of the Sun of each two pound; your Meat and Suet being chopped very small; mingle all these together and fill your Pyes.

*Minced Pyes of Veal.*

Take a Leg of Veal, and having parboil'd it, mince it, when cold, with Beef-suet, then season it with Pepper, Salt and Goosberries, mix it with Verjuyce, Currans, Sugar, and a little beaten Saffron, you may shape them as you please, no Pyes having more variety of forms than these.

*Mare-maid Pye, alias Pig-pie.*

Take a sucking Pig, skin it, bone it and quarter it, then have a fresh water fat Eel, fley'd, split, boned, and seasoned with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg; then make your Pye round, and lay therein the several quarters of your Pig with your Eel, equally distributed

buted among them all, lay over all some whole Cloves, slices of Bacon and Butter, close it up, bake it in fine Paste; being enough, draw it, and fill it up with sweet Butter.

*Neats tongue baked.*

Boil your Neats Tongue very tender, then season it with Nutmeg, Mace and a little Salt; after this make a Pye in the resemblance of the Tongue, and lay it therein, with five or six blades of Mace upon it, three or four Dates quarter'd, a little Orange sliced, with the core of a Lemon, half a pound of Butter, some Sugar, and so close it up; let it stand an hour and a half in the Oven, then draw it, liquor it with Sack, and the juyce of a Lemon, a little Sugar, the yolks of two Eggs, and a little sweet Butter; these must be set over the fire, and carefully stirred before you pour them in.

*Neats Tongue Pye otherways.*

Being boiled tender, blanched and cold, mince small some of the Meat, which you must cut out of the butt-end, with some Beef-suet, season it with Pepper, beaten Ginger and Salt, Currans, grated Bread,

two or three yolks of Eggs, Raisins and Orange minced small, with some minced sweet Herbs, fill your Tongue herewith, then wrap it in a Caul of Veal, laying some thin slices of Veal under the Tongue, with some slices of interlarded Bacon, place on the top of all some Marrow, large Mace, Barberries and Butter; when it is baked, liquor it with White wine, Butter and Sugar.

*Neats Tongue minced Pyes.*

Your Tongue being boiled tender, when it is cold blanch it and mince it very small with three pound of Beef-suet, then let your seasoning be an ounce of Cloves and Mace beaten, a little Salt, a preserved Orange, and a little Lemon-pill minced, a quarter of a pound of Sugar, three pound of Currans, a little Rosewater, some Sack; mingle these all together, and fill your Pyes.

*Neats Tongue baked in a dish.*

Having boiled it tender, blanch it; then take the flesh out of the butt-end, and mince it very small with Marrow and Beef-suet, season it with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, parboil'd Currans, and a Date cut in pieces;

add

add to these the yolks of two new laid Eggs, and a spoonful of sweet Cream, then work these together with the powder of a dried Orange-pill, sprinkle some Verjuyce over it, and cast on some Sugar: Stuff your Tongue herewith, and bake it in a Dish, baste it with sweet Butter to keep it from drying; being enough, sauce it with Vinegar, Butter, Nutmeg, Sugar, and the juyce of an Orange.

*Olive Pye.*

Take Yeal or Mutton, and cut it into thin slices, hack them with the back of your knife, and spread them abroad, then take Strawberry-leaves, Sorrel, Violet-leaves, Endive, Sage, Parsley, Spinage, Savory, Marjoram, and a little Tyme; mince these small with the yolks of hard Eggs; add to them half a pound of Currans, Nutmeg, Pepper, Cynamon, Sugar and Salt, some minced Raisins, Goosberries and Dates minced small, mingle these together, and strow them on your slices of Mutton or Veal, then rowl them up, and put them into a Pye; lay on the top of them some Dates, Marrow, large Mace and Butter, close it up; when baked, liquor

quor it with Verjuyce, Sugar and Butter, and so serve it up.

*Oxe-cheek Pye.*

Let your Oxe-cheek be young, and boil it tender; when it is cold cut it out into slices; then add thereto Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Savory and Spinage with an Onion, season your flesh with Pepper, Nutmeg, Mace, Cloves and Salt, put it into your Pye with some seasoned and sliced Pallates; then put in two whole Onions with some Butter, and close it up; when it is baked, liquor it with Claret wine, the yolks of Eggs, Vinegar and Sugar beaten all together.

*Oxe-cheek Pye otherways.*

Having boil'd it tender, bone it, and seafon it with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt; having made your Pye, put into the bottom thereof some Beef-suet minced indifferently small; then lay on the Cheeks, and over them a pudding made of minced raw Veal, Currans, grated Bread, Suet, Eggs, Saffron, Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, thin slices of interlarded Bacon and Butter, close it up, and when baked, liquor it with Butter.

*Oxe-*

*Oxe-Pallate Pye.*

Boil your Pallates tender, and blanch them, cut them in pieces, and add to them the sweet-breads of Lamb or Veal, squab Pigeons, Marrow, Lambstones, Cocks-combs, Pine-kernels, Chesnuts, Oysters and Capers, balls of forced Meat, seasoned with Nutmeg, Ginger, Pepper, Salt, a small quantity of Cloves and Mace, Lemon, Grapes or Goosberries, fill your Pye herewith, and lay on the top some Butter; when it is baked, lair it with half a pint of Mutton Gravy, the yolks of four raw Eggs, a little White wine, a couple of Anchovies and juyce of Lemon; stir it well about, and set it into the Oven agan, there let it stand till it be almost ready to boil, then take it out and serve it up.

*Pallates otherwise baked.*

Take Pallates, Lips and Noses boiled tender, with Cock-stones, Cocks-combs, Lambstones and sweet-Breads scalded, slice all these, and put to them half a pint of large Oysters parboil'd in their own liquor, quarter'd Dates, Pine-kernels, pickled Broom-buds, slices of interlarded Bacon scalded, a dozen Chesnuts roasted and blanched.

blanched, season all these with Salt, Nutmeg, large Mace, and fill your Pye herewith, laying on the top good store of sweet Butter, with some Marrow; when it is baked, liquor it with Claret, Butter, and the yolks of Eggs beaten together, shake it well together, and garnish it with sliced Lemon, pickled Barberries, Grapes or Goosberries.

*Pig Pye.*

Take a young Pig and skin it, then bone it and beat it very small, season it with Nutmeg, Ginger, a little Pepper and Salt, rubbed well on it, let your Pye be round and deep, and be not sparing of your Butter in the baking; it will require five hours baking.

*Or thus :*

Skin a small fat Pig, and cut it into quarters, then season it with Salt, Pepper and Ginger; then lay it in your Pye with some stript and minced Parsley, some sprigs of Winter-Savory, lay upon these the yolks of four Eggs boiled hard and minced, over these put some blades of large Mace, a handful of clusters of Barberries, a handful of well wash'd and clean pick'd Currans, a little Sugar, half a pound of sweet Butter, close

close it, and let it stand in the Oven two hours, in which time it will be baked, then draw it, and put therein half a pint of White wine and Sugar; being first warm'd over the fire, put on the Pye-lid, and so serve it up.

Or thus you may bake a Pig; scald it, and slit it on the midft, then fley it and bone it; season it with Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg; take some sweet Herbs and chop them small, with the yolks of three new laid Eggs, and some Currans; then lay one half of the Pig into your Pye and Herbs thereon, then lay in your other half, and strow the rest of your Herbs thereon, with a good quantity of Butter: This way is good either hot or cold.

*Pig-pye after the newest fashion.*

Having fley'd your Pig, cut it into quarters, season it with Salt, Ginger and Pepper, then lay it into your Pye; after this take Parsley and Winter-Savory stript, and mince them small, strow these over the several quarters or smaller pieces, and over them the yolks of four or five hard Eggs chopped small; over these four or five blades of Mace, a dozen bunches or more of Barberries, with a handful of Currans well

well cleansed, some Sugar, and over all sweet Butter, bake it and liquor it with Verjuice and Sugar warmed, lay on the lid, and scrape Sugar thereon.

*Pork baked to be eaten cold.*

Bone first a Loyn of Pork, and cut part thereof into Collops, as big as a Hens Egg, with as many Collops of Veal of the same bigness, and beat them both with the back of a Cleaver; you must season your Veal with minced Tyme, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, with the yolks of Eggs; your Pork must be seasoned otherways, with minced Sage, Pepper, Salt, and the yolks of Eggs also; then lay a laying of Pork into your Pye, and a laying of Veal upon it, then Pork on that, and Veal upon that, till all your Meat is in; then close it, and baste your Pye with Saffron water, or the yolks of Eggs; when it is baked and cold, fill it with clarified Butter, let your first and last laying be Pork.

*Rabbets baked to be eaten cold.*

Parboil your Rabbets and bone them, then lard them, and season them with Pepper, Salt, Cloves, Nutmeg and Mace, then put them into the Pye, with a good

quantity

quantity of Winter-savory and forced Meats, put on a pound of Butter on the top, and close it, when baked and cold, fill it with clarified Butter.

*Red Deer baked.*

Having taken out the back sinew and boned your side of Venison, season it and lard the Fillets with great Lard; your proper seasoning is Nutmeg and Pepper of each three ounces, and five ounces of Salt, slash your Venison for the better entring in of your seasoning; your Pye or Pasty being made, lay in the bottom some Butter, a quarter of an ounce of Cloves, two or three Bay-leaves, then lay in your flesh, and thereon a few Cloves, and good store of Butter, close it up, and let it soak in the Oven nine hours at least; before you put it into the Oven, baste it with Saffron water; when baked, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Another very excellent way to bake Red Deer.*

Bone your Venison, and if it be the side, skin it, and beat it with an Iron-pestle, but not too small, then lay it a steeping in Claret wine and Vinegar twenty four hours:

having

having lain that time, take it out, and dry it with a cloth ; if it be lean, lard it with great Lard as long and as thick as your finger ; season it exceeding well with Nutmeg, Mace, Ginger, Pepper and Salt, make your Pye with Rye Paste, deep, round, and very thick, laying Bay-leaves in the bottom and top , then close it , leaving a funnel in the middle ; if you intend to keep it long, when it is baked, pour away all the Gravy, and take Butter and knead it, and wash it in two or three waters, then melt it , and fill up your Pye therewith ; you may keep it thus a quarter of a year, you may bake it after this manner in a Pot, and it will not only keep longer, but require less Butter to fill it up.

*Steak-pye of Mutton.*

Having made your Pye deep, round and pretty thick, take a Neck and Breast of Mutton, and cut them out into pieces as to fry, hack it with your Cleaver, and season it with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, sweet Herbs minced very small, a handful of Capers, two Onions minced small, the yolks of three or four hard Eggs chopped: thus seasoned, lay in your meat scattering these materials over it, and laying pretty store of Butter on the top,

top, then close it, and let it soak in the Oven three hours at least in a moderate heat.

*Steak-pye with a French Pudding in it.*

Season your Steaks as aforesaid, and let them stand in the Tray or Dish two hours ; then take a lean piece of Mutton , and mince it small with Beef-suet , and a few sweet Herbs, with two or three leaves of red Sage , grated Bread , yolks of Eggs, sweet Cream, Raisins of the Sun, incorporate these together , and make an indifferent stiff Pudding, rowl them into balls, and when you have laid your Steaks in a deep Pye, put your Pudding balls in also with some Butter ; Lastly, sprinkle a little Verjuice thereon, and close it up : being baked, take Bay-leaves and fry them in Butter, and stick them in the walls ; serve up your Pye with a cover, squeezing thereon the juyce of Oranges or Lemon.

*Otherways.*

Cut a Neck and Breast of Mutton between every rib, and beat each distinctly with the back of a Cleaver , then season the pieces with Pepper and Salt ; having laid them into your Pye , put thereon

four or five blades of large Mace, and half a pound of sweet Butter, close it up, and let it stand in the Oven two hours: in the mean time boil some Parsley very tender, and beat it as soft as the pulp of a boiled Turnip, put to it a quarter of a pint of White wine Vinegar, a little sweet Butter, and two spoonfuls of Sugar, heat these over the fire, then draw your Pye, and cut open the lid, and pour this sauce all over the Pye, then shake it well on your Peel, that the Sauce and Gravy may mingle together, put on the lid, and scrape on some Sugar.

*Sweet-breads baked.*

Take Sweet-breads and boil them, adding thereto some parboil'd Currans, two or three minced Dates, the yolks of a couple of new laid Eggs, some grated white Bread, season it lightly with Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg and Sugar, wring in the juyce of an Orange or a Lemon; lay these materials between two sheets of Puff-paste, and bake it: it will do every whit as well fried in good sweet Butter.

*Sheeps Tongues baked.*

Having boiled them tender, blanch them

them and cut them into thin slices, then season them with Cinamon, Ginger, and a little Pepper, and put them into a Coffin of fine Paste, with sweet Butter, and a few sweet Herbs minced very small: whilst it is baking, take a little Vinegar, Butter, Nutmeg, Sugar, the yolk of a new laid Egg, one spoonful of Sack, and the juyce of a Lemon; boil all these together on a Chafing-dish of coals, and put it into your Pye; shog it well together and serve it up.

*Tongue Pye.*

Take a Tongue and Udder, after you have either boiled or roasted it, and slice them into thin slices, and season them with Cinamon, Ginger and Salt; then take half a pound of Raisins of the Sun stoned; your Pye being in readiness, lay in a laying of Tongue and Udder, and another of Raisins, continuing so doing till your Pye be filled; put Butter on the top, and close it up; when it is baked, liquor it with this Caudle, which you must make whilst it is baking, take Eggs, Vinegar and White wine, Sugar and Butter, beat these up together, till it is ready to boil; then opening your Pye, pour it all over, and serve it up hot.

*Veal a Breast, Rack, or Loyn how to bake.*

Take which Joyn't you please and bone it, season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper; then take some sweet Herbs, as Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Penniroyal, Winter-savory, &c. and mince these small with some Beef-suet, stuff your Loyn or Breast of Veal herewith, and put it into your Pye, close it, and bake it in good crust, and liquor it with Butter, and the juyce of an Orange or Lemon.

*Veal (Fillet) Pye.*

Cut your Fillet into pieces about the bigness of Walnuts, and season them with Cinamon, Ginger, Sugar and Salt; as to the form you may make what choice you please, lay in your meat with Chesnuts roasted, blanched and quarter'd, Dates sliced, and the Marrow of two Marrow-bones, close it, and when baked, make a caudle of White wine, Cinamon, Sugar and Ginger beaten up together, and poured into your Pye.

*The same to be eaten cold.*

Make a Pye of hot Butter, paste and fine Flowre, then take a Leg of Veal, and cut off

off a large Fillet, then divide that into three equal pieces, and parboil them; when cold, season them with Salt, beaten Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace, then lay in one Fillet, and strow on some minced Tyme, laying on some slices of Bacon, seasoned with Pepper and Sage; then lay on the second, and so the third Fillet with Bacon over every lay; then over all strow some minced Tyme, and a little seasoning, with some large Mace and store of Butter: This done, close up your Pye, baste it with yolks of Eggs; when it is baked and cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

Forget not to beat your Veal very well with the back of your Cleaver before you season it.

*Umble Pye made of a Lambs head and Turne-nance.*

Boil your meat reasonable tender, take the flesh from the bone, and mince it small with Beef-suet and Marrow, with the Liver, Lights and Heart, a few sweet Herbs and Currans, season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, bake it in the form of an Umble Pye, and your Pallate shall hardly distinguish which is which.

## Venison Pye.

Raise a four square Coffin of hot Butter Paste ; then take some Oxe-suet minced small, and lay in the bottom of your Pye ; then take your Venison seasoned with beaten Pepper, Cinamon, Cloves, Ginger, Salt, Mace and Nutmeg pounded, be sure to flase your Venison, that it may the better entertain the seasoning, then lay you meat into your Pye with Butter on the top, and some few Cloves ; let your Walls be substantial ; when it is baked, and that will not be under six hours, cut it up, and put into it about a quart of Venison Sauce.

## Venison Pasty of a fallow Deer to eat hot or cold.

Take the side of a Fallow Deer, bone it and lard it with great Lard, then take Pepper and Nutmeg of each two ounces and a half, of Salt five ounces, and season it here-with ; then have a Pasty made of a good thickness, and lay some Butter therein, upon that lay your Venison the inside downwards, coat it thick with seasoning, and lay thereon a good quantity of Butter, not forgetting to prick on some whole Cloves, indore it with Eggs, and bake it ; when it

## how to Bake.

it is cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

## Otherwise in the best manner.

First bake it in its own blood, wipe it clean, but wash it not ; then skin it, bone it, and season it as before expressed, then bake it again in fine Paste, Puff-paste, or short Paste.

## Land-fowl or Sea-fowl of all sorts baked in Pan or Pasty.

## Brand-geess baked to be eaten cold.

Take your Geese and parboil them, then take out the Breast-bone with as many other bones as you can, with this *proviso*, you do not unshape your Fowl ; then season them with Pepper and Salt, and lard them with good large Lard, and put them into a Coffin and bake them ; when it is cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

## Chicken Pye.

Take eight Chicken-peepers, four sweet-  
I 4 Breads

Breads of Veal, as many Sheeps Tongues boiled tender, blanched and cut into thin slices with the sweet-Breads, half a dozen Larks or Sparrows, half a score Cocks-combs, a pint and a half of great Oysters parboil'd, and the marrow of four Marrow-bones ; let all these be seasoned lightly with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg ; fill your Pye three quarters full with these materials, then take some Veal and mince it, with as much Marrow, a little grated Bread, the yolks of three Eggs, minced Dates, Salt, Nutmeg, sweet Marjoram, work up these with a little Cream, and make it into balls, and lay them into your Pye, with some Gravy, bottoms of Hartichokes, and some Butter over all, lay some Marrow, Chesnuts boiled and blanched, large Mace, and a handful of Goosberries, close up your Pye, and when baked, liquor it with a little Butter, juyce of Oranges and Claret wine.

Or you may bake them thus : having truss them, season them lightly as before, and put them into a Coffin, lay on them sliced Dates, with the Marrow of four Marrow-bones, some large Mace, six ounces of Eringo roots, some Grapes and Butter, close it up, and being half baked, liquor it with

with a good quantity of Butter, Grapes, Verjuice and Sugar, then bake it till it is enough, ice it and serve it up.

### *Chicken Pyes for Winter.*

Season your Chickens after you have truss them, with Cloves, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, beaten and Mace ; then take some Parsley and Tyme and mince them small, and mould them into a ball with some Butter, and some of the aforesaid seasoning, stuff the bellies of your Chickens herewith, and then lay them into your Pye with sliced Lemons on the top of them, and the bottoms of boiled Hartichokes cut into square pieces, close it up, and when it is baked, take the yolk of an Egg, a grated Nutmeg, White wine, Gravy and Butter beaten up together, and lair it therewith.

### *Chicken Pyes for the Summer.*

Take half a dozen Chicken-peepers and truss them, season them with Nutmeg, Salt, Ginger and whole Mace, lay them into your Pye on their backs, and cover them with scalded Goosberries or Cabbage, Lettice, with some Asparagus boiled, and Butter ; when it is baked, liquor it with a pint of White wine, the yolks of half a dozen

dozen Eggs, Sugar, and a quarter of a pound of Butter beaten up over the fire till it boileth.

*Chickens baked with Grapes.*

Having trusf and scalded your Chickens, season them with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, and lay them into a Pye with half a pound of Butter; when it is baked, cut it up, and lay on the Breasts of your Chicken some Grapes boiled in Verjuyce, Butter, Nutmeg and Sugar, with the juyce of an Orange or Lemon.

*Capon baked in Pasty-pan.*

Your Capon being roasted and cold, take the flesh from the bones and slice it, but preserve the Thighs and Pinions, add to the flesh of your Capon four sweet-Breads, half a pint of Oysters, three Lambstones, and season them all with Nutmeg, Salt, Cloves, Mace, minced Tyme, sweet Marjoram and Penniroyal; lay into your Pasty-pan a sheet of paste, and in the bottom thereof lay your Thighs and Pinions; and upon them strow a minced Onion, on these lay your flesh, and upon it the sweet-Breads, Lambstones and Oysters cut into halves, over all a handful of boiled and blanched Chestnuts,

nuts, put Butter on the top, and close your Pan; when it is baked, lair it with Claret wine, strong Broth, Gravy, drawn Butter, some Anchovies dissolved, with a grated Nutmeg, garnish it with slices of Lemon.

In the same manner you may bake a Turkey.

*Curlew or Hernsham baked.*

Trusf them and parboil them, then season them with Pepper, Salt and Ginger, put them in deep Coffins with a good quantity of Butter, and let the heads be visible.

*Crane, Bustard or Peacock baked to be eaten cold.*

Bone your Bustard, Peacock, Crane or Turkey, parboil and lard it with large Lard, then season it with Salt, Nutmeg and Pepper of each about two ounces and a half; your Pye being ready, lay in the bottom thereof some Butter, with some beaten Cloves, then lay in your Fowl with the rest of the seasoning thereon, with a good quantity of Butter, close it, baste it with Saffron water, and when baked

baked and cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Hen baked to be eaten cold.*

Having parboiled a young fleshy Hen, cut off the Legs, Wings and Merrythought, then flat the Carkass to lye handsome in the Pye; after this, season the flesh with Salt, Pepper, Cloves and Mace, and put it into a Coffin with Lambstones sliced, Sweet-Breads, Sausages, some Oysters, the yolks of hard Eggs, and two Onions cut in halves, put on half a pound of Butter and close your Pye; when it is baked lare it with Claret, strong Broth, beaten up with the yolk of an Egg, a grated Nutmeg and drawn Butter.

*Hen baked in Pasty-pan.*

Slice the flesh from the bones of a young Hen, that hath been roasted or boiled, and is cold, and season it with sweet Marjoram, Tyme, Parsley, and a large Onion minced very small, with Cloves, Mace and Nutmeg beaten; then put your bones into the Pasty-pan, first under-laying it with a sheet of fine paste; let your sliced meat lye on the top hereof, and over all put Butter, then close it with another sheet of paste, being

being baked, batter the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, being indifferent thick, put to them some strong broth, and a quarter of a pint of Claret wine, with some Parsley boiled green and shred small, stir all these together with a ladleful of drawn Butter; take out the bones before you put in this lair, then stir all very well together; then stick the bones a top on the meat, and garnish it with slices of Oranges or Lemons.

*Herns baked to be eaten cold.*

So bone your Hern, that you do not mishape it; then lard it, and season it with Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace beaten, then lay it into a Coffin, making the head to appear out of the lid; when it is baked, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Heath-pouts, Pheasant-pouts, or Pea-chikens baked.*

Take any of the aforesaid and bone them, and lard them with Lard as big as your little finger almost, then season them with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, and a few Cloves; your Pye being made, lay some Butter in the bottom thereof, then lay on your Fowls with good store of seasoning and

and Butter; if you intend to eat it cold, then must you also, when it is baked and cold, fill it up with clarified Butter; if you would have your Pye to be eaten hot, season your Fowl but lightly, and put into your Pye with them Beef-suet, and some Veal minced small, some sweet herbs, grated Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, the yolks of four raw Eggs, bottoms of boiled Hartichokes, Grapes or Goosberries.

*Larks or Sparrow Pyes.*

Take what quantity of them you think fit, trus them and parboil them, then season them with Pepper and Salt, then lay them in a Pye with Butter on the top and bottom, mingle amongst them some Marrow, and a few Chesnuts boiled and blanched.

*Mallard Pyes.*

Take a couple or more of wild Mallards, and season them very well with Pepper and Cloves beaten, some Salt and a little Nutmeg, lay them into a deep Coffin with store of Butter, and a couple of large Onions minced small; when baked, liquor your Pye with Butter only, or with an Anchovie.

Par-

*Partridge minced Pyes.*

Take a brace of Partridges and mince them, mince the like quantity of Beef-suet, then take Orangado and green Citron of each two ounces; let the Meat be seasoned with beaten Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace, Salt and Sugar; mingle all these together, and close it up in Puff-paste: being baked, open it and put therein half a grain of Amber-griece dissolved in Rosewater, stirring it well together serve it up.

*Pigeons, Stock-doves, Quails or Rails baked to be eaten cold.*

Having made your Pye of a pottle of fine Flowre, and a quarter of a pound of Butter boiled in fair Water made up quick and stiff; then take half a dozen Stock-doves or Pigeons, trus, wash, and wipe them dry, then season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt of each two ounces and a half; laying some Butter in the bottom of the Pye, put in your Fowl and the remaining seasoning, with good store of Butter on the top; when it is baked and cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

If you will eat your Pye hot, then use but half the seasoning, and when it is baked, lair it

it with Butter, Verjuyce, Sugar, some sweet Marjoram boiled and chopt small, with the yolk of an Egg beaten up all together.

*Sea-fowl of all sorts baked, a Swan, Whopper, &c.*

Let your Swan, Whopper, or any other Sea-fowl be parboil'd, then boned, and afterwards larded; then take four ounces of Salt, three of Nutmeg, two of Pepper, and season your Fowl herewith, bake them in Rye-paste made up stiff with boiling liquor, if you will eat it cold; if hot, use but half the seasoning, and bake them in fine Paste liquor'd with Claret, Gravy, Butter, an Onion, Capers or Cysters. Thus you may bake Shovellers, Herns, Curlews, Gulls, Wild-Geese, Tame-Geese, and Muscovia Ducks.

*Swan Pye to be eaten cold.*

In the first place uncase or skin your Swan, then bone him and lard the flesh, season it lightly with Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace; then make your Pye Swan-like of Rye dough, and lay your Swan therein, and upon it lay some sheets of Lard and Bay-leaves, and Buttter on the top of that;

that; close it up, and baste it with the yolks of Eggs; when it is baked, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Otherways.*

Only pluck your Swan and skin it, not scald it, and take out the bones, then parboil it, and season it with Salt, Pepper and Ginger; having larded it, put it into a deep Rye-coffin, with a good quantity of Butter; let it soak very well in the Oven, and being baked, pour in at the Funnel some molten Butter.

*Turkey baked in the French fashion.*

Having boned your Turkey, lard it with big Lard, then season it with Pepper, Cloves and Mace, Salt and Nutmeg; put into his belly some interlarded Bacon, some Rosemary, Bays, whole Cloves, whole Pepper and Mace, then let it steep all night in White wine; in the morning close it up in a sheet of course paste, and bake it in a Pan with the same liquor it was in, it will require four hours baking; when it is enough, serve it on a Pye-plate stuck with Rosemary and Bays, with Mustard and Sugar in saucers.

*Turkey baked to be eaten cold.*

Parboil your Fowl, then bone and lard him, season him also with Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace, put him into a deep Coffin with Butter on the top and bottom, let the head peep through the lid, then baste it with Saffron-water, and when baked and cold, fill it up with clarified Butter.

*Wild or tame Goose-pye.*

Having broken the bones of your Goose parboil him, then take Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace, and season him therewith; then take a couple of Rabbets and lard them very well, then make your Pye of good hot Butter paste; then lay in your Goose with a Rabbet on each side, with store of Butter on the top. This is the good House-wives standing Dish.

---

---

*All*

---

---

*All sorts of Fish, Flesh and Fowl marinated, pickled or souced.*

---

---

*Fish marinated, pickled or souced.**Carp marinated.*

**H**aving scraped, wash'd, cleans'd and dried your Carp, split it down the back, flowre it, and fry it crisp in Sallet Oyl, then lay it in a deep Dish, then put into a Pipkin some White wine Vinegar, with a bundle of all sorts of sweet Herbs, with some large Mace, sliced Ginger, gross Pepper, sliced Nutmeg, whole Cloves, and some Salt; boil these together a little while, and pour it on your Fish, then presently cover it up close for two hours to detain the spirits of the Herbs and Spices from flying out; then lay some slices of Lemon thereon and barrel it up.

*Conger*

*Conger marinated.*

Cut it into pieces, and fry it in clarified Butter, then put it into a barrel, laying between every lay of Fish fried Bay-leaves, large Mace, sliced Ginger, and a few whole Cloves: Lastly, add to them some Salt and White wine Vinegar, and so head your Cask.

*Conger souced.*

Take a fat Conger, splat it and bone it, having first fley'd and scalded it, season him with Salt, Mace, and minced Nutmeg, then bind it up hard in a clean cloath, and boil it in Water and White wine, of each an equal quantity, throw some Salt therein and keep it for your use.

*Conger pickled.*

First fley your Eel, then cut him in pieces, and bind them up together with tape, then boil it in Water, Vinegar and Salt, with a handful of Fennel; when it is boiled, put it into your Soucing-pan with soine of the same liquor, Beer, Vinegar, and a handful of green Fennel laid on the top of your Fish.

*Caveer**Caveer pickled.*

Wash your Caveer in Vinegar, season it with Salt, then press it two or three days, so that all the liquor may run from it; then mix it with beaten Pepper and Salt, press it once more as long as before; if you find it seasoned high enough, put it into an earthen pot, and strow some Salt upon it; when you use it, you may either slice it on a plate with Oyl, Vinegar, and sliced Lemon; or temper it in a Dish with Vinegar; then pour on Oyl, juyce of Oranges, Pepper, and some sliced Lemon, and strow on the pill being shred small.

*Eels collar'd.*

Take a good large silver Eel, split him down the back, and take forth the bone, wash and dry him, then salt him; after this take minced Oysters, Tyne, sweet Marjoram, Winter-savory, an Onion minced small, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace pounded in a Morter, strow these ingredients on the inside of the Eel or Eels, then rowl them up close, and bind them with tape, boil them in Vinegar, Water and Salt, a faggot of sweet Herbs, and three whole Onions, adding to this pickle some Ginger, garnish

garnish your Dish with Fennel and Flowers.

*Eels souced otherways.*

Take four large fat Eels, scotter them in Salt, draw, wash and cleanse them, then cut them into equal pieces a finger and half in length, scotch them on the back, and lay them a steeping in Wine Vinegar and Salt about two hours, then boil them with sweet Herbs, Onions, large Mace; being boiled, pour away the liquor; when they are cold, take a pint of the liquor, and as much White wine, and boil it up with some Saffron beaten to powder, then take out the Spices, wherein the Fish was boiled, and add them to your White wine, &c. and pour all over your Eels.

*Flounders, Plaice or Soals marinated.*

Dry well with a clean cloth your Fish, flowre them and fry them in Sallet Oyl, which you must make very hot, and that will make your Flounders fry crisp and brown, then put them into a large earthen Pan, put thereto sliced Nutmeg, Ginger, large Mace, whole Pepper, and a couple of sliced Lemons, over these lay some Bay-leaves fried, and a little Salt, pouring

on

on them as much White wine and Vinegar as will cover them.

*Lobsters, Prawns, Shrimps or Cram-fish pickled.*

Boil your Lobsters, Prawns, &c. then take Fennel and bruise it in Salt and Vinegar, and with a sprig of Fennel wash them between the carkafs and tail; leave some branched Fennel under the tails, pour on them White wine, Vinegar, Mace, Cloves, Nutmeg, and sliced Ginger.

*Lobster marinated.*

Half boil your Lobsters, then take out the meat from the shells, and lard the tails with a Salt Eel, then cut the tails long ways, and fry them in sweet Oyl, when enough, set them by; then take White wine Vinegar, Mace, Nutmeg, sliced Ginger, Cloves, Pepper, Salt, the tops of Tyme, Rosemary, Sage, Winter-savory, sweet Marjoram, Bay-leaves and Parsley, dish up your Fish, and pour all these materials thereon with the slices of three Lemons, running it all over with Butter.

Lob-

## LOBSTERS PICKLED OTHERWAYS.

Take Vinegar, White wine and Salt, and boil your Lobsters therein ; being boiled set them by : then take large Mace, whole Pepper, and all manner of sweet Herbs, and boil them all together in the liquor with the Lobsters, adding thereto some whole Cloves, then barrel them up in a Vessel that will just contain them, pouring the liquor on them, and keep them for your use.

## LUMPS SOUCED.

Boil your Lump with the skin on, having first scalded and scraped it very well, then take the tail of a Lobster, some large Oysters, Prawns, the yolks of hard Eggs, some sweet Herbs, and mince these all together ; then put to them some grated Bread, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, and some Salt, it will not be amiss to add hereunto an Anchovie or two, put these into the belly of your Lump, and boil him in White wine, Water, Vinegar and Salt, serve him to the Table with some of the liquor.

You may in this manner souce any Fish,  
as

## PICKLED OR SOUCED.

195  
as Soals, Mullets, Dace, Gurnets, Pikes, Carps, Perches, Tenches and Roches.

## MULLETS SOUCED.

Having scaled and wash'd them clean, lay them in a Dish, and throw some Salt upon them, some sliced Ginger and large Mace, put some Wine Vinegar, and two or three Cloves ; then boil it with as much Wine as Water, but put not in the Fish till the Water boils ; being boiled enough, put it into a flat-bottom'd earthen-Pan, and pour on the liquor and cover it close.

## MULLET MARINATED.

Take a Gallon of Vinegar, and a quart of Water, a good handful of Bay-leaves, as much Rosemary, and a quarter of a pound of Pepper beaten small ; put these together, and boil them over a soft fire, and season the broth with Salt ; then fry your Fish in good clarified Butter, take them up and put them into a barrel that is but just sufficient to contain them, lay the Bay-leaves and Rosemary between every lay of Fish, and pour the broth on it ; when it is cold close up the Vessel.

**Fish Marinated,***Oysters pickled.*

Make choice of your largest Oysters, strain them from the liquor and wash them clean; then set on as much Water as you think will cover them, and when it boileth, put them in and but just scald them, pour them from the liquor, then take some of their own liquor, and mingle it with a little of that in which they were scalded, some Vinegar, large Mace, whole Pepper, Salt, and two or three Bay-leaves, boil all these together; and when your Oysters are cold barrel them, and fill them up with liquor, putting thereto, if you like it, a Clove of Garlick.

*Another way.*

Take a Gallon of very fair large Oysters, they are best about the full of the Moon, parboil these in their own liquor, then take them up and dry them in a clean cloth, and put them into a well seasoned barrel; then take the Oyster liquor well cleansed from the dregs, and boil it with a pint and a half of White wine, half a pint of White wine Vinegar, four or five blades of whole Mace, three quarters of an ounce of Pepper not beaten, three ounces of white

**Pickled or Souced.**

white Salt, three rases of sliced Ginger, and a dozen or fourteen Cloves, pour this liquor into your barrel and head it up close.

Serve them up in a clean Dish with Bay-leaves, Barberries, and sliced Lemon round about them.

*Oysters marinated.*

Take six quarts of large Oysters, parboil them as aforesaid, then wash them in warm Water, dry them, flowre them, and fry them in a pottle of sweet Sallet Oyl, make them as crisp as you can, and keep them warm till you have made a sauce of White wine, wine Vinegar, half a dozen blades of Mace, sliced Nutmeg, Ginger sliced, a good quantity of Cloves and whole Pepper, with some Salt; boil all these Spices with a faggot or two of sweet Herbs; having dish'd your Oysters, pour on the liquor and Spices, and garnish it with sliced Lemon.

*Pike souced.*

Having drawn and cleans'd your Pike very well, put on your kettle, and when your Water boils, put in your Pike with some Salt, let it boil leasurely with no more liquor than will cover it: or you may boil it

for keeping a considerable while in as much Wine as Water indifferently seasoned with Salt, add thereto a little Vinegar, sliced Ginger, large Mace, Cloves and some Lemon-pill; being boiled not too much, take it up and lay it by till you have boiled up the liquor to a consistency, then lay it in some deep Pan, and pour your liquor all over it, and cover it up close.

*Salmon how to pickle to keep six months or longer.*

Take the Salmon and cut it in six round pieces, then boil it in Vinegar and Water, two parts of the former and one of the latter, put not in your Salmon till the liquor hath boiled half an hour; your Salmon being boiled, take it up and drain it, then take Rosemary-leaves, Bay-leaves, Cloves, Mace and whole Pepper, a good quantity of each, and boil them in two quarts of White wine, and as much of Vinegar, let these boil half an hour; your Salmon being cold, rub it well with Pepper and Salt, and put it up in a barrel with a lay of Salmon, and another of Spice, that is boiled in the liquor; having filled your Vessel, pour on the liquor. Renew your

pickle

pickle once a quarter, and your Salmon will keep a compleat twelvemonth.

*Salmon pickled in Collers.*

Having cut off some of the tail, take the rest of the side, wash and dry it; then wash it with the yolks of Eggs, mince some sweet Herbs, and strow thereon, with a little Fennel, season it with good store of Salt, Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace, Ginger and Pepper; then bind it up in Collers with broad tape, then set over your Kettle with Water, Vinegar and Salt, and let it boil with a faggot of sweet Herbs, sliced Ginger and Nutmeg, then lay it, when boiled, into your Souce-pan, and pour some liquor thereon.

*Soals souced.*

Take new caught Soals, and scotch them on the White side thick, but not too deep, then boil them in White wine, wine Vinegar, Cloves, Mace, sliced Ginger and Salt, not putting in your Fish till your liquor boils, which must be no more than will cover them; then put in sliced Onions, Parsley, Tyme, Sage, Rosemary, sweet Marjoram, and Winter-savory; being boiled enough, set your Fish a cooling.

## Soals souced and Coller'd.

Take out the bone of your Soals, and either scrape or skin them, but scraping is most proper; then take Salmon, Oysters, Lobsters, Shrimps or Prawns, and mince these with the yolks of Eggs boiled hard with some Anchovies, add to these a handful or what you think fit of minced Herbs, season all with Nutmeg, Cloves, Ginger, Pepper and Salt; your Soals being dried and washed over with the yolks of Eggs, spread on them the aforesaid materials, then rowl up your Soals in Collers, binding them hard with Tape; when they are boiled, pickle them in Wine, Water, Vinegar, Salt, Spices and sweet Herbs boiled together.

## Sturgeon pickled.

Garbidge your Sturgeon, if it be a Female keep the Spawn to make Caveer, split him down equally on the back, cut off your Jole to the body-ward, then your first and second Rand very fair, let your tail-piece be the least, bind up these pieces close with flag or tape, and season them with Salt very well, let it boil an hour and a half before you take it up, and all the while

it

it boils, scum off the Oyl, and supply it with liquor, otherways your Sturgeon will be rusty.

*Sturgeon souced a better way to keep a long time.*

Having drawn your Sturgeon, cut down your Sturgeon on the back into equal Sides and Rands, then wash it from the blood with Water and Salt, then boil it in Water, Vinegar and Salt till it be tender, then lay it in some place to cool, when cold barrel it up close with the liquor it was boiled in.

## Sturgeon marinated.

Take the Joles and Rands of Sturgeon, and having cleaus'd, dried and flower'd them, fry them in a large Kettle wherein you must have three Gallons of Rape Oyl clarified; being fried crisp, set them to cool, in the mean time make your pickle of a Gallon and a half of White wine, two Gallons of wine Vinegar, four or five handfuls of Salt, a quarter of a pound of large Mace, five ounces of whole Pepper, two ounces of sliced Ginger; and when it is cold pack it up close, pouring this pickle upon it.

*Smelts marinated.*

Put a quart of Sallet Oyl or more into a Frying-pan, and when it is hot put in your Fish so many as the Oyl will cover, as it waites supply it with more; then fry Bay-leaves in the Oyl the Fish was fryed in, then put some Claret wine into an earthen Pan, and put the fryed Leaves into the bottom thereof, and let some of them lye aloft, slice an ounce of Nutmeg, as much Ginger and Mace, a few Cloves and Wine Vinegar, then put in your Fish, so that the Bay-leaves and Spices cover it; when you serve it, let it be with Bay-leaves and the Spices.

*Otherways marinated white or red.*

Gill some large Smelts and lay them in a Pan, put on them a row of sliced Lemon, sliced Ginger, Nutmeg, large Mace and whole Pepper, then a row of Smelts, and so continue doing till they are all placed; then put to them White wine, Vinegar, Salt and Bay-leaves: thus you must do, if you would have them white; but if red, then must your pickle be Red-wine well mingled with Cocheneil, a weeks time will throughly pickle them; when you

dish

**Pickle or Souced.**

201

dish them up, you must divide them as an Anchovie, strowing on Lemon cut four square, with Broom-buds and Barberries.

*Turbut souced.*

Having fitted your Fish for the Kettle, and your liquor boiling, put your Turbut thereto, season it in the boiling very well with Salt, and let it boil leisurely and scum it often.

If you intend to keep it a good while, boil it in as much Water and White wine as will cover it; some Wine Vinegar, sliced Ginger, large Mace, some Cloves, and some Lemon-pill; being boil'd and cold, put in a sliced Lemon, and keep it for your use in an earthen Pan.

*Tench souced.*

Draw your Tench at the Gills, and cut them off, then will they boile the whiter, have Water on the fire, and season it with Salt, Vinegar, five or six Bay-leaves, large Mace, whole Cloves, some faggots of sweet Herbs bound up hard together; so soon as your liquor boils, put in your Tench wiped clean, but not scaled, being boiled wash off the loose scales; then strain the liquor through a jelly-bag, and put to it some

K. 5.

Izing-

Izing-glas, being washed and steeped for that purpose, and boil it very cleanly, dish your Fish in the Dish you intend to send it up in, then strain the liquor through the bag, pour it on the Fish and let it cool.

This Jelly will serve to jelly Lobsters, Crawfish or Prawns, hanging them in some glass by a thread at their full length, and filling the glass with the Jelly when it is warm; it being cold, turn it out of the glass.

### All sorts of Herbs, Roots, &c. pickled, with Sallets and Grand Sallets.

#### *Artichokes.*

When your Artichokes are ripe, gather them and cut off the stalk within an inch of the Choke, wash them clean and boil them in Water and Salt, then take them up, laying the bottoms upward till they be cold: this being done, provide a Vessel of clear Water and Salt boiled together and cooled, then put the Artichokes into it, cover it close, and so you may keep them all the year round: do not

make

make your Pickle too salt; they are good for Pyes at Christmas, or for shew.

#### *Another very good.*

Take your Artichokes not too ripe, for then they will be full of strings, pare them round to the bottom, and boil them tender, take them up and set them a cooling, then take White wine and stale Beer, with good store of whole Pepper, so put them into a barrel with a little Salt, keep them close, and they will serve for baked meats and boiled meats all the year.

#### *Ashen-keys pickled.*

Having boiled your Ashen-keys, putt them into a Pot, and put thereunto some Vinegar, keep it close covered.

#### *Alexander-buds pickled.*

You must make choice of your Alexander-buds before they run to seed, and take off their tops and loose leaves, so that the Bud may be intire and firm, cut part of the Root to them, and parboil them very well in Water and Salt, then put them from the liquor, and when they are cold, put to them Vinegar, Salt, and some stale Beer; when

when you use them, slit them in the middle.

*Bogberries pickled.*

Take some Bogberries, and put them into Gallipots, then pour into them some Vinegar and Sugar boiled together, close the top of your Pots, and these will serve for garnish all the year: Thus you may pickle Hog-haws; if not ripe, you must boil them.

*Broom-buds pickled.*

First tye up your Broom-buds in little bags, then make a strong pickle of Water and Salt, boiling it so long till it will bear an Egg: having put your Broom-buds into pots fitting for the purpose, pour in your pickle when it is cold, there let them lye till they look black, then shift them till they look of a bright or green colour; after this, when occasion shall serve, you may take them out and boil them; then pickle them in Vinegar.

*Burdock-roots pickled.*

Take Burdock-roots and half boil them, having first scraped them very clean, then put them up into convenient Vessels, and pour

pour into them a like quantity of White wine and wine Vinegar, with some Salt and Pepper, when you use them slice them thin.

*Barberries pickled.*

Pick your Barberries from the Leaves in clusters, when they are ripe, and put them into boiling Water, there let them lye half a quarter of an hour, then close them in Gallipots, putting a pickle to them of White wine and Vinegar not made too sharp.

*Broom-capers.*

Boil the greatest and hardest Broom-buds in wine Vinegar and Bay-salt, scum it clean; when it is cold, you may put in raw ones also, each by themselves, laying a weight upon them, for all that swim will be black, and the raw ones that are pressed down will be as green as grafts, those that are boiled will change colour.

*Cucumbers how to pickle.*

Cut your Cucumbers in pieces, boil them in spring-Water, Sugar and Dill, a walm or two, take them up, and let your pickle stand until it be cold.

*The best way is thus:*

After Bartholomew-tide, make choice of your sinallest Cucumbers, by some called Gerkins, cleanse them well from all dirt and impurity, then put in the bottom of an earthen Pot or Ferkin, some Bay and Dill-leaves, some whole Pepper, blades of Mace, and some Cloves, then place a laying of Cucumbers thereon, then a lay of Bay and Dill-leaves, then a lay of Cucumbers, till you have filled your Vessel, you must thus continue to do; then make a liquor of Water and Dill to make it strong, with some Salt; you may boil this liquor, if you please, but pour it not to them till it be cold, then let your Cucumbers lye herein fifteen or sixteen days, then pour the liquor from them, not all, and fill it up with White wine, Vinegar; this will make your Cucumbers look green, be green and not too sowr.

*Caper-rowlers of Radish-cods.*

Take them when they be hard, and not over-much open, boil them tender in fair Water, then boil White wine, Vinegar and Bay-Salt together, and keep them therein.

*Cucum.*

*Cucumbers otherways pickled.*

Being put into an earthen Pot, let the pickle you put to them be Vinegar, Salt, whole Pepper, Dill-seed, some of the stalks, cut Charnel, fair Water, and some Sycamore leaves.

*Clove-Gilliflowers pickled.*

Pick a good quantity of Clove-Gilliflowers, put them into an equal quantity of White wine and Vinegar, with so much Sugar as will make them both sweet and sharp, add to them a few Cloves.

*Comslips pickled.*

Pick them, and let them lye only in Vinegar and Sugar.

*Currans red and white pickled.*

Take red or white Currans, being not thoroughly ripe, and give them a walm in White wine and Vinegar, with so much Sugar as will indifferently sweeten it, cover them over in this liquor, and keep them always under it.

*Cabbidge stalks pickled.*

Take a quantity of Cabbidge stalks from the

the Cabbidge, so far as the pith is good, about *Michaelmas* the time is best, shave off the outside, and cut them into quarters, half boil them in Water and Salt, then cut the pith from the outward pill, and pickle it in White wine, a little stale Beer, bruised Pepper, a little large Mace, a few Fennel-seeds and Salt, slice these out with your pickled Sallets.

*Charnel pickled.*

Give your Charnel two or three walms in boiling Water, your pickle must be only Vinegar.

*Dill or Fennel pickled.*

Tye up young Fennel in bunches, and give it half a dozen of walms in boiling Water, then put it up, and let your pickle be Vinegar only.

*Elder tops pickled.*

About the middle of *April* break the tops of young sprouts of Elder, about six inches in length, and having a convenient quantity, give them half a dozen walms in boiling Water, then drain them in a Cullender; let your pickle be Wine or Beer, adding thereto some Salt, and a little bruised

bruised Pepper, stop them up close in the said pickle: This is not only a wholesome Sallet, but also commendable.

*Or thus:*

Take young sprouts of Elder, and break their tops five inches long; then boil them in Water, and lay them in a Cullender to drain: having prepared a pickle of Wine or Beer, with some Salt and bruised Pepper, put them therin and stop them up close.

*Elder-buds pickled.*

Gather them before they are full blown, and lay them in White wine Vinegar, these will make an excellent Sallet; if they are throughly blown, make thereof Elder Vinegar.

*Or thus:*

Set Vinegar over the Fire, and give your Buds a walm or two therein, with Salt, Pepper, large Mace and Lemon-pill cut in pieces, then drain your Buds from the liquor and let them cool, then put them into a Pot, and put your liquor, when cold, unto them.

*Endive curled.*

Let your Endive be first scalded in boiling Water, then lay it in a pickle of half White wine, and half Vinegar.

*Flowers of any kind pickled.*

Put them into a Gallipot with as much Sugar as they weigh, and fill them up with wine Vinegar, a pint to a pound of Sugar.

*Grapes and Goosberries pickled.*

Having pick'd them, put them into the juice of Crab, Cherries, Grape-Verjuyce, or any other Verjuyce, and so barrel them up; or take green Grapes, and lay them in a pickle of White wine and Vinegar.

*Green Figs pickled.*

Take green Figs, slit them in two, and boil them in Vinegar, some Sugar, large Mace and Cloves, and put them into a Gallipot with the same liquor; they are a good garnish for boil'd meats in Winter.

Hop-

*Hop-buds pickled.*

Take your Hop-buds and give them a walm or two in Water and Salt, then lay them in White wine and Vinegar.

*Kit-keys, Crucifex, Pease or Purslane pickled.*

Take any of the aforesaid, and lay them in as much Wine as Water, with a little Salt, then boil them after this, put them into a Pot, and cover them with Vinegar made of White wine.

*Lemons pickled.*

First boil them in Water and Salt, and then put them into a Vessel fill'd up with White wine.

*Lemon or Orange-pill pickled.*

Boil then in Vinegar and Sugar, having first parboil'd them in Water, divide the whole Pill into halves, and cut them into thongs according to the extent; you must put them up in the same pickle they were boiled in: This is an excellent Winter Sallet.

*Marsh-Mallow-stalks pickled.*

The time to gather these is about the latter

latter end of *March*, for then the stalks will be of a convenient bigness; gather what quantity you think fit, and peel off the outward Pill, when your Water boils, being season'd with Salt, put them therein, give them half a dozen walms, then take them up, drain them, and let them cool, then make a pickle of stale Beer, some Vinegar, gross Pepper, and a handful of Salt, according to the quanity of your stalks.

There is a pretty way of ordering them to make them pass for a Dish of Pease, and that is thus: Take some stalks pilled, and cut them into the form of Pease, so many as will make a handsome dishful, then set them over the Fire in a Skillet of Water, and let them boil with some Pepper tyed up in a clean rag; when boiled enough over a quick Fire, put them into a Cullender, and drain them well from the Water, then dish them up like Pease with good store of Butter, with Pepper and Salt round the Dish brims; Pease and these Stalks have a taste very semblable, in so much, that they are frequently called *March Pease*: I have known them so well shaped, and so curiouly ordered, that the Eaters have wondred how Pease should come so soon.

Mal-

*Mallagatoons pickled.*

Take them before they are ripe, so that you may split the stone with your knife, then add to them half their weight of Sugar, then boil them therewith and scum it, lay your Mallagatoons with their skin side downward, let them only simmer: after the same manner you may order Peaches, and Apricocks, and put them up in the same pickle they were boiled in.

*Mushrooms pickled.*

Take what quantity of Mushrooms you please to pickle, blanch them over the crown, and barb them beneath, throw away what looks black, for they are old, put those that are young and fresh (which will look red) into a Pan of boiling Water; having boiled a little time, take them up and drain them, when they are cold, put them into some convenient Vessel, and add thereto some Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Pepper, and Nutmeg, then take the White wine, a little Vinegar and Salt, and pour this liquor in to your Mushrooms, stop them close, and so keep them the whole year.

Pur-

*Purflain pickled.*

Gather them at their full growth, but not too old, parboil them and keep them in White wine Vinegar and Sugar.

*Or thus :*

Wash the Stalks clean, and cut them into lengths of six inches, boil them in Water and Salt indifferent tender, then drain and cool them; after this put to them a pickle of stale Beer and wine Vinegar, adding thereto some Salt; if you stop them up close, they will keep till the Spring following.

*Quinces pickled.*

First core your Quinces, those which are fairest and largest, the worse sort cut in pieces, and boil them to make your liquor strong, then put in whole Quinces, and let them be a quarter boil'd, then strain your liquor and put to it some Salt, some strong stale Beer, then lay your Quinces into a Pot, and put in the liquor, so stop it up close.

*Otherways.*

Take Quinces and neither pare or core them with your scoop, boil them indifferently

rently in Water and Salt, then barrel them and cover them in the liquor they were boiled in; or you may pare them and boil them in White wine, into which you must put whole Cloves, sliced Ginger and Cinnamon: Lastly, you may barrel them up raw and put to them only White wine.

*Red Cabbidge pickled.*

Take your close leav'd Cabbidge, and cut it into pieces or quarters, when your liquor boils, parboil it therein, then take it up, drain it and pickle it in Claret wine Vinegar.

*Reddish tops pickled.*

Half boil them, then put them into White wine, Salt, a little stale Beer, Mace and bruised Pepper.

*Sparagras to keep all the year.*

Parboil them but a very little, and put them into clarified Butter, cover them with it, the Butter being cold cover it; about a Month after refresh them with new Butter, and bury them under ground in a Pot covered over with leather.

Sam-

*Samphire pickled green.*

Let your Samphire be fresh gathered, and pickle it in Water and Salt; when you use it, boil it half a dozen walms, then drain it, and when it is cold, put it into a pickle of Vinegar, for your present use; some boil it at first in Water and Salt, and keep it in the same liquor, but the first way is the best.

*Otherways.*

Pick the branches from the dead leaves of the Samphire, and lay it into a small barrel, then put thereto a strong brine of white Salt, well scum'd; when it is cold, put it into the barrel, cover it and keep it the whole year round; when you would use it, let your Water boil in a Pipkin, and put your Samphire therein, then take it up, and when it is cold, put Vinegar to it.

*Stalks of Sherdowns or Thistles pickled.*

These Sherdowns run up like an Artichoke, and have the same resemblance in their roots, you must peel both root and stalk, and boil them in Water and Salt, pickle them in White wine: This is very serviceable for either boiled or baked Meats.

Sham-

*Shampinions pickled.*

Parboil them a little in Water and Salt, then lay them in a pickle of white wine, white wine Vinegar, bruised Pepper, Salt, and some large Mace.

*Sleep-at-noon pickled.*

Parboil it in water and salt, then drain it from the water, and when it is cold pickle it in white wine and Vinegar, with a little Pepper and large Mace.

*Tarragon pickled.*

Strip your Tarragon from the stalk, and put it into a Vessel with half white wine and half Vinegar, stop it close, and keep it for your use.

*Turnip tops pickled.*

Let your Turnip tops be young, and cut off the withered leaves or branches; when your water boils put them therein, letting them lye till they are pretty tender, then drain them from the water, and let them stand till they are cold; then pickle them in white wine, Vinegar and Salt.

L

All

## All manner of Sallets and Grand-Sallets.

*A grand Sallet for the Spring.*

The necessary and usual ingredients are Cowslip-buds, Violets and their Leaves, Strawberry-leaves, Brooklime, Watercresses, young Lettice, Spinage, Alexander-buds, &c. you must have them all apart, then take by themselves Samphire, Olives, Capers, Broom-buds, Cucumbers, Raisins and Currans parboiled, blanched Almonds, Barberries, with other pickles; then prepare your standard for the middle of your grand Sallet, let not the Basis be Butter as some absurdly make it, but a Turnip or another hard thing, on which it may conveniently stand: Let your standard be like a Castle made of paste, and wash'd over with the yolks of Eggs, and within it a Tree made in like manner, and coloured green with Herbs, and stuck with Flowers; you must have hereunto annexed twelve supporters round stooping to and fastned to your Castle; then having four rings

rings of Paste, the one bigger than the other, the biggest must cover your Castle, and reach within three inches of the foot of your Supporter, the second must be within two inches of that, and so place as many as you think fit gradually, that they may be like so many ascending steps: this done, place your Sallet round of one sort on the uppermost ring, so round all the other till you come to the dish, with every one a several sort, then place all your pickles from that to the brim of your Dish severally, one answering another severally: then garnish your dish with all things suitable to the season.

Take notice that your Standard in the Summer ought to be the resemblance of a green Tree; in Autumn a Castle carved out of Carrets and Turnips; in the Winter a Tree hung with Snow: These grand Sallets are only for great Feasts.

*Grand Sallets of less trouble and more usual.*

Take the Buds of all good Sallet-herbs, wash them and swing them in a clean Napkin, then lay these in a pile in the middle of the Dish, and about the Center lay blanched Almonds, blew Figs, Raisins of

**Sallets for**

the Sun, Currans, Capers and Olives, next these jagged Beets, jagged Lemons, Cabbage, Lettice in quarters, over all pour Oyl, Vinegar and Sugar.

*Another.*

Take all sorts of good Herbs the Season doth afford, the little Leaves of red Sage, the smallest Leaves of Sorrel, and the Leaves of Parsley pickled very small, the youngest leaves of Spinage, the smallest leaves of Burnet and Lettice, white Endive and Charvel, all finely picked and washed, and swung in a Napkin, then place these in the middle of your Dish, and about them lay Capers, Currans, Olives, Lemons sliced, Beet-roots boiled, carved and sliced, Oyl and Vinegar.

*Another.*

In the midst of your Dish place your small Salleting, on that some small Lettice finely picked and washed, after that some Ellicsander-buds cut in halves, lay Parsnips in quarters round the Dish, being first boiled, and between the quarters some small Lettice, some Water-Cresses and Ellicsander-buds, lastly pour on Oyl and Vinegar.

**all Seasons.***A Sallet of Fennel.*

Take young Fennel about a foot long in the Spring, tye it up in bunches, as you do Sparagras; when your water boils, put in enough to make a Dish, after it is boiled drain it well, dish it as you do Sparagras, and serve it up with Butter and Vinegar.

*A Sallet of Scurvy-grass.*

Pick your Scurvy-grass very well, then soak it in water, and swing it as dry as you can, then lay it round in a dish with Capers and Currans, about it carved Lemon, and Orange round that, with Eggs on the center, boiled pretty hard and quarter'd; lastly, pour on Oyl, Vinegar, and Sugar scraped thereon, so trim your Dish brim.

*A Sallet of green Pease.*

Your Pease appearing near a foot above ground, cut off what you think sufficient for a Sallet, then put it into boiling liquor; being enough, drain out the water, and put to it some drawn Butter, season it with Salt, and hack it with your Knife, tost it with the Butter, and so serve it up. Turnip

**Sallets for**

or Raddish tops so ordered are excellent good.

*A Sallet of Alexander-buds.*

Cleanse by washing some of your large Alexander-buds, then put them into boiling water; being tender, drain them, lay these in the midst of a Dish round about upright, with boiled Currans and Capers, lay on and about the Dish carved Lemon, and pour on Oyl and Vinegar.

*A Sallet of boiled Spinage.*

Put in your Spinage into boiling water, and boil it very thick, or it will change its colour, when it is tender take it up, drain it, and hack it with your knife, then stew it with parboil'd Currans, a little Vinegar, drawn Butter, Sugar, a grated Nutmeg and Salt; let these stew till it be ready to boil up, then have in readiness some white-bread toasts, and put them into the bottom of your Dish, and put your Sallet on them by spoonfuls, scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

*A Sallet of Water-cresses.*

Pick, wash, drain and lay them in the center of your Dish with sliced Lemon and

**all Seasons.**

and Oranges, finely carved, one against the other in partitions, with some Alexander-buds, Currans, Capers, Oyl, Vinegar, with scraped Sugar, or without.

*A Sallet of pickled Capers.*

Lay your pickled Capers and Currans hashed and boiled together in the middle of your Dish, with red Beets boil'd and jagged, Lemons done in the same manner, and dished round the Capers and Currans: thus serve it up with Oyl and Vinegar.

*A Sallet of Rose-buds and Clove-Gilly-flowers.*

Pick your Rose-buds, and put them into an earthen Pipkin, with White wine Vinegar and Sugar. Thus may you use Violets, Cowslips, or Rosemary Flowers.

*Divers Sallets boiled.*

Parboil Spinage, and chop it fine with your knife, then set it over a Chafing-dish of Coals with Butter and Vinegar, season it with Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Ginger, Sugar, and a few of parboil'd Currans, garnish it with hard Eggs cut into quarters, and serve it up on Sippets: in this manner you may order Borage, Bugloss, Endive, Succory,

Colliflowers, Sorrel, Marrygold-leaves, Water-cresses, Leeks, boiled Onions, Spargrass, Rochet, Alexanders; parboil them first, and season them all alike. Butter, Vinegar, Cinnamon, Ginger, Sugar and Eggs are very good for boil'd Sallets.

*A Sallet of Mallows.*

Strip off the leaves from the tender stalks, saving the tops, let them lye in water, and then boil them tender, set them over the Coals with Butter and Vinegar, let them stand a while, then put in grated Bread and Sugar between every lay.

*A Sallet of Burdock-roots.*

Cut off the outward rind, and let them soak an hour and a quarter; after this boil them till they be tender, then set them over a Chafing-dish with Butter and Vinegar, having stood a quarter of an hour, put grated Bread between every lay and serve them up.

Flesh

Flesh of all sorts marinated, pickled or souced.

*Bullocks Cheek souced.*

Take a fat Bullocks cheek and lay it in Pepper and Salt four days, having first boned and cleans'd it well, then rowl it into an even Coller; then boil it in Water and Salt till it be very tender, then tye it up in a hoop as you do Brawn, and lay it into a Vessel with some White wine, stale Beer, Mace, Cloves and Pepper.

*Beef how to Coller red.*

Take a Flank of Beef, and cut it out four foot in length, and about two in breadth, then mingle a little Cocheneil and Allum together, and put them into a pint of Red wine; after this, season your Beef with Salt-peter, then lay your Beef into a Tray, with your Red wine a whole day and a night, then season your Beef with sweet Herbs, minced Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Pepper beaten very small; Coller up your Beef, and bind it about very hard.

with Tape, then boil it leisurely in Pump-water; when it is cold, lay it in a Vessel, and put to it a pickle made of White wine, strong Broth and Vinegar; cut it when you serve it into slices upon a plate with Vinegar, or at a great Feast divide it into three Collers, and place them in a Dith, stick Bay-leaves upon them, and garnish the Dish with Flowers and green.

*Brawn souced.*

Let your Brawn be about three years growth, take out the bones of his sides, having cut off his head close to his ears, then cut four Collers of a side, cut the Collers deeper in the belly than the back, because the belly will shrink in the boiling; having made your Collers equal, not bigger in one place than the other, lay them in Water two days and a night, scrape them in warm Water half a dozen several times during that space; then having laid them a little while in cold Water, rowl them up in Collers, and tye them up with Tape.

You must boil them with a very quick fire, scum off the fat as it riseth; after an hour let it boil leisurely, when it is tender, draw your fire, and let it stand till the

till the next morning, then take them out and bind them in broad hoops, laying them in Oat-meal and Bran boiled in Water, which must be strained through a strainer into the Vessel, where you intend to keep them, adding Salt thereto, and close it up from the air.

*Brawn collar'd and souced the best way.*

Let not your Brawn be quite so old as the former, then scald it and bone it, making but three Collers thereof, viz. the neck Coller, the sheald Coller, and the Flank Coller; water your Collers two days, each day shift it thrice and scrape it; the last day squeeze out the blood, wash it very clean, and dry it in a cloath; when it is dry, sprinkle on Salt and rowl it up, beginning from the belly, adding some flesh to the flank to make it correspond in thickness with the back, of which you may be supplyed from the Gammon, then bind it up as hard as possibly you may, and put it into your boiling liquor, scum it continually, and as it ought to boile five hours at least, so supply constantly the wasting of the Water with more; if a Wheat-straw will penetrate it, you may conclude it is enough, then draw your fire, and pour in

by

by little and little cold Water, not suffering it to settle in its own liquor, and it will be of a delicate white colour, then take them up, and set your Collers an end. Let your sauce be small Beer, mixed with Bran, and fine Oaten Flowre boiled in Water and Salt strained through a hair-sieve and mingled with your Beer, put your Brawn herein, and stop your Vessel close.

*Otherways to souce a young sucking Pig.*

Having cut off the head, scald it and cut it down the back, soak the sides well in Water, and cleanse it from the blood, then dry the sides, after this season them with Nutmeg, Ginger and Salt, rowl them and tye them up hard in clean clouts; then lay them into a broad Pan, with as much Water as will cover them, and put thereto a pottle of White wine; when it boils, put in your Pig, and not before, with Salt, Ginger, Mace, Parsley and Fennel-roots scraped and pick'd; when they are about half boild, put in a pottle more of White wine, when throughly boiled, put in slices of Lemon-peel.

*Calves head souced.*

Scald your Calves head, and take away the

the bones, then soak it in Water seven or eight hours, changing the Water twice in that time; having dried it with a cloth, season it with some Salt and bruised Garlick (if you like it) then rowling it up into a Coller, bind it up very close, and boile it in White wine, Water and Salt, when boiled, keep it in the souce liquor, serve it in the Coller, or slice it with Oyl, Vinegar and Pepper: This dish will puzzle a good Pallate to tell what it is.

*Capon souced.*

Having procured a young and full bodied Capon, prepare him as for the spit, then let him soak four hours with a knuckle of Veal well joyned, then set them a boiling in a deep Pan or Pipkin with a gallon of Water, when it boils, scum it, and put in half a dozen blades of Mace, two or three races of Ginger sliced, three Fennel-roots, and as many of Parsly: when your Capon is boiled, take it up, and put to your souced Broth, a quart of White wine, and boile it to a jelly, then put it into an earthen Pan, or some other Vessel, and lay your Capon therein, with the slices of three Lemons, and cover it close, serve it and garnish it with pieces of Lemon, Barberries,

All sorts of  
berries, Mace, Nutmeg and some of the  
jelly.

*Goats-flesh coller'd and souc'd.*

Take the neck or breast of a Goat, and when you have taken out the bones, with a rowling-pin beat it into an equal thickness, so that one part be not thinner than another, then season it with Cloves, Mace, Salt, Pepper, Ginger, all manner of sweet Herbs minced small, and so coller it, binding it very hard with Tape, add to your Spices, &c. aforesaid, a pint and a half of White wine, and so bake it in a Pot; when it is baked, put in half a pint of White wine more, with some strong Broth; then divide your Coller, and let it lye in the same pickle; you may serve it up in slices or otherways.

*Geese coller'd and souc'd.*

Take a Goose and bone it, then cut the flesh square and soak it twelve hours in a little White wine, Cloves, Mace, Pepper and Salt, then take it up and lay small pieces of Anchovies all over it, with *Westphalia* Bacon minced small, then rowl it up hard, and boil it in strong Broth, and a little White wine, whole

Pep-

Pepper and large Mace, let this be the only pickle; when you serve them, cut them in halves, and garnish the Dish with *Westphalia* Bacon minced.

*Mutton coller'd and souc'd.*

Take a breast of Mutton, cut off the neck end and bone it, slice it about the Brisket, soak it very well in water from the blood; it being dried and spread abroad, season it with an Onion minced, a little Samphire, a few Capers, a pickled Cucumber, and some Tyme also, Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Ginger and Salt, with a few pieces of Anchovies, over all these sprinkle with a feather the yolk of an Egg, rowl up your Coller, and boil it in Water and Salt, with a faggot of sweet Herbs; when it is tender boiled, take it up and lay it in some of the liquor with White wine put thereto. Thus you may order your Chines, but then you must lard them.

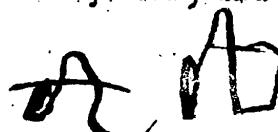
*Pig souced.*

Split, bone, and soak your Pig in several waters, then dry it and season it with Sage, Salt, sweet Herbs minced, Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg and Ginger, strow these ingredients being well mixed together on both sides of your Pig, beginning

at

at the tail, coller it up close, and bind it hard, wash it without clean from the Herbs, and boil it in fair Water, scumming it continually; when it is half boiled, put there-to a faggot of sweet Herbs, some large Mace, a race or two of Ginger sliced, with half a pint of White wine Vinegar, and a little Izing-glass; take up your Pig, when it is enough, and boil up the liquor to a jelly, take off the bottom and top, and pour the rest upon your Pig into an earthen Pan, having first let it cool and melted it again; when you dish it, cut it into four quarters, with the head in the middle, and an Apple in his mouth, beat your jelly and pour over it, garnish your dish with Flowers and Bay-leaves.

Some souce a sucking Pig after this manner: first scald the Pig, then cut it into four quarters, bone it and let it lye in Water twenty four hours, then rowl it up like Brawn with Sage leaves, and Lard water'd and cut small, grated Bread mix'd with juyce of Orange, season it with Nutmeg, Mace and Salt; having rowl'd it, bind it up hard with Tape, then boil it in Water, White wine, Mace, whole Ginger, a little Lemon-pill, a faggot of sweet Herbs and Salt, boil it very well, and set it in an earthen



then Pot to cool in the liquor, and let it souce there two days at least; you may slice it out, or serve it whole with Sugar and Mustard.

*Another very good way.*

Chine your Pig in two parts, take out all the bones and lay it in water all night, the next day scrape out all the filth from the back, and wipe it very dry, then cast Pepper on it, a little large Mace, Ginger, and a Bay-leaf or two in the same manner, as you would order a Coller of Brawn, let your Water boil before you put it in, scumming it continually till it be half boiled, then take out a ladleful or two of the liquor, and put it into a Pipkin, and boil with it some Rhenish wine or Claret, sliced Nutmeg, gross Pepper and sliced Ginger; let it stand till it be almost cold, then dish it with Bay-leaves.

*Pork, coller'd and souc'd.*

Take a piece of Pork out of the side, water it all night, and squeeze the blood from it, then season it with a handful of Sage, sweet Marjoram, Tyme, Parsley, all minced very small together, then cut some colllops out of a Leg of Veal, hack them.

them with your knife, and season them with Salt, Nutmeg, Mace and Pepper, and having first wash'd your Pork on the inside with yolks of Eggs, wash the outside of your Veal therewith, and lay it within your Pork; lastly, strow on your remaining seasoning, and rowl it up hard, binding it with Tape: when it is boil'd, souce it in some of the same liquor, with a little Vinegar, beaten Pepper and Ginger; when you serve it up, stick your Pork with Bay-leaves or Rosemary and Flowers, garnishing your Dish with Flowers and Sage.

#### Rams head souced.

Cut the head off, with a good part of the neck adjoyning to it, and boil it with the skin on a good while; when it is thoroughly boiled, (which will require a considerable time) take it up and pluck off the skin, then take Broth you have boiled some fresh meat in, and boil it over again, with Vinegar, Salt, a good handful of sweet Herbs, Ginger, Pepper, a good piece of Horse-raddish root scraped, and a quarter of a pound of French-barley; being boiled, strain them through a bag, and souce the head in it; you may serve it up

up either in slices, or whole with the horns on.

#### Sides of Lamb souced.

Bone your side of Lamb, soak it and squeeze it well from the blood, wipe it dry, and season the inside with beaten Nutmeg, Ginger, some sweet Herbs minced small, whole Coriander-seed, minced Lemon-pill and Salt; lastly, some slices of broad Lard over all: then rowl it up in a Coller, and tye it up in a clean cloth, put it into your liquor when it boils, and scum it very well, and then put in sliced Ginger, sliced Nutmeg, Salt, Fennel and Parsley roots; being almost boiled, put in a quart of White wine, when it is enough take it off, and put in slices of Lemon, with the Pill of two whole Lemons; boil it close covered, to make the Veal look white.

Thus you may order a breast of Veal, or any joyn't of Mutton, Kid, Fawn or Venison.

#### Swan collar'd.

Bone your Swan, and part the two sides, season it according to the foregoing directions in the soucing of Geese, season it with

with Pepper and Sage minced, and dipping them into yolks of Eggs, lay them on the two sides of your Swan, so rowl them up into Collers; let the pickle be the same as was shewn you before for the Geese; boil the head to set upon your Collers in the middle of the dish.

*Venison coller'd.*

Take a Hanch or Side of Venison, and cut it into pieces fit to make three Collers; first lard your pieces, and then season them with Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, and as much Salt as will convert your Spices into a grayish colour, then rowl up your Collers, and put them into an earthen Pot, and bake them with Butter, covering your Pot with coarse paste; having stood five or six hours in the Oven, draw it and let it cool, then take out your Venison, and pour away the gravy, and make your Pot clean, then lay in the bottom thereof some clarified Butter, lay in upon it your Venison, and fill it up with clarified Butter: Thus you may keep Venison a whole year.

*Veal a breast souced.*

Take out the bones of your breast of Veal,

Veal, and lay it in Water till you have purg'd it from its blood; having dried it, take all manner of sweet Herbs, Nutmeg and Cinnamon beaten, Ginger beaten grossly, Callendar pared, Lemon cut in pieces, mingle these together, then spread your Veal, and strow on the inside thereof these materials afore recited; then rowl it up like a Coller of Brawn, and bind it close; when your liquor boils, put in your Veal and scum it well, then put in a faggot of sweet Herbs, and keep it covered, for that will make it look white, when it is almost boiled, put in some sliced Nutmeg, large Mace, a little Ginger and a Lemon or two sliced.

*Or thus :*

Take a breast of Veal, bone it, cleanse it from the blood, and season it as aforesaid, then take thin slices of fat Bacon, and season them with Sage and Pepper, dipping them into the yolks of Eggs, and lay these all over the inside of your Veal, then rowl it up, beginning at the neck, and having tyed it fast, boil it with the bones, and a faggot of sweet Herbs, scumming it till it is boiled, then put it into your soucing-Pan with the same Broth, adding some Vine-

Vinegar and Salt thereto, with some large Mace.

*Veal a leg souced.*

First take a Leg of Veal and bone it, then take great Lard and season it with Pepper, Cloves and Mace, and lard your Leg therewith, season the Veal with the same seasoning, adding some Salt thereto; lay your Veal abroad, being beaten flat and even, and strow thereon all manner of sweet Herbs minced small, and strowed on it, rowl it up as before, and boil it in a Pipkin with Water, White wine and Salt, pickle it in the liquor it was boil'd in: you may serve it up whole or in slices.

*Wigeons souced and coller'd.*

Take the same method in ordering your Wigeons, as you did before in the Swans, only add thereto a couple of Onions before you rowl them up into Collers; and by this rule you may do any Fowl according to their nature when they are in season.

*A general Jelly for any kind of souced meats.*

Take three or four pair of Calves feet, scald them and cleanse them very well, taking

taking away the fat betwixt the claws, and also the long shank bones, lay them a soaking in water five hours, and boil them in two Gallons of Water till it is consumed to three quarts; being boiled, strain it through a Strainer; when the broth is cold, take it from the grounds, and divide it into three parts for three several colours, putting each part into a several Pipkin with a quart of White wine, let one be colour'd with Cocheneil, the second with Saffron, and let the last have its own complexion, let each Pipkin have some Cinamon, a race of Ginger, and a little Mace, with some Nutmeg, slicing each particular Spice, melt your Jelly, and put into every Pipkin a pound or somewhat more of Sugar, and with it the yolks of half a dozen Eggs beaten very well, stir these well together, and when it is ready to boil, take it off and strain it through bags, so keep it for your use.

Having

Having treated of the more substantial part of Food and their several ways of dressing, whether Fish, Flesh or Fowl boiled, stewed, roasted, fryed, broiled, frigassied, baked in Paste, or out of Paste, marinated, souced and pickled, each in their orders Alphabetically digested, with their several proper Sauces and Pickles; I shall in the next place discourse methodically, and according to order, of the right framing and compounding (according to the latest and best fashion) all manner of *Keck-shaws*, as *Florentines*, *Jellies*, *Leaches*, *Creams*, *Puddings*, *Custards* and *Cheescakes*: And the first I shall begin with according to the propounded order is

### T A R T S.

#### *Almond Tart.*

Take three quarters of a pound of blanch'd Almonds, and soak them a while

a while in Water, then pound them in a stone Morter, a wooden one will serve, or a deep Tray, put to them some Rosewater; when you have pounded them very well, pound them over again with a little Cream, then set on about a pint and a half of Cream over the fire, and put your pounded Almonds therein with some Cinnamon, large Mace, and a grain of Musk fastned to a thread, stir it continually that it burn not to the bottom till it be thick, then take it off the fire, and beat in the yolks of four or five Eggs, with the whites of two, so season it with Sugar or Orangado, and bake it either in a Dish or Paste.

Or you may only strain beaten Almonds with Cream, yolks of Eggs, Sugar, Cinnamon and Ginger, boil it thick, fill your Tart, and when it is baked ice it.

#### *Damfin Tart.*

Boil them very well in Wine, strain them with Cream, Sugar, Cinnamon and Ginger, then boil them again, and so fill your Tart.

#### *Strawberry Tart.*

Wash your Strawberries, which you must

**Tarts of**

must procure of the midling size, and put them into your Paste, season them with Cinnamon, Ginger, and a little red Wine, on the top lay Sugar, let it stand in the Oven about half an hour, then draw it, ice it and scrape on Sugar.

*Cherry Tart.*

Stone your Cherries and lay them in the bottom of your Pye, with beaten Cinnamon, Ginger and Sugar, then close it up, bake it and ice it; when it is baked, pour into it Muskadine and Damask water well mingled together, and scrape on Sugar.

*Medler Tart.*

Your Medlers that are rotten are only fit for the purpose, which you must strain into a Dish, and then set them over a Chafing-dish of coals, season it with Sugar, Ginger and Cinnamon, adding thereto some yolks of Eggs beaten; having boiled half a quarter of an hour, lay it into your paste, being baked, scrape on Sugar.

*Pine-apple Tart.*

Take three handfuls of Pine-apples, the pulp of as many Pippins, with a prick'd Quince; when they are well beaten, put

**all sorts.**

put to them three quarters of a pint of Cream, a little Rosewater, the yolks of five Eggs, with half a quarter of a pound of Sugar, you may thin it with more Cream, if you find it too thick; let your Paste, in which you put these ingredients, be thin, low and dried, so close it up and bake it.

*A Spring Tart.*

Gather what buds are not bitter, also the leaves of Primroses, Violets and Strawberries, with young Spinage, and boil them, and put them into a Cullender, then chop your Herbs very small, and boil them over again in Cream, add thereunto so many yolks with the whites, as will sufficiently thicken your Cream; to which you must add some grated Naples bisket, colour all green with the juice of Spinage, and season it with Sugar, Cinnamon, Nutmeg, and a little Salt, you may bake it in Puff-paste or otherways.

*Taffety Tart.*

Having wetted the Paste with Butter and cold water, roll it very thin, then lay Apples in lays, and between every lay of Apples, strow some fine Sugar and some Lemon-pell cut very small; let them bake

an hour, then ice them with Rosewater, Sugar and Butter, and wash them over with the same, then strow more fine Sugar on them, and put them into the same Oven again, you may serve them either hot or cold.

*Cowslip Tart.*

Take three quarts of the blossoms of Cowslips, mince them and pound them in a Morter, put to them a quarter of a pound of Naple-bisket grated, a pint of Cream, and put them into a Skillet, and let them boil a little on the fire, then take them off, and beat in the yolks of half a dozen Eggs with some Cream; make it thick over the fire, but let it not curdle, season it with Sugar, a little Rosewater and Salt; your best way is to let your Cream be cold before you stir in your Eggs, then bake it in Paste or Dish.

*Cream Tart.*

Take Quinces, Pears, Wardens and Pippins, slice them into quarters, boil them and strain them into Cream, as also Malgatoons, Necturus, Apricocks, Peaches, Plums or Cherries, fill your Tart, and lay on the top preserved Citron; when it is

baked,

baked, beat Rosewater and Sugar, and pour thereon.

*A Tart of green Pease.*

Boil your Pease tender, and drain them well in a Cullender, season them with Salt and Saffron, and put some Sugar and sweet Butter, then bake it almost an hour, then draw it forth of the Oven, and ice it, put in a little Verjuyce, and shake them well together, then scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Prune Tart.*

Stew two pound of Prunes in as much Claret wine as will cover them; being tender strain them, then wash and rub them all together, and pour in some of the liquor they were stewed in to wash the Prunes from the stones, and this will be instrumental to carry all off but the skin and stones; then set what you have strained over a Chafing-dish of coals with a little whole Cinamon, large Mace, a little Orangado and Citron minced, season it with Sugar, Rosewater, beaten Cinamon and Ginger, let it boil up till it be thick, after this take out your whole Spice; let not the Walls of your Tart be above an inch and

a half high, and dry it first in an Oven, you may make it corner'd fashion either in six or in eight, then put in your stuff, and let no corner be empty, but with your spoon plant it every where, put it into the Oven, and let it stand a little, when you draw it, stick it with Lozenges, and scrape on Sugar.

*A Goosberry Tart baked green and clear as Crystal.*

When you have form'd your Tarts into what form you think fit, strow some Sugar in the bottom of them, then take large round Goosberries pick'd, and lay them therein one by one, covering the bottom, and sprinkle thereon some Sugar, then lay on another lay, and cover that with Sugar, and so continue doing till your coffins be full, let the lid of your Tarts be carved, and bake them quick, by which means they will be green and clear. So will Coddins bake green, if you order them as you do the Goosberries, and cutting the lids; but if you would have your fruits baked red, bake them slowly, and let their lids be close.

Puff

*Puff-paste how to make it the best way.*

Take a pottle of Flower, and the whites of half a dozen Eggs, make it up into Paste with cold Water, but make it not too stiff, work it well, and rowl it forth four square into a sheet as thick as your finger; then take three pound of Butter, and beat it well with a Rowling-pin, then lay it on in slices all over your Paste, and as thick as your finger, and strow a little Flowre over it, then rowl up your sheet of Paste like a coller with the Butter within, squeeze and close it at both ends with your Rowling-pin, scruise it all along the rowl of Paste, and rowl it broad and long-ways, then clap up both ends, and make them meet in the middle one over the other, and fasten it down again with the Rowling-pin, rowling it forth every way as thin as it was at first when you laid on the Butter; then flowre your board well underneath, and spread it over with Butter, roul it up, and work it as before: thus do three or four times till the aforesaid Butter be spent: In the Summer you must make your Puff-paste in the morning, and set it in some cool place: In the Winter you must beat your Butter very well,

well, otherways its hardness will break your Paste.

*Rice-Tart.*

Take a quantity of Rice and boil it very tender in Milk or Cream, then pour it into a Dish, and season it with Nutmeg, Ginger, Cinamon, Salt, Sugar, and the yolks of six Eggs, put it into your Paste with some juuce of Orange, close it, bake it, and scrape on Sugar.

*Warden Tart.*

Take two dozen of Wardens, pare them, and slice them into your Tart, put to them as many Cloves, a pound and a quarter of refined Sugar, six or seven blades of Cinamon broken into pretty big pieces, four races of Ginger sliced, let it soak in the Oven four hours at least, then draw it, ice it with double refined Sugar, Rosewater and Butter.

*Pippin Tart.*

Take what quantity you think fit of fair Pippins, pare them and core them; having cut them into quarters, then stew them in Claret wine, whole Cinamon and sliced Ginger, stew them about half an hour, then

then put them into a Dish to cool, but break them not; after you have laid them orderly into your Tart, lay upon them some green Citron minced small, candyed Orange or Coriander, and some Sugar; when it is baked, ice it and scrape on some Sugar.

*A Tart made of Quinces, Wardens, Pears and Pippins.*

Take eight Pippins, five Quinces, four Wardens, six Pears, pare them and slice them into thin slices, then season them with beaten Cinamon, Orange and Citron candyed and minced, or for want of that you may use the raw Pills of Lemon or Orange minced small, lay on the top of all two pound of Sugar, then close up your Paste, Pasty-pan or Dish, bake it and ice it, scraping on Sugar.

*Spinage Tart of three colours.*

Take three handfuls of young Spinage, wash it clean, and put it into a Skillet of boiling Water, being tender boil'd, have in readiness three pints of Cream boil'd with Cinamon that is whole, quarter'd Nutmeg, and one grain of Muske, then strain the Cream with the yolks of four

teen Eggs and the boiled Spinage into a Dish, with some Rosewater, a little Sack, and some fine Sugar, boil all these over a Chafing-dish of coals, and stir it continually, so that you keep it from curdling; when your Tart is dried in the Oven, fill it therewith, having first made three distinct colours thereof.

*Another very good way.*

Make your Tart with works about an inch high, then provide a good quantity of Spinage; having beaten it very well, strain it, then beat Almonds with Rosewater very small, and mix them therewith, if you have a quart of this composition, add to it a dozen Eggs with half the whites, with one grain of Musk, beat these all together, and when your Tart is dried in the Oyen fill it herewith, and bake it.

You were better bake it in a Pasty-pan, making your Paste of cold Butter and Water; it being fitted to the pan, put in your Tart-stuff, and let it bake gently uncovered in an Oven slenderly heated, then set it on a Plate, and stick it full of small Comfits or sprigs of preserved Barberries

or

or Orangado sliced, or what other sweet-meats you have by you.

*A Tart made after the French fashion.*

Take half the breast of a cold roasted Turkey, mince it and beat it with half a pound of Lard minced, the marrow of two bones, half a pound of Butter, the juyce of two Lemons and a pound of Sugar, add to these half a pound of blanched Almonds pounded in a Morter with Rosewater, mix all these together, then slice a piece of green Citron, and put thereto the yolks of half a dozen Eggs beaten; having mingled them well together, fill your coffin herewith.

*Bacon Tart.*

Take new Lard or fat Bacon the fresh-est you can get; if it be not fresh, wa-ter it two or three days; then cut it into pieces about an inch long, and after that into square pieces, mingle it with as much green dried Citron of the same cut, beat as much sweet Almonds with Rosewater, mix these together with good store of Sugar, and a little beaten Ginger, and a spoonful of Oyl; your Tart being made round and shallow, lay in this composition, sticking thereon green Citron; then close your Tart, or you may

may bake it in a Pasty-pan which is the better way; in an hours time it will be baked, then draw it, and stick the lid with sliced Citron, strow on some small perfum'd Carraway Comfits, you may eat it hot or cold, but best cold.

*An excellent way to make an Almond Tart.*

Having blanch'd your Almonds, beat them in a Marble Morter with Rosewater to keep them from Oylng, mix them with half the weight of Sugar, a quarter of the weight of Pine-kernels, a small quantity of white Bread grated, the yolks of four Eggs with half the whites, some preserved Citron, Orange or Lemon minced, mingle these together with Cream, then fill your Tart herewith, bake it in an Oven not too hot, and let it not stand there too long, when it is baked, stick it with Preserves and Carraway comfits.

*A Clary Tart.*

Take two handfuls of Clary, wash it, and cut it indifferently small, then beat it with the yolks of eight Eggs and half their whites, put it into a Frying-pan with good store of sweet Butter, sweeten it and stir it well as it fryeth, fry it but a little while,

while, and have a special care you burn it not, then take two handfuls of Spinage boiled very tender, press out the water and mince it small, then take two or three Potatoes boiled and minced, with some Marrow; season all these together with Nutmeg, Mace, Salt, Sugar, Verjuyce, and the pulp of Lemon chopped small: your Tart being made, lay in this composition, and on the top place the Marrow of two or three bones as whole as you can; having closed it, bake it in an Oven not over hot an hour and half; then make a Caudle of yolks of Eggs, Cinamon, Verjuyce, Butter, Sugar and sliced Lemon; beat these together till it boileth: your Tart being baked, pour this Caudle into it, scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

*Apricock Tart.*

Take a quantity of Apricocks three quarters ripe, scrape the out-side off, and put them into Water as you scrape them; having raised your Tart, dry them and fill it therewith, strow good store of Sugar on the top, close it, bake it an hour, and scrape on Sugar.

## Tarts of

## Codling Tart.

Take your Codlings and scald them, letting them stand an hour in the same Water that scalded them, being covered, and this will make them look very green, then put them into your Tart whole or in quarters, with Sugar and a little Musk, close them and let your lid be carved; whilst it is baking, boil a quart of Cream with the yolks of four or five Eggs, Sugar and Musk; when your Tart is half baked, cut it open and pour it on the Codlings, then set it into the Oven again for half an hour, then draw it, scrape on Sugar, and serve it up to the Table.

## A quarter Tart of Pippins.

Quarter your Pippins, and lay them between two sheets of Paste, put in a piece of whole Cinamon, two or three bruised Cloves, a little sliced Ginger, Orengado, a bit of sweet Butter about the bigness of an Egg, good store of Sugar, sprinkle on some Rosewater, then close your Tart and bake it, ice it before you set it up.

If you put your Pippins into Puff-paste, or short Paste, you must then first boil your Pippins in Claret wine and Sugar, or else your

## all sorts.

your Apples will be hard when your crust is burnt; but in the boiling them, have a care you do not break the quarters.

## An excellent Cherry Pye.

Stone a pound of Cherries, bruise them and stamp them; after this boil up their juyce with Sugar. Then take two pounds more and stone them likewise, but do not bruise them, and lay them with the aforesaid Syrrup in your Tart, being baked, ice it and serve it up hot.

## Puff-paste the best way how to make.

Take three pints of Flowre, and two pounds of sweet Butter, work half a pound of the Butter into the Flowre dry between your hands, then break into the Flowre five Eggs, and as much fair Water as will wet it to make it reasonable light Paste, then work it into a piece of a foot long, strow a little Flowre on the Table, then take it by the end and beat it well about the board till it stretch long, and then double it, and taking both ends in your hand beat it again, and so do five or six times; then work it up and rowl it abroad, and then take the other pound of Butter, and cut it in thin slices, and spread it

it all over the one half of your Paste, then turn the other half over your Butter side, and turn in the sides round underneath, then crush it down with a Rowling-pin, and so work it five or six times with your Butter, then you may rowl it broad, and cut it into four quarters, then take a Dish as broad as your picce of Paste, and strew thereon a little Flowre, then lay on one piece of Paste, and you may put into it Marrow, Artichokes bottoms or Potatoes, but you must rowl your bits of Marrow in the yolks of raw Eggs, and season them with Cinamon, Ginger, Sugar, and a very little Salt; then lay on your other sheet, & close it round your Dish with your thumb; then cut off your round with your knife close to the brim, and cut it cross the brim of the Dish like Virginal-keys, and turn them cross one over another, then bake it in an Oven.

---

### FLORENTINE S.

Let your Paste be made after the same manner, as the Puff-paste above described, then boil the yolks of six Eggs with

with half a pint of Cream, keep it from burning by stirring it continually, and it will turn thick like Curds and be yellow, season it with Sugar, Cinamon, and a little Nutmeg, with three or four sliced Dates, some pieces of Almond Paste, half a dozen pieces of Marrow, stir them together, and put them into the Florentine, then bake it in an Oven as hot as for Pyes.

If you have Rice, boil it tender in Milk, and a blade or two of Mace, boil it till the Milk be consumed, then season it with a little Nutmeg, Cinamon and Sugar, two or three raw Eggs, a little Salt, a little Rosewater, a handful of Currans, three or four sliced Dates, put these into yout Florentine, and bake it as before.

If you have neither of these, take quarters of Pippins or Pears, the coars taken out and boiled tender in Claret wine, or for want of these you may take Goosberries, Cherries, or Damsens, or Apricocks without the stones, and put them into your Florentine; when you see your Paste rise up white in the Oven, and begin to turn yellow, take it forth and wash it with Rosewater and Butter, scrape on fine Sugar, and set it into the Oven again about a quarter of an hour, then draw it forth and serve it up.

*Florentines of Rice.*

The Paste for your Florentines ought to be a rich cold butter'd Paste, or the Puff-paste aforementioned. Take a pound and half of Rice, pick it and wash it, then par-boil it well in Water, then put it into a Cullender and drain it from the Water; after this boil it in Cream so long till it is as thick as you can make it without burning of it; in the boiling thereof put half a dozen sticks of Cinamon, put it into a deep Dish to cool, then take a moiety thereof and break in four or five Eggs with the whites of two, put to it three quarters of a pound of Beef-suet minced small, with the like weight of Currans, fourteen or fifteen sliced Dates, season it with Cinamon, Nutmeg, and a few Cloves, also a little Mace, Ginger and Salt, with a handful of Sugar, and some Rosewater, incorporate these into a thick body with some Cream, then put it into a Dish with Paste; fill not your Dish too full lest it boil over, then jagg a sheet of Puff-paste the breadth of your Dish, about half an inch broad, twist them and lay over your Florentine from one side to the other, then cross them again, that they may be Chequer-work,

work, then cut the Paste upon the brim of your Dish, double over all the ends of your Cross-bars, when it is baked stick Lozenges in the Chequers, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Another sort of Florentine.*

Whilst you have some Currans boiling, pare half a score Pippins, and cut them from the Core into the aforesaid Water and Currans, boil them tender, and put them into a Cullender, there let them drain very well, then put them into a Dish, and when they are cold, season them with Sugar, Rosewater, Cinamon and Carraway-seeds, then rowl out two sheets of Paste, the one of which place in the bottom of your Dish, and all over the brims, then put in your ingredients, laying them round and high, wet it round and cover it with your other sheet, close it and carve it about the brims of your Dish, in what form or fashion you shall think fit; prick the lid, and when it is baked scrape on Sugar.

*Florentine of Veal.*

Mince cold Veal fine, then take grated Bread, Currans, Dates, Sugar, Nutmeg, Pepper, two or three Eggs, and Rosewater, min-

*Florentines of*

mingle all these together, and put it over a Chafing-dish of Coals, stir them till they be warm, after this inclose them between two sheets of Paste and bake it.

*A Florentine of a Coney, the wing of a Capon, or the Kidney of a Loyn of Veal.*

Mince any of these with sweet Herbs, parboil'd Currans, a Date or two minced small, a piece of preserved Orange or Lemon minced as small as your Date, season it with Cinnamon, Nutmeg and Ginger, with some Sugar, then take the yolks of two new laid Eggs, a spoonful of sweet Cream and Marrow cut in short pieces; bake these in a Dish between two leaves of Puff-paste, putting some Rosewater to it before you close it, being baked scrape on Sugar.

*Florentine of Spinage.*

Take a good quantity of young Spinage, and when your Water boils, parboil it therein, drain it in a Cullender, and squeeze out the Water, then mince it small with some Oregado, and put to it Currans proportionable to your Spinage, season it with Cinnamon, Ginger, beaten Nutmeg and Salt, put it into your Dish between

two

*all sorts.*

two sheets of Puff-paste, put to it Butter and Sugar, close it, prick it and bake it, when it is baked, put to it a little Sack, drawn Butter and Vinegar, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Florentine of Potatoes and Artichokes.*

Put these Roots into boiling Water, and when they are boiled tender, blanch them and season them with Nutmeg, Pepper, Cinnamon and Salt, season them but lightly, then lay on a sheet of Paste in a Dish, and upon that some bits of Butter, then lay in your Potatoes and Artichokes round the Dish with some Eringo roots and Dates sliced in halves, Beef-Marrow, large Mace, sliced Lemon and some Butter, then close it up with another sheet of Paste; when it is baked, liquor it with Grape-Verjuice, Butter and Sugar, and ice it.

*Florentine of Barberries.*

Take what quantity you think convenient and boil them with Claret wine and Rosewater, adding thereto some Sugar; being boiled very thick, strain them and put them on a bottom of Puff-paste in a Dish, then close them up with a cut cover of the same Paste: when it is baked, ice it

it and stick the pulp thereof all over with raw Barberries.

*Florentine of Marrow.*

Take the Marrow of four Marrow-bones and cut them into squares like large Dice, add hereunto a grated Manchet, some sliced Dates, a quarter of a pound of Currans, some Cream, roasted Wardens, Pippins or Quinces sliced, and the yolks of four raw Eggs, season them with Cinnamon, Ginger and Sugar, mingle these well together, and lay them in a Dish on a sheet of Paste and bake them.

*Florentine of Rice.*

Having pick'd your Rice very clean, boil it tender, then lay it in a Dish, and put to it Butter, Sugar, Nutmeg and Salt, with a little Rosewater, and the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, then put these ingredients on a sheet of Puff-paste in a Dish, being half baked ice it.

Or you may mix your Rice with some Cream, Rosewater, Sugar, Cinnamon, yolks of Eggs, Salt, boiled Currans and Butter, being baked, scrape on some Sugar.

*J E L L I E S.*

Your usual stock for Jellies are Calves feet boiled very tender and blanched, and knuckles of Veal with the bones not broken; of these, take what quantity you think fit, and lay them in Water a Night and Day, shift them often in that time into fresh Water, and cleanse them well from the Blood, then boil them in so much fair Water as will cover them, and a little more; as they boil, scum your Pot, then put to them a little Salt, also tye up in a Linnen bag, some large Nutmeg, Ginger and sliced Cinnamon, let these boil soberly the space of two hours and a half; at which time you may try with your spoon whether it will jelly, if not, boil it a little longer, but not down too low, for then it will be apt to change colour; if you find it jelly to your satisfaction and desire, add to your Jelly some Izing-glass, let it then simper a little longer, then take it off and strain it into a Dish or Pipkin, there to stand and cool till you are ready to use it.

*Jellies*

*Jellies of John-Apples.*

Pare them and cut them into less than quarters, then pick out the Kernels, but leave the cores; and as you pare them, drop them into fair Water to keep them from changing colour, then put to them a pound of Apples, three quarters of a pint of Water, and let it boil apace till it be half consumed, then run it through a jelly bag, then take the full weight of them in double refined Sugar, wet the Sugar thin with Water, and let it boil almost to a Candy, then put to it the liquor of the Apples, and two or three slices of Orange-pill, a little Musk, and a little Ambergrise tyed in a Tiffany bag, and let it not boil too softly for fear of losing the colour, then warm a little juyce of Orange and Lemon together, and being half boiled put it therein; having reduced it to a Jelly, you may use it by pouring it on some preserved Oranges laid in a glass for that purpose, or otherways.

*Jellies for soust meats.*

Take four pair of Calves feet, scald them and take way the fat between the claws, as also the long shank-bones, lay them

in Water five hours, and boil them in three quarts of fair Spring Water to one quart, then strain it and set it a cooling, after this, take away the grounds from it, and divide the purer part into three equal proportions, putting each into a several Pipkin, adding to every Pipkin a quart of wine, likewise a pound of Sugar, being first well beaten in a Dish with the whites of Eggs, stew these together a little while over a soft fire with Nutmeg, Ginger, Mace and Cinamon, and colour them severally with Cocheneil, Saffron, &c. and so set them up for your use.

*Crytal Jelly.*

Take three pair of Calves feet, and two knuckles of Veal, wash them very well, and let them stand twelve hours in Water, then boil them in spring Water from five quarts to a Gallon; after this let the liquor stand, and when it is cold pare away the bottom and top, then put to it some Rosewater, double refined Sugar, seven spoonfuls of Oyl of Cinamon, the like quantity of Oyl of Ginger, four spoonfuls of Oyl of Nutmeg, a grain and a half of Musk tyed in a fine linnen cloth; when you have boiled all these together, put it

**Jellies of**

into an earthen Dish, and so let it stand for your use; when it is cold, serve it in slices or otherways.

*Or thus a much better way.*

Your stock being cold, as aforesaid, take away the top and bottom, and put the rest into a Pipkin, adding thereto some Mace, Cloves, Cinamon, sliced Ginger and Nutmeg, together with a grain of Musk and Ambergrise tyed in a Tiffany-bag, put in also some Rosewater, and if your stock be stiff, a quart of Rhenish wine, or what you think fit thereof to make the Jelly of a proper thickness, season it with Sugar convenient for your Pallate, and drop in of Oyl of Mace and Nutmeg, three drops of each, set these over the fire for the space of a quarter of an hour, then take it off and squeeze into it the juyce of half a score Lemons beaten to a froth with the whites of six Eggs, then set it over the fire till it boils, then take it off and strain it, having two Dishes, the first straining pour in again, and let it run into the other dish till it be clear.

*Jelly*

*Jelly of Raspisses.*

First strain your Raspisses, and to every quart of jnyce add a pound and half of Sugar; pick out some of the fairest, and having strowed Sugar in the bottom of the Skillet, lay them in one by one, then put the juyce upon them with some Sugar, reserving some to put in when they boil, let them boil apace, and add Sugar continually till they are enough.

*Jelly for service of several colours.*

Take four pair of Calves feet, a Knuckle of Veal, and a fleshy Capon, prepare them as in the crystal Jelly; boil them in three gallons of Spring water, till the one half be consumed, then strain it into an earthen Pan and let it cool; after this pare the bottom and top, and dissolve it again, and divide it into four equal proportions, and put them into as many Pipkins which will contain about five pints a piece; put into one Saffron, into the second Cocheneil beaten with Allum, into the third Turnsole, and let the last have its proper colour; put to every Pipkin a quart of White wine, and the juyce of two Lemons, put to the last Jelly one race of Ginger pared and sliced

*Jellies of*

sliced, and three blades of large Mace: to the red Jelly two Nutmegs, and the quantity of as much Cinainon, with the same of Ginger: To the Turnsole put the like quantity of each with some whole Cloves: Lastly, to the Amber and yellow Jelly the like quantity of Spices. Then take the whites of a dozen and a half of Eggs, and beat them with six pound of double refined Sugar, and divide this into four parts, putting each proportion into every several Skillet; boil these again, then take them off and strain them, once more set it over the fire, and when it boils up take it off and strain it into an earthen Pan, so let it cool and keep it for your use.

*Jelly of Pippins Amber colour.*

Take a dozen fair Pippins and core them, boil them in three pints of fair spring Water, till one half is consumed, then put in half a pint of Rosewater, a pound and half of fine Sugar, and boil it uncovered till it come to the colour of Amber; if you would know when it is enough, drop some thereof from your spoon upon a piece of glass; if it stand, it is enough, then run it into an earthen Pan upon a Chafing-dish of coals, and while it is warm, fill up your

Boxes

*all sorts.*

Boxes or Printing Moulds with a spoon, let it stand till it be cold, then turn it out of your Printing Moulds, and serve it at your pleasure.

*The same Jellyed as red as a Ruby.*

Take the same quantity of Pippins, as aforesaid, and core them, then boil them in the like quantity of spring Water, with a pound and half of fine Sugar, boil it covered close till it be red; the boiling either open or covered, gives them the difference of complexion. Where note, let your Boxes lye four or five hours in Water before you put in your Jellies, and it will not stick to them.

*Jelly of Oranges.*

Shave your Oranges thin, quarter them and lay them in Water three days, shift them twice a day, then boil them very tender in several Waters till the bitterness be gone; having dried them with a cloth cut them into thin slices cross the quarters, then take their weight of fine Sugar, fill a pint of juyce of Apple-Johns and spring Water, strong of the Apples as you can make it, then mingle the sliced Oranges and liquor together, your Sugar being fine-

ly beaten and wet with Water, boil it a while, scum it and put the Oranges and Apple liquor into it, boil it till it be ready to jelly, then put in the juyce of four Oranges and Lemons together, boil it a little after this, and add to it, if you think fit, a little Musk and Ambergries tyed in a Tiffany-rag.

*Otherways.*

Take the juyce of a dozen and a half of Oranges, with a quart of the aforesaid stock, let them boil together a quarter of an hour, seasoned as was directed in the crystal Jelly; if too weak, add some Izing-glass as much as may suffice; if two strong, put thereto some Rhenish wine, clarifying it with the whites of Eggs, then run it into your bags.

In the like manner you may make Jelly of red Currans, the juyce thereof being mingled with a little Rhenish wine; in the Winter season, you may use the Syrrup of Mulberries, Barberries, or the Syrrup of O-rangado, so will you have your several colour'd Jellies with their several tastes.

*Harts-*

*Harts-horn Jelly.*

Take the Brawn of four Cocks, steep it in Water a day and a night, and shift it twice or thrice in that time, then take four ounces of Harts-horn, and boil these together near upon two hours, then strain the broth into a Pipkin, and let it be cold; after this take off the bottom and top, then put in your clean Jelly into a Pipkin, and season it as you did your crystal Jelly before, only adding thereto a little *China-roott* sliced; you may also add Majesty of Pearl or Corral in stead thereof; then put it over the fire again for the space of about a quarter of an hour, then clarifie it with whites of Eggs, and run it through your bags, as aforesaid, and so preserve it for your use. This Jelly is a very great Cordial, restringent, and will strengthen very much the back.

*Another most excellent way.*

Take what quantity you please of Harts-horn, the like of Izing-glass and Dates, the same of sliced Figs and Prunes, to half a pound of the aforesaid ingredients put a pound of Sugar, of Cinnamon and Ginger each half an ounce, a quartern of Mace,

N. 4. and

and the like of Cloves, half an ounce of Nutmegs, and a little red Saunders, slice your Spices, but let your Cinnamon be put in whole; you may do well to add a stick of Liquorish.

*A most excellent white Jelly.*

Take a couple of Capons, boil them and take away the fat and lungs, first of all having soaked them in water three or four hours, immediately after trussing, let the Water you boil them in be at least two gallons, unto which you must put a gallon of White wine, scum these and boil them to a Jelly, strain the Broth from the grounds, and blow off the fat clean, then take a quart of the Jelly-broth, and a quart of Cream, a pound and a half of Sugar, and a quarter of a pint of Rosewater, mingle these all together, and let them have a walm or two over the fire, with half an ounce of fine fierced Ginger, then set it a cooling, and slice it or cast it into Printing-Moulds.

*A most incomparable Jelly for a weak back.*

Take a quart of spring Water, and put therein two Ounces and a half of Harts-horn,

horn, boil it over a soft fire till it waste to a pint, then take it off the fire, and having stood a while, strain it through a fine cloth, crushing the Harts-horn with a spoon gently; then put to it the juyce of a Lemon, two spoonfuls of Red-rose-water, half a spoonful of Cynamon-water, four or five ounces of fine Sugar, or sweeten it according to your discretion, then put it out into little Glasses, and let it stand twenty four hours. When you use it, let it be in the Morning, or about four of the clock in the Afternoon; it is excellent if you dissolve it in a dish of Broth.

Thus much for Jellies; The next thing that will employ our consideration and fancy, will be the composition of Leaches, but before we treat hereof, it will be very requisite to show you the use of your Jelly and Leach.

They are a great second and third Course dish, your Jelly being sliced forth thin and laid in your Dish.

Your Jelly is cut forth into Ribbons, and placed between your Jelly with your colours opposite to one another; beat some of your Jelly in pieces, and place it in gobblets in the middle of your Dish, also

garnish it with Gobblets or Diamonds of Jelly in every vacant place; you may run your Jelly into a Lemon-pill with the pulp taken out.

## LEACHES.

*How to make a Leach all manner of ways.*

TAKE a quarter of a pound of the best Jordan Almonds, blanch them and steep them in Water ten hours or more, then pound them in a Marble-marter very small, then put them into a Pipkin or Skillet with a quart of Milk over the fire, and let them boil half an hour, but continually stir it, for otherways it may burn to ; then strain out your Milk into another Skillet through a hair-strainer; then put to it an ounce of Izing-glass that had before been steeped an hour and half in Milk, and withal a good quantity of Cinnamon, with some large Mace and Nutmeg quarter'd, also a pound of fine white Sugar, of Musk and Ambergrise both together one grain, then set it again on the fire, and stir it continually till you

you take it off; when it is enough, put to it some Rosewater, and dish it up in a Basin.

If you would have your Leaches of several colours, you must follow the same method prescribed you in the tincturing your Jellies: for Example, tye up Spinage well beaten in a Tiffany-rag, squeeze that, and the juyce gives a green tincture or complexion to your Jelly or Leach; if you will have your colours to be yellow or red, then use in the same manner Cocheneil and Saffron, but have a care you press them not too hard with your spoon, and by that means break the bag, and so defile your Leach, &c. If you would have any other colours, you must make use of Syrups which are clear, and forget not to steep your Cocheneil and Saffron in Rosewater before you use it.

*A most excellent French Leach.*

Take three pints of Cream, half a pint of Rosewater, five grains of Musk dissolved in the same, and half a dozen large blades of Mace boiled with half a pound of Izing-glass; being steeped and washed clean, put to it half a pound of Sugar, being boiled to a Jelly, run it through your bag into

into a Dish, when it is cold, slice it into Chequer-work, and so serve it on a Plate or glasses.

*The best way of making an Almond Leach.*

Take two ounces of Izing-glass, and lay it a steeping an hour and a half in Water, shift it and boil it in fair Water, then let it cool, then take three pound of Almonds and blanch them, when you have so done, pound them in a stone Morter, and put to them some Milk to keep them from oyling, after you have strain'd them, add to them large Mace and sliced Ginger, and boil them till they favour well of the Spice, then put in your dissolved Izing-glass, Sugar, and a little Rosewater, run these through a strainer, and put it into dishes. You may discolour some part of this Leach by Saffron, another by Turnsole or green Wheat, and another by Blew-bottles.

*Another Leach of Almonds as white as snow.*

Take a pound of Almonds, steep them in Water six hours, and blanch them into cold Water, then make a decoction of half a pound of Izing-glass, with two quarts of White wine, and the juice of two Lemons,

mons, boil them till half be wasted, when it is cold strain it, then mingle them with the Almonds, and strain them with a pound of double refined Sugar, and the juice of two Lemons, turn it into colours by the helps aforesaid, red, white, yellow and blew, and put it into Egg-shells or Orange-pills, with the pulp taken forth, this Leach will appear of a lovely white to the eye.

*Or thus:*

Take two ounces of Izing-glass, lay it two hours steeping in Water, then boil it in spring Water; being well dissolved set it to cool, then have a pound of Almonds beaten very fine with Rosewater, strain them with a pint of new Milk, and put in some Mace and sliced Ginger, then set them over the fire about a quarter of an hour, after put in your Izing-glass, some Sugar, and a little Rosewater, then run it through your strainer into dishes.

*White Leach of Cream.*

Take a pint of Cream, half a dozen spoonfuls of Rosewater, one grain of Musk, one drop of the Oyl of Mace, or a large blade, boil them with a quarter of a pound of

of Sugar, and the like weight of Izing-glass ; being washed clean and steeped, then run it through your Jelly-bag into a Dish ; when it is cold , slice it on a Plate in Chequer-work.

### Creams of all sorts.

#### Barley Cream.

TAKE half a pound of French Barley, and boil it in several waters till it be soft, and the water look not red, then take two quarts of sweet Cream, and boil it with large Mace, and quarter'd Nutmeg, till it be indifferent thick, then have in readiness half a pound of Almonds finely beaten, strain them into a dish with Rosewater, having poured it into the Cream, set it over the fire, stir it continually till it boil, then season it with Sugar, Musk or Ambergriese, and serve it up cold.

#### Stone Cream.

Take a quantity of Cream as much as you judge sufficient, and proportion large

Mace,

Mace, Cinamon and Rosewater accordingly, season it well with Sugar, and boil it till it taste very well of the Spice, then dish it and stir it till it be no warmer than Milk coming from the Cow, then put in a little Runnet, and stir it together, when it hath stood a while a cooling, serve it up.

#### Or thus :

Take a quart of thick sweet Cream, and mingle therewith seven or eight spoonfuls of Rosewater, season it well with Sugar, and boil it till one quarter be wasted, then take it off, and when it is off the fire, stir it in the dish you intend to serve it till it be luke-warm, then stir it again, and put some Runnet therein ; when it is cold, strow on Sugar and beaten Cinamon.

#### Cream made with Snow.

Take a pint and half of Cream, and boil it with a stick or two of Cinamon, thicken it with Rice-flower, and the yolks of Eggs, having seasoned it with a little Salt, Rosewater and Sugar, let it have a walm or two, then put it into a Dish, and lay clowted Cream upon it, and fill up the Dish with froth of Cream that comes up to the mouth of the Churn, when you make

Butter,

*Creams of*

Butter ; sprinkle it with Rosewater, and scrape Sugar thereon, with some Pine-kernels.

*Cream with Snow made otherways.*

Take a pint of Cream, three whites of Eggs, half a quartern of Rosewater, four ounces of double refined Sugar, beat these together very well in a deep Bafon with Musk and Ambergries dissolved, having in readiness a Silver Dish or China Bafon; take a Manchet and cut away the top and bottom crust, then lay it in the bottom of your Dish, and stick thereon a sprig of Rosemary, then beat your aforementioned materials up together, and as it doth froth, so lay the froth with a spoon therein, till you have filled the Dish.

*Otherways.*

Take the whites of eight Eggs, and having mingled therewith some Rosewater, beat them very well together with a bunch of Feathers, by which means in the working you will make your whites to look just like Snow ; having then, as aforesaid, laid the crum of a Manchet in the bottom of your Dish, with a branch of Bays stuck thereon, lay in the bottom some thick clowted Cream,

Cream, and on the top thereof lay your Snow in heaps.

*Cheese Cream.*

Your Curds being well cleans'd from the Whey, season them with beaten Cinnamon, Sugar and Rosewater, then fill here-with two or three dishes, with about a pint a piece in each, then lay trenchers on the top of them with a board, and so press them till they are like green Cheeses, then turn them out whole into your Dish; have in readiness a pottle of Cream, with whole Cinnamon, large Mace, and a Nutmeg quarter'd, with the yolks of half a dozen Eggs beaten with some Rosewater, put it in a little before you take it off the fire, season it with some fine Sugar ; when it is almost cold, put it above and beneath the Cheeses.

Some only season your pure fresh Cream with beaten Cinnamon, Nutmeg, Rosewater and Sugar, with as much grated Naples-bisket, as will make it thick, so pour it over your Cheeses, as is afore specified, and scrape on Cinnamon and Sugar.

*Apple Cream.*

Take nine sound Pippins, pare, slice or quarter them, put them into a Skillet with some

some Claret wine, a race of Ginger sliced thin, a little Lemon-pill cut small and some Sugar, let these stew together till they be soft, then put them into a Dish, and when they are cold, take a quart of Cream boiled with some Nutmeg, and mingle it with your Apple-stuff till you have reduced it to what thickness you think is most convenient for your purpose.

*Another way to make Apple Cream.*

Take eight or ten Pippins, pare, core and quarter them, then boil them in a pint of White wine and a pint of Sack with a Pill of minced Orangado, some whole Cinnamon and Ginger sliced, half a pound of Sugar, and keep them covered until they are boiled to a Jelly, then lay them by spoonfuls up high in a Dish, when they are cold, pour in your Cream boiled, as aforesaid: stick your Rocks of Jelly with sliced Citron.

You may avoid using any wine, only adding a pound of Sugar, if the quantity of your Pippins extend to a dozen, boil them in no more Water than will cover them, when they are boiled enough, they will be as red as a Ruby and as clear.

Quince

*Quince Cream.*

Take a convenient quantity of Quinces, and when your Water boils, put them therein; when they are tender boiled, take them up and peel them, strain them and mingle them with fine Sugar, then make it of a convenient thickness with sweet Cream, or you may boil the Cream with a stick of Cinnamon, but put it not to the Quinces till it be cold; in the same manner you may order Wardens or Pears.

Or thus you may order your Quinces, let them be unpared, and put them into Water which must boil first; when they are boiled tender, strip their skin and core them, then season them with beaten Cinnamon, Ginger, Orangado, dried Citron minced small, Carraway comfits, Rosewater and Sugar; your Cream being boiled, thus seasoned, and in a manner cold, put it in among your Quinces by spoonfuls.

*Cream called Sack Cream.*

Whilst three pints of Cream is boiling on the fire, beat the yolks of eight or nine Eggs with some Sack, and put it into your Skillet, keeping it stirring till it come to a curd,

curd, then run it through a strainer and save your curd, being sever'd from your whey, season it with beaten Cynamon, Ginger, Nutmeg, Sugar and Rosewater, lay it in your Dish, and strow on Cynamon and Sugar.

Or only take a quart of Cream, and set them where the wind may come; when it on the fire, and when it is boiled, drop them are somewhat cold, gather the Cream in two spoonfuls of Sack, and stir it well on the top with your hand, crumpling it so that you keep it from curdling, then together, and lay it on a Plate; when you season it with Sugar and Rosewater.

### Rasberry Cream.

You must boil up your Cream as the former, then take a pretty quantity of Rasberries and mingle with your Cream bruising them well; when your Cream is almost cold, season it with Sugar and Rosewater, stir them well together, strow on Sugar and dish it up.

### Red-currans Cream.

Bruise, as aforesaid, your Currans with a ladleful or two of your Cream, being first boiled, then strain them, then put your strained stuff to the said Cream, but not before it be almost cold, and it will be purely red.

### Cabbidge

### Cabbidge Cream.

Set three quarts of new Milk over the fire, and scum it as long as any froth ariseth, then empty it into seven or eight bouls as

fast as you can without frothing, then set them where the wind may come; when they are somewhat cold, gather the Cream on the top with your hand, crumpling it together, and lay it on a Plate; when you have laid four or five layings one upon the

other, then take a feather and wet it in Rosewater and Musk and stroke over it; then fierce a little grated Nutmeg and fine Sugar, and lay on three or four lays more, then put all the Milk to boil again, and when it just riseth up, distribute it as before into your bouls, and use it in like manner: thus you may do four or five times, still laying on your Cream as before, and so order it, that it may lye round and high as a Cabbidge: let one of the

first bouls stand, because the Cream of it will be thickest and most crumpled, and lay on that last on the top of all; when you serve it up, scrape on Leaf-sugar; here note that this must be made over night for next days dinner, and in the morning for supper.

*Another excellent way.*

Take two gallons of new Milk, and when it boileth, put therein a quart of Cream, with the whites of three Eggs beaten up very well, let it boil but a very little time, and take it off, and put it into several broad earthēn Milk-pans, and let it stand till it is cold; then having boil'd, Cabbidge in Milk, cut it in two, and put half thereof into your Dish with the cut side downward, then scum the Cream off your Pans, and lay them on the Cabbidge; after this sprinkle on Cinamon, Rosewater and Sugar between each sheet or lay, so lay on the top of the other until you have laid on all your Cream; by so doing your Cream will appear like a Cabbidge; for ornament stick on sprigs of Rosemary, which you must snow artificially.

*Almond Cream.*

Take a pound of Almond paste that hath been pounded in a Morter with Rosewater, and strain it with a pottle of Cream, then put it into a Skillet with two sticks of Cinamon and boil it, stir it continually, and when it is boiled thick, put it into a Dish, let it cool, scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

Or thus; take three pints of Cream  
and

and boil it over night, in the morning take three quarters of a pound of Almonds blanched and finely beaten, strain them with the Cream, and add thereto somewhat more than a quarton of double refined Sugar, some Rosewater, Cinamon and Ginger finely beaten and fierced, then dish it, scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

*Almond Cream the best away.*

Take half a pound of Almonds (right Jordan, for they are the best) and pound them in a Morter with Rosewater and Sugar, sprinkling them in by degrees; as you are pounding incorporate these well together with Rice-flowre and a little Milk, making it no thicker than batter; when your Cream boileth, pour this stuff into your Skillet, and let them boil together with Izing-glaſs, Nutmeg and Cinamon, with a blade or two of large Mace, keep it stirring over the fire for the space of half an hour, then take it off, and put therein the yolks of half a dozen Eggs well beaten in some Cream and Rosewater, with three quarters of a pound of fine Sugar, stir all together, and dish it up; three quarts of Milk will be sufficient for the aforesaid ingredients.

*Goosberry Cream.*

Take what quantity of Cream you think fit, and boil it with Cinamon, Nutmeg, Mace, Sugar, Rosewater, and the yolks of Eggs beaten; having boiled a little while, take it off and dish it, then have in readiness some preserved Goosberries, and stick them on a pin in rows as thick as they can lye on the Cream, garnish your dish with the same, sprinkle on Sugar and serve it up.

*Otherways.*

Take a quantity of Goosberries codled green, and boil them up with Sugar, then put them into raw or boiled Cream, strained or not, it is better to let them be whole, scrape on Sugar and serve them up.

In like manner you may order Raspiss, Red-currans or Strawberries, or you may serve them in Wine and Sugar without any Cream.

*Rice Cream.*

Take three quarts of Cream, and three handfuls of Rice-Flowre, with half a pound of Sugar, mingle the two last named very well together

together, and put it into the Cream; then beat the yolk of an Egg or two, with a little Rosewater, and put it likewise into the Cream, stir these all together continually over a quick fire till it be as thick as pap.

*Rice Milk or Cream otherways.*

Having boil'd your Rice near upon a quarter of an hour, put it out into a Culender, and pick out the unhuskt Rice from the rest; if it be half a pound of Rice that you use, then must you have three quarts of Milk or Cream; when it boils, put in your Rice with large Mace, whole Cinnamon, and a Nutmeg in halves; when it begins to thicken, take the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, and beat them with Rosewater, and a ladleful of your boiling Cream, then stir it all into your Cream over the fire, then take it off and season it with Sugar and a little Salt, take out your whole Spice, and dish it up, scrape on it Sugar, and on the brims of your Dish, and serve it up.

*Clowted Cream.*

Take new Milk from the Cow, and let it over the fire in two or three broad ear-

**Creams of**

then Pans, when it is ready to boil take it off, and set it by to cool, when it is cold scum it off with your Scummer, and season it with Rosewater, Musk and Sugar.

*Another rare Cream.*

Take a pound of Almond-paste fine beaten with Rosewater, mingle it with a quart of Cream, half a dozen Eggs, a little Sack, half a pound of Sugar, and some beaten Nutmeg; strain them and put them into a clean scoured Skillet, and set it on a soft fire, stir it continually, and being of an indifferent thickness, dish it up with juice of Oranges, Sugar, and a stick or two of candied Pistaches.

*Another.*

When you churn Butter, take out a pint of Cream, just as it is about to turn to Butter, then boil a quart of thick new Cream, season it with Sugar, and a little Rosewater, when it is quite cold, mingle it well with your former Cream, and so dish it.

*An extraordinary clowted Cream.*

Take two gallons and a half of new Milk, and when it boils, make a hole in the

the middle of the Milk, and pour in two quarts of good new thick Cream, and put it into the hole as it boileth: thus boil it half an hour, then divide it into four Milk-pans, and let it cool four and twenty hours or longer, if the weather be not too hot, then take it up with a slice, and put it into a Dish clod upon clod, and sprinkle thereon Rosewater and Sugar.

*Coddling Cream.*

Take a dozen and a half of fair Codlings and coddle them, then skin and core them; after this, beat them in a Morter, then take three pints of Cream, and mix them well together, and strain it into a Dish, and mix it with Sugar, Sack, Musk and Rosewater; you may order any fruit after the same manner if you please.

*Otherways.*

Take two dozen of Codlings which are coddled very green, and clean skin'd, then put them in a Dish half filled with Rosewater, and three quarters of a pound of Sugar, boil these together till half the liquor be consumed, keep it stirring till it be ready, then fill up your Dish with thick sweet Cream, and stir it till it be well incor-

**Creams of**

porated ; when it hath boiled a little while, take it off, let it cool, then scrape on Sugar and serve it.

Or you may take a quart of Cream, and boil it with Mace, Sugar, two yolks of Eggs, two spoonfuls of Rosewater, and a grain of Ambergrise, put it into the Cream, and set it over the fire till it be ready to boil, then set them to cool, stirring them till they be cold ; then add to it a quart of green codling stuff strain'd, strow on Sugar and serve it up.

*Plum Cream.*

It matters not what your Plums are, so they be fair, and put them into a Dish with some Sugar, White wine, Sack, Claret or Rosewater, close them up with paste, and bake them ; then set them by to cool, and when they are cold, put in raw Cream, or that which is boil'd with Eggs, scrape on Sugar.

*Cast Cream.*

Take two quarts of Cream, and a quart of Milk, the yolks of six Eggs, and the whites of six more, strain them together and boil them, and stir them continually till they be thick, then put therein some Verjuice

**all sorte.**

juice, and put it into a strainer, and drain the whey from it ; then put to it some Sugar and Rosewater, strow all over it some preserved Pine-kernels.

*Whipt Cream.*

Take a quart of Milk and put it into an earthen Pan, with a quarter of a pound of Sugar, take also one pint of sweet Cream, which you must mingle with your Milk gradually, as you are whipping it with your rods, take off the scum by degrees, and put it in a Dish after the form of a Pyramid.

Or thus, take Milk and put it into a large bowl or basin, and whip it with rods till it be as thick as the Cream that comes off the top of a Churn, then lay fine linnen cloths on saucers, being wet, and lay on the Cream, and let it rest two or three hours, then turn it into a Silver Dish with raw Cream, Sugar it and serve it up.

*Italian Cream.*

Take three pints of Cream, and fifteen yolks of Eggs, and strain them with a little Salt, Saffron, Rosewater, juice of Orange, a little White wine, and three quarters of a pound of fine Sugar, bake these

ingredients in a Dish with Cinamon, with candied Pistaches stuck thereon.

*Pyramidis Cream made after a most excellent manner.*

Take three pints of Water, and eight ounces of Harts-horn, put it into a bottle with Gum-dragon, and Gum-arabick, of each the quantity of an Egg, let the bottle be so big, that it may hold a pint more, stop it very close with cork, and tye a cloth over it, put the bottle into a beef-pot, or you may boil it by it self in Water, let it boil three hours, then take the same quantity of Cream as there is of Jelly, with three quarters of a pound of Almonds well beaten with Rosewater, mingle them with the Cream, strain it, put the Jelly when it is cold into a Basin, and the Cream to it, sweetning it as you shall think most convenient; add to it three or four grains of Musk and Ambergriese, set it over the fire, and stir it continually till it be seething hot, but let it not boil, then put it into a glas, and let it stand till it be cold, when you use it, put the dish in some warm Water, and serve it with Cream.

Pud-

Puddings of all sorts.

*Quaking Pudding.*

TAKE a pint and half of Cream, a grated Manchet, half a dozen spoonfuls of Cream, and commix it with four spoonfuls of Rice-flowre, then without clodding beat it into batter; then take eight Eggs, and mingle them all together, beating them up with a little Rosewater, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace, Cinamon beaten with a little Salt; if it be too thick, thin it with more Cream; then take a thick cloth wash'd over with Butter, and put your Pudding therein, in the tying of it give it some liberty to rise, then put it into your boiling liquor; let it boil for the space of a full hour, covering your Pot very close, keep it constantly turning for the first quarter of the hour, and let it boil very fiercely; when it is enough, take it up and turn it into a Dish, stick it all over with blanched Dates and dried Citron, perfume a little Rosewater with Musk or Ambergriese, adding some Vinegar, drawn

O 4

But-

Butter, and a good quantity of Sugar ; being very hot, pour it on your Pudding, scrape Loaf-sugar on the brims of your Dish, and so serve it up ; you may do well in the sticking of your Pudding to add some Orangado to the aforesaid.

*Quaking Pudding baked.*

Take a Manchet, slice it and scald it with a pint of Cream, then put to it a pound of blanched Almonds pounded small with Rosewater, add thereto a quarter of a pound of Dates sliced and cut small, a handful of Currans boiled, and some Marrow minced, beat these together, and season it with Nutmeg, Sugar and Salt, putting thereto the yolks of half a dozen Eggs.

If you will make your Pudding either to boil or bake, take a pint of good thick Cream, boil it with some large Mace, whole Cinnamon and sliced Ginger, with a little Nutmeg, then take the yolks of six Eggs, beat them well, and grate the quantity of a half-penny-loaf of stale Manchet, put it to the Eggs with a spoonful of Flowre, season it with Sugar as is requisite, with a little Salt, then either bake or boil it ; an hour will serve for either.

*Shaking*

*Shaking Pudding.*

Take a pint of sweet Cream, boil it with large Mace, sliced Nutmeg and Ginger, then put in a few Almonds beaten with Rosewater, being first blanched, then beat four Eggs with half their whites ; having strained all together, mingle therewith sliced Ginger, Sugar, grated Bread and Salt, then butter a cloth and flowre it, having tyed it hard, put it into your boiling Water, as you must do by all Puddings, then dish it up with Butter and Verjuyce, putting therein a little Sugar.

*Wine Puddings.*

Take the crums of two Manchets sliced, and infuse them in half a pint of Wine, with as much Sugar as you shall think requisite, but first scald your Wine, then take half a dozen Eggs, and beat them with Rosewater, then put sliced Dates, Marrow and Nutmeg thereunto, mingling them all together, and filling your guts herewith boil them.

*Puddings of several colours.*

In the first place you must procure half a dozen dishes bespoke on purpose of the

Turner with covers befitting them ; then buster the inside of your Dishes, fill one of them with the ingredients of your Quaking Pudding, then put on the cover and bind it down with a cloth prepared for that purpose with pack-thread, then take as much more of the same stuff as will fill a Dish, and colour it with Spinage, and tye up this as the former ; then take of Cowslips, Violets, and Clove-gilly-flowers of each a handful, and mince them a part, and beat them severally in a Morter, then take as much of the said Pudding-stuff as will fill three Dishes, putting into every Dish each distinct juyce, *viz.* Cowslips into one, &c. and bind them up, having first covered them, as aforesaid ; when they are boiled, uncover your Dishes, and turn out your Puddings into a large Dish, stick them with Suckets, and lair them with Butter, Vinegar, Rosewater, and good store of Sugar, scrape on some Sugar and serve them up : this is a very becomming Dish for any great Feast.

*Marrow-puddings boiled in skins.*

Take a quart of Cream, a rowl of French bread sliced very thin, and put it over the fire a soaking with Cinamon, that is whole, till

till it is ready to boil, then beat half a dozen yolks of Eggs, your Cream being almost cold put them therein, and put to them the Marrow of three Marrow-bones minced with some minced Orangado, Citron, beaten Cinamon, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Rosewater, Sugar and a little Salt, you may thin it with Cream, if your Manchet swells too much, for it must be no thicker than pancake batter ; then having your Hogs-guts ready cleansed and washed, fill them up, and tye them like Beads, being about the bigness and length of an Egg, you must give two inches scope to every one of these in the tying, else they will break ; boil them very softly in a Kettle for the space of half an hour or more, then take them up and keep them for service.

*Marrow-puddings baked.*

Let your Dish be indifferent deep, on the bottom whereof lay Sippets of white Bread, and on that lay raw Marrow all over with Dates, Raisins of the Sun, Orangado and other Suckets ; then having in readiness some Cream boiled up with the yolks of Eggs, lay thereon a ladleful or two thereof, Marrow upon that, upon your Marrow

Marrow make a lay of Dates, Raisins, &c. and then a lay of Cream, continue so doing till you have fill'd your Dish, garnish the brim of your Dish with Paste, then set it in the Oven half an hour, and it will be enough. In the boiling of your Cream you must put in whole Cinamon and large Mace, and season it with Rosewater, Sugar, and grated Nutmeg.

*Black-puddings.*

Take six quarts of great Oat-meal, and put to it three Gallons of strong Broth, let it boil softly over the fire about half an hour, stirring it continually, pour it forth into a great earthen-Pan, let it be cold, and put to it five or six quarts of Hogs-blood strained, mix these together, and let them steep all night; then take an indifferent handful of Winter-favory, and as much Penniroyal, some Hysop and Rosemary, with a handful of Tyme and Sives, or instead thereof Onions or Leeks, and a handful of Sage, mince all these together, and mingle them with your aforesaid ingredients, let your seasoning be Pepper beaten small, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Cinamon, Nutmegs and Salt, then cut in a good quantity of Lard about the bigness of a great Dye, adding thereto the yolks of a dozen

dozen and a half of Eggs beaten very well, mingle these well with your hands. Your small Hogs-guts being cleansed and watered a day before, cut them about a yard long or somewhat more, blow them up to see whether they be sound, and fill them with the materials aforesaid, and tye up your lengths in six links or four, as you shall judge fit; let your Water boil moderately, and having boiled your Puddings about half an hour, take them up, and put others in; then put them in for half an hour more; do this as you are filling your Puddings, supply your Pan with Hogs-suet, and order your hand in the filling that the ingredients may all carry a due proportion.

*Black-puddings otherways made.*

Take the blodd of a Hog whilst it is warm, and put therein some Salt; when it is cold, put in gross Oat-meal well pick'd, after it hath stood a soaking all night, then put in Rosemary, Tyme, Penniroyal, Savory and Fennel minced small, alter the hardness and redness of the blood with some Cream, beat in half a dozen Eggs, and season it with Cloves, Mace, Pepper, Fennel-seed,

seed, and cut in good store of Beef-suet in pretty big lumps.

Or else take a quantity of Oatmeal, the one half you must pick and put it into Hogs-blood whilst it is warm, being first well strained, so let it stand all night; then take the other part of the Oatmeal and pick it also, and boil it in Milk till it be tender, and all the Milk consumed, then put it to the blood, stirring it well together, put in good store of Hogs-suet, and season it with sweet Herbs, as aforesaid, Salt, Pepper and Fennel-seed, fill not the guts too full, and boil them gently.

#### *Polony Sausages.*

Take of a Gammon of Bacon boiled, a good piece, take as much Lard and mince them both small, mingle these together, and beat them in a Morter, then season them with Tyme and Sage minced very small, and good store of Pepper pulverized with some Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace and Salt, add to them the yolks of Eggs, and as much red Wine as will render them stiff, mingle them with your hands, and fill your skins, which must be as big as the small end of a Rolling-pin, then hang them in your Chimney for some time; when you use them,

cut

cut them out thin round-ways, and put them into a Dish with Oyl and Vinegar, they will serve either for a second course or collation for a drinking bout; if you season them very well with the aforesaid ingredients, they will keep a long time, they must hang either in a place indifferently hot and cold.

#### *Liver Puddings.*

Having boiled your Hogs Liver, grate it, and add to it a greater quantity of grated Bread than there is of Liver, with both their quantities of fine Flowre: to every quart of this composition allow four Eggs, half a pound of Beef-suet minced very small, a quarter of a pound of Currans, a little Rosewater, some Cloves, Nutmeg, Mace, Cinamon and Ginger beaten small; having season'd it with Salt, put thereunto Winter-savory, Penniroyal, sweet Marjoram and Tyme minced very small, then mingle all these with a little Milk; and having made this mixture as thick as Frumenty, fill your guts therewith, then boil them soberly for the space of an hour, and if you perceive any of them to bladder prick them.

Or thus: Take a Liver, as aforesaid, boil

boil it dry, and let it stand till it be cold, then grate it and sift it through a Cullen-der, put Cream to it, and the flicke of a Hog minced small, with some grated Bread, also add thereto sweet Herbs minced small with Nutmeg, Mace, Pepper, Anni-seed, Rosewater, Cream and Eggs, with some Currans and Dates, as you shall think fit, so fill the guts and boil them.

*Oatmeal Puddings.*

Take a pottle of Milk, and set it over the fire, with four or five sticks of Cinnamon and large Mace, then take three handfuls of great Oatmeal and beat it small in a Morter, then stirring your Milk put it therein, making it of an indifferent thickness; then put in two handfuls of Beef-suet cut small, stir it and let it boyl half an hour; then pour it forth into an earthen-Pan, and let it stand till it be almost cold, if it grows thicker than is requisite, you may make it thinner with some new Milk, then break into it the yolks of five or six Eggs, with a quartern of Sugar, a grated Nutmeg; and some Rosewater, butter the bottom of your Dish, and pour in your Pudding of the thickness of Batter; then put it into an Oven about half heated, and let

let it stand there half an hour, then draw it, scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

*Or thus:*

Pick and wash very clean a quart of whole Oatmeal, steep it in warm Milk all night, next morning drain it and boyl it in three pints of Cream; when it is cold, put to it the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, and but half the whites, Cloves, Mace, Saf-fron, Salt, Dates sliced and Sugar, boil it in a Pipkin, serve it with beaten Butter, and stick it with sliced Dates, and scrape on Sugar; you may for variety add Raisins of the Sun, all manner of sweet Herbs, being seasoned as before.

Or you may take great Oatmeal, pick and scald it in Cream, then season it with Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Ginger, Pepper, Currans, you may either bake it in a Dish, or boyl it in a Napkin, serve it with beaten Butter and Sugar scraped thereon.

*Oatmeal Pudding after the best manner.*

Take great Oatmeal well pick'd and wash'd, and bind it up in a bag, then boyl it in Beef-broth tender, then take some Cream and boyl it with large Mace and sliced Nutmeg, then take it off the fire, and slice

slice a Manchet very thin into the Cream ; to a quart thereof take eight Eggs, the whites but half so many, and mix it with your Oatmeal, then add thereto a good quantity of Beef-suet, Rosewater, Salt and Sugar, stir them well together, butter the bottom of your Dish and so bake it.

*Rice-flowre Pudding.*

Thicken a pottle of Milk with as much Rice-flowre as will make it as thick as Batter, then boil it with Cinnamon and large Mace, then put into it a piece of Butter, and stir it continually ; when it is indifferently thick, put it into an earthen-Pan to cool, when it is almost cold, add to it two handfuls of Currans, a little Sugar, beaten Cinnamon, and a handful of minced Dates, with the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, the whites of three omitted, butter the bottom of your Dish, and pour in your Pudding ; you will do well to garnish the brims of your dish with paste ; when it is baked scrape on Sugar.

*Rice-pudding in guts.*

Take a pottle of Milk, set it over the fire, and put therein three quarters of a pound of Rice well pick'd and wash'd, with a lit-

a little beaten Mace, and boil it till the Mace be dry, then pour your Rice into a strainer, that you may drain it from its moisture, then put to it the yolks of eight Eggs, and the whites of four, three quarters of Sugar, a quarter of a pint of Rosewater, a pound and half of Currans, and the like quantity of Beef-suet minced, season it with Nutmeg, Cinnamon and Salt ; then dry the small guts of a Hog, Sheep or Heifer, being well cleansed and steeped, fill your guts with the aforesaid ingredients, cut your guts a foot long, ty'e them both ends together ; a quarter of an hours boiling will serve the turn.

Or you may boil the Rice first in Water, then in Milk, after that with Salt in Cream ; then take half a dozen Eggs, grated Bread, good store of Marrow minced small, some Nutmeg, Sugar and Salt, fill the guts, put them in a Pipkin, and boil them in Milk and Rosewater.

*Rice-pudding baked.*

Boil the Rice tender in Milk, and season it with Nutmeg, Mace, Rosewater, Sugar, Eggs, and but half the whites, grated Bread with Marrow minced, then putting in a little Ambergries, bake it in a Dish,

Dish, the bottom whereof must be butter'd.

*Hasty-pudding in a Dish.*

Take three pints of good thick Cream, and when it boils, put therein two penny Manchets grated and mingled with a quarter of a pint of Flowre, a quarter of Sugar, Nutmeg, Salt, and half a pound of Butter, stir it continually, and put thereto the yolks of half a dozen Eggs; when it is boiled enough, pour it into a Dish, sticke it with preserved Orange-pill, run it all over with Butter, and scrape upon it some double refined Sugar.

*Hasty-pudding in a bag.*

Take a quart of thick Cream, with two spoonfuls of Flowre, season it with Sugar, Nutmeg, Salt, wet your bag and flowre it, then pour in your Cream whilst it is hot, when it is boiled butter it. This Pudding is not inferiour to any Custard.

Or you may take a pint of good Milk, put thereto a handful of Raisins of the Sun, with as many Currans, and a piece of Butter, then grate a Manchet and Nutmeg, and put thereto a handful of Flowre, when the Milk boils, put in the bread, let

it boil a quarter of an hour, then dish it upon beaten Butter.

*Hasty-pudding the best way made.*

Take a quart of good thick Cream, and the quantity of a French Roll and half, grated or rather sliced thin; when your Cream boils, put in your Bread with grated Nutmeg, Cloves, Cinamon, Mace and Ginger beaten, add thereto a spoonful or two of Flowre, incorporate these well together, and keep it stirring, as it boils put in a spit of Butter, then take the yolks of four Eggs, and the whites of two, beat them and put them into your Skillet or Pipkin, with a handful of Sugar, and a little Rosewater, then stir it well till you perceive it to thicken and boil, then put it out into the Dish you intend to serve it up in, set it over a Chafing-dish of coals, and heat a Fire-shovel red hot, then hold it close to the top of your Pudding, till you perceive it look brown, then scrape on some Sugar and serve it.

*Andolians or Blood-puddings.*

Having soaked your Hogs-guts, turn them, scour them, and steep them in Water twenty four hours, then take them out, wipe

wipe them dry, and turn the fat side outward: Then take Pepper, chopped Sage, a little Cloves and Mace beaten, Coriander seed and Salt, mingle all together, and season the fat side of the guts, then turn that side inwards again, and draw one gut over another, to what bigness you please, then boil them in a Pot or Pan of fair Water, with a piece of interlarded Bacon, and some Spices, with a little Salt, tye them fast at both ends, and make them of what length you please.

Or you may take blood and strain it, three parts of Blood to two of Cream, a couple of Manchets and Beef-suet cut square like Dice, the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, Salt, sweet Herbs, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace and Pepper.

As for your blood, you may either take that of a Goose, Sheep, Calf, Lamb or Fawn.

*A most incomparable rare Marrow-pudding.*

Take the Marrow of four Marrow-bones, two French Rolls, half a pound of Raisins of the Sun ready boiled and cold, Cinamon a quarter of an Ounce fine beaten, two grated Nutmegs, a quarter of a pound of Sugar, a quarter of a pound of

Dates

Dates, Sack half a pint, a quarter of a pint of Rosewater, ten Eggs, two grains of Ambergrise, and two of Musk dissolved: Lastly, have in readiness a deep Dish, and lay in the bottom some slices of French Bread, and strew thereon Nutmeg, Cinnamon and Sugar mingled together, and sprinkle the slices with Sack and Rosewater; then lay on some Raisins of the Sun, some sliced Dates, and good big pieces of Marrow: And thus make two or three lays of the aforesaid ingredients, with some Musk, and a great deal of Marrow on the top, then take a pottle of Cream, and strain it, with half a quarter of fine Sugar, and a little Salt, with the yolks of twelve Eggs and six whites, then set the Dish into the Oven temperately hot, when baked scrape on some Sugar.

*An excellent boiled Pudding.*

Beat the yolks only of half a dozen Eggs with Rosewater, and a pint of Cream, warm it with a piece of Butter as big as a Pullets egg; when it is melted, mix them well together, and season it with Nutmeg, Sugar, and Salt, then put in as much Bread as will make it as thick as Batter, with a spoonful of Flowre, then take a double cloth,

cloth, wet it and flowre it, tye it fast, and put it in the Pot, being boiled, serve it with Butter, Verjuyce and Sugar.

Or you may take Pinamolets or French Bread, grate it and sift it through a Cullen-der, and mix it with Flowre, minced Dates, Currans, Nutmeg, Cinammon, minced Suet, Milk from the Cow, Sugar and Eggs, take away one moiety of the whites, and mingle them all together, then make it round like a loaf, when the liquor boils, put it in tyed up in a double cloth.

*Cream Puddings.*

Take a pint of Cream, season it with Nutmeg, Cinammon, Ginger and Mace, let your Ginger be quartered, then put to it the yolks of four Egg, and half the quantity of Whites, half a pound of Almonds blanched, beaten and strained with the Cream, a little Rosewater, Sugar and a ver-ry little Flowre, then put your Pudding in- to a bag or Napkin, having first wetted and flower'd it; being boiled, let your Sauce be Sack, Sugar and Butter beaten up thick to-gether with the yolk of an Egg; then blanch some Almonds, slice them and stick the Pudding very thick all over, then scrape on Sugar and serve it up.

*Green*

*Green Puddings of Herbs.*

Take a quart and somewhat more of Cream, and steep therein the pith of a penny-white-loaf, into which you must beat the yolks of eight Eggs, then add thereto Currans, Sugar, Cloves, beaten Mace, Dates, Cinammon, Nutmeg, sweet Marjoram, Tyme, Savory, Penniroyal minced very small, the juye of Spinage, Saffron and Salt, boil these with Beef-suet or Marrow, or without either; these Puddings are excellent to be served up alone in a Dish, or good stuffings for boiled or roasted Poultry, Kid, Lamb or Veal.

*Another excellent boiled Pudding.*

Beat six Eggs into a pint of Cream, put it over the Fire, and scald the crum of a Manchet therein, then put to it half a pound of blanched Almonds beaten small with Rosewater, season it with Sugar, Nutmeg and Salt, some Dates sliced and cut small, some Currans boiled, and some Marrow minced, beat them all together and bake it.

P

*Almond*

*Almond Pudding in a Dish.*

Take a pound of Almonds, blanch and pound them in a Marble-Morter, strain them with a quart of Cream, a grated Manchet fierced, four Eggs, some Sugar, Nutmeg grated, some Dates, and a little Salt, boil it and serve it in a Dish with beaten Butter, stick it with Wafers, and scrape on Sugar.

Some use this course by taking a pound of Almond-paste, some grated Naples-bisket, Cream, Rosewater, yolks of Eggs, beaten Cinnamon, Ginger, Nutmeg, some boiled Currans, Pistaches and Musk, boil it in a Napkin, and serve it as the former.

*Almond Puddings in guts.*

Take a pound and a half of Almond-paste, and put thereto some new Milk or Cream, with four or five blades of Mace, and some sliced Nutmegs; when it is boiled, take the Spice clean from it, then grate a penny Manchet, and fierce it through a Cullender, put it into the Cream, and let it stand till it be cold, then put in the Almonds, eight yolks of Eggs, Salt, Sugar, and good store of Marrow or Beef-suet fine.

finely minced, and therewith fill the guts.

*Cinnamon Puddings.*

Take two quarts of Cream, and steep therein two French Rolls, a dozen yolks of Eggs, Dates, an ounce of beaten Cinnamon and some Almond-paste; you may sometimes use Rosewater and boiled Currans; either boil or bake it, which you please.

*Haggis Puddings.*

Take a Calves chaldron, boil it, and when it is cold, mince it very small, then take the yolks of four Eggs, and the whites of two, some Cream, grated Bread, Sugar, Salt, Currans, Rosewater, some Beef-suet or Marrow, sweet Herbs, Marjoram, Tyme, Parsley, and mingle all together; then having a Sheep-maw ready dressed, put in the aforesaid materials and boil it.

Others take good store of Parsley, Savory, Tyme, Onions, and Oatmeal groats chopped together, and mingled with some minced Beef-suet, with Cloves, Mace, Pepper and Salt, fill the paunch, sow it up and boil it; when it is boiled, cut a hole

**Puddings of**

in it, and put in some beaten Butter, with yolks of the three Eggs.

*Another very good way.*

Take a Calves chaldron or Muggets, boil it tender and mince it small, put to it grated Bread, the yolks of six Eggs, with as many whites, some Cream, sweet Herbs, Spinage, Succory, Sorrel, Strawberry-leaves minced small, a little Butter, Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Ginger, Currans, Sugar, Salt, Dates, and boil it in a Napkin or Cálves-panch; being boiled, dish it and trim it with scraped Sugar, stick it with sliced Almonds, and run it over with beaten Butter.

**Chiveridge Puddings.**

Lay the fattest of a Hog in fair Water and Salt to scowr them, then take the longest and fattest gut, and stuff it with Nutmeg, Sugar, Ginger, Pepper, and sliced Dates, boil them and serv them to the Table.

**Swan or Goose-pudding.**

Take the blood of either and strain it, and put therein Oatmeal to steep, or grated Bread in Milk or Cream, with Nutmeg, Pep-

Pepper, sweet Herbs minced, Beef-suet, Rosewater, minced Lemon-pill, with a small quantity of Coriander-seed: This is a very good Pudding for a Swan or Gooses Neck.

**Veal pudding.**

Take some of the raw flesh of a Leg of Veal, and mince it very small, then mingle it with lard cut into square pieces, and mince some sweet Herbs, as Marjoram, Pen-niroyal, &c. with some Spice, as Nutmeg, Ginger, Pepper and Salt, work or incorporate all together, with Cinnamon, Sugar, Barberries, sliced Figs, blanched Almonds, half a pound of Beef-suet finely minced, put these into Hog or Sheep-guts well cleansed, cut them an inch and a half long, tye them and boil them in a Pipkin, with Claret wine, with large Mace; being almost boiled, have some boil'd Grapes in small bunches, and Barberries in knots, then dish them on French Bread; being scalded with Mutton Broth or Gravy, garnish your dish with sliced Lemon: this is a most delicate Pudding.

**Bread Pudding in guts.**

Take some Cream and boil it with Mace, Pep-

and mix therewith some Almonds blanched and beaten with Rosewater, then take Cream, Eggs, Nutmeg, Currans, Salt and Marrow, and mingle them all together, with as much grated white Bread, as you shall think sufficient, and herewith fill your guts.

*Bread Puddings green or yellow.*

Grate three penny-white-loaves, and pierce them through a Cullender, put them into a deep dish, and put to them three Eggs, three pints of Cream, Cloves, Mace, Saffron, Salt, Rosewater, Sugar, Currans, three quarters of a pound of Beef-suet, and the like quantity of Dates; if you would have your Pudding green, colour it with Spinage, and all manner of sweet Herbs stamped amongst it; as Savory, sweet Marjoram, Rosemary, Pennyroyal, &c. but if yellow, put therein only Saffron-water.

*An Italian Pudding.*

Take a fine Manchet, and cut it into square pieces like Dice, then put to it half a pound of Beef-suet minced small, Raisins of the Sun, Cloves, Mace, Dates, Sugar, Marrow, Rosewater, Eggs and Cream, mingle all these together, then Butter the bottom

bottom of your Dish, and put in the aforementioned ingredients, about three quarters of an hour it will be baked, then scrape on Sugar.

Some Italians use to take half a pound of grated Parmesan, or old Cheese, a penny Manchet grated, sweet Herbs chopped very small, Cinamon, Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace, four Eggs, Sugar and Currans, bake it in a Dish or Pye, or boil it in a Napkin; being boiled, serve it with beaten Butter, Sugar and Cinamon.

*French Pudding.*

Take a pound of Raisins of the Sun, two penny white-loaves chopt and cut into dice-work, a pound of Beef-suet finely minced, somewhat more than a quartern of Sugar, twelve or fourteen Dates sliced, a grain of Musk, a dozen and a half pretty big lumps of Marrow, Salt, a pint of Cream, half a dozen Eggs beaten with it, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, Salt and a Pippin or two pared, with a couple of Pome-waters sliced and put in the bottom of the Dish before you bake it; if you find your ingredients too many, or your Dish or Pan be too little to hold them, divide them in two equal parts, and bake them a part.

If you would make a French Barley Pudding, thus you must do ; Take a quart of Barley and boil it, then add to it the quantity of Bread, as amounts to a Manchet, then beat a pound of blanched Almonds with Rosewater, and strain them with Cream, then take the yolks of eight Eggs, and the whites of four, and beat them with Rosewater, season it with Nutmeg, Mace, Salt, Marrow, or Beef-suet cut small, then filling the guts herewith boil them.

*Puddings of Swines Lights.*

Take your Lights and parboil them, then mince them very small with Suet, and mix them with grated Bread, Cream, Currans, Eggs, Nutmeg, Salt and Rosewater, so fill the guts.

*A very good Pudding.*

Take the crumbs of white Bread, the like quantity of white Flowre, the yolks of four Eggs, and as much Cream as will make it as thick as pancake Batter, then butter your Dish, bake it and scrape on Sugar.

*White Puddings the best way to make them.*

Take Hogs Umbles and boil them very tender,

tender, then take some of the Lights with the Heart, and all the fleshy part about them, picking the sinewy skins from them all, then chop the meat very small, and put to it some of the Liver finely fierced, some grated Nutmeg, the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, a pint of Cream, two or three spoonfuls of Sack, Sugar, Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Carraway-seed, a little Rosewater, good store of Hogs-fat, and some Salt, let your guts lye a steep in Rosewater till you fill them.

*Another approved way.*

Take three pints of great Oatmeal pick'd very clean, steep it in Milk three or four hours, then drain the Milk from it, and let it lye all night in Water that is warm, in the Morning drain it from the Water, and put to it two pound of minced Beef-suet, half a score Eggs with half their whites, a quarter of an ounce of Nutmegs, as much Sugar, a little Mace, a quart of Cream, and a little Salt, mix them well together, and fill your guts herewith.

*Cambridge Pudding.*

Fierce grated Bread through a Cullender, and mingle it with some Flowre, minced.

minced Dates, Currans, Nutmeg, Cinnamon and Pepper, minced Suet, new Milk warm fine Sugar and Eggs, take away some of their whites, and incorporate all together. Take half a Pudding on the one side, and half a Pudding on the other, and put Butter in the midst, putting the one half of the Pudding aloft upon the other made round like a Loaf; put in your Pudding when the liquor boileth, and when it is enough, cut it in the midst and serve it up.

---

### All sorts of Forcings or Farcings for any Roots, Land-fowl, Sea-fowl or any other joynts of Meat.

*Roots, as Mellons, Pompions, &c.*

Having taken the seeds out of your Mellon, cut it round two fingers deep, then let your farcing or stuffing be grated Bread, beaten Almonds, Rosewater and Sugar, with some of the Pulp of the Mellon stamped with it, also Bisket-bread pulverized, some Coriander-seed, candied Lemon-pill minced, some beaten Mac-

and

and Marrow minced small, beaten Cinnamon, yolks of raw Eggs, sweet Herbs, Saffron and Musk a grain, then fill your rounds of Mellons, and put them in a flat bottom'd Dish with Butter in the bottom, and so bake them.

Let your sauce be made of White wine and strong broth strained with beaten Almonds, Sugar and Cinnamon, serve them on Sippets finely carved, give this Broth a walm, and pour it on your Mellons, with some fine scraped Sugar, dry them in the Oven, and serve them.

In the same manner you may do them whole, also Cucumbers, Pompions, Gourds, great Onions, Parsnips, Turnips, Carrots, &c.

*Farcings or Stuffings for any sort of Fowl.*

Take Mutton, Veal or Lamb, mince it and put to it some grated Bread, yolks of Eggs, Cream, Currans, Dates, Sugar, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Ginger, Mace, juyce of Spinage, sweet Herbs, Salt, and mingle all together, with some whole Marrow: if you would have your farcing look yellow use Saffron water.

Or you may use this farcing: take a Calves Udder boiled and cold, and stamp

it

**All sorts of**

it with Almond-paste, Cheese-curds, Sugar, Cinnamon, Ginger, Mace, Cream, Salt, raw Eggs, and some Marrow or Butter.

*Another excellent Farcing for any sort of Fowl.*

Take part of a Leg of Veal, and mince it with some Beef-suet, sweet Herbs, grated Bread, Eggs, Nutmeg, Pepper, Ginger, Salt, Dates, Currans, Raisins, candied Oranges, Coriander-seed, and a little Cream, bake or boil them, you must thicken them with the yolks of Eggs, Sugar and Verjuice, and serve them on Sippets, strow on Sugar, and garnish your Dish with Lemon sliced.

*Otherways.*

Take Rice-flowre and strain it either with Cream or Goats-milk, and the brawn of a Capon roasted, minced and stamped, boil them to a good thickness, with some Marrow, Rosewater, Sugar and Salt, with some Nutmeg, Almond-paste, and beaten Mace, when they are cold, fill your Poultry herewith, or farce any other joyn't of meat proper for farcing.

*Far-***farcings.***Farcings of Livers of Poultry.*

Take your Livers when they are raw, and cut them into square pieces about the bigness of small dice, cut as much interlarded Bacon in the same form, with some sweet Herbs chopped very small, add thereunto some yolks of Eggs, beaten Cloves, Mace, Pepper and Salt; and if you please some Prunes and Raisins of the Sun, some grated old Cheshire Cheese, a clove or two of Garlick, and fill your Fowl whether you roast it or boil it.

*Farcings for Turkeys, Pheasants, and the better sort of Fowl.*

Take Veal and Beef-suet, and mince them together, and let your seasoning be Cloves, Mace, a few Currans, Salt, and the bottoms of Artichokes boiled, and cut into small squares, mingle these together with Pine-apple-seed, Pistaches, Chesnuts, yolks of Eggs, and fill your Fowl herewith.

*Farcings for Sea-fowl boiled or baked.*

Take some of the flesh of a Leg of Mutton, and mince the meat small with Beef-suet, Pennroyal, sweet Marjoram, Tyme and other sweet Herbs, add thereunto

grated

grated Bread, Dates, Currans, Raisins Orange minced small, Ginger, Pepper, Nutmeg, Cream and Eggs, farce your Fowl herewith, and boil or roast them, let your sauce be Marrow, strong Broth, White wine, Verjuyce, Mace, Sugar and yolks of Eggs, strained with Verjuyce, serve them in on fine carved Sippets and sliced Lemon, Grapes, &c.

*Farcings for Mutton.*

Cut a pretty big hole in a Leg of Mutton, and the flesh that you take from thence mince with Beef-suet or Bacon, sweet Herbs, Pepper, Salt, Gloves and Mace, and two or three cloves of Garlick, raw Eggs, two or three Chesnuts, work up these ingredients together, and farce your Leg therewith; when you have prick'd it up, either roast it or boil it, make sauce with the remainder of the meat, and stew it on the fire with Gravy, Chesnuts, Pistaches or Pine-apples, bits of Artichokes, Pears, Grapes or Pippins, and thus serve it.

*Farcings for Lamb.*

Mince some Lamb with Suet, Parsley, Tyme, Savory, Mary-golds, Endive and Spinage; being finely minced, mingle herewith

with grated Bread, grated Nutmeg, Currans, Dates, yolks of Eggs, Rosewater and Verjuyce.

*Farcings for Veal.*

Having minced some of a Leg of Veal, cut your lard like Dice, and put to it with some minced Penniroyal, sweet Marjoram, Winter-savory, Nutmeg, a little Cammomile, Pepper, Salt, Ginger, Cinnamon, Sugar, and incorporate these together, then fill some Beef-guts herewith, and stew them in a Pipkin with some Claret wine, let not the guts be above three inches long, infuse in the stewing large Mace, Capers and Marrow; being enough, serve them on Sippets with sliced Lemon and Barberries, and run them over with beaten Butter, and scrape on Sugar.

*Farcings for Venison.*

Mince Mutton with Beef-suet, Orange-pill, grated Nutmeg, grated Bread, Coriander-seed, Pepper, Salt, and yolks of Eggs, mingle all these together, and stuff your Venison; let your Sauce be Gravy, strong Broth, Dates, Currans, Sugar, Salt, Lemons and Barberries.

Thus

Thus you may farce a Leg or Breast of Veal, Loyns of Beef, Mutton, or any joyns of meat.

*Another good Farcing.*

Mince a Leg of Mutton or Lamb with Beef-suet, with all manner of sweet Herbs, also Cloves, Mace, Salt, Currans, Sugar, and fill the Leg with half the meat, then make the rest into little Cakes, as broad as a half Crown, and stew them in a Pipkin with strong Mutton Broth, Cloves, Mace and Vinegar, you may either boil, bake or roast the Leg.

*A Farced Pudding.*

Mince a Leg of Mutton with sweet Herbs, put thereto grated Bread, minced Dates, Currans, Raisins of the Sun, a little Orangado or preserved Lemon sliced thin, a few Coriander-seeds, Nutmeg, Pepper and Ginger, mingle all together with some Cream and yolks of Eggs, work it together very well, then wrap the meat in a caul of Mutton or Veal, and so either boil or bake it.

*A grand farced or forced Dish.*

Boil some Eggs till they be very hard, then.

then separate the yolks from the whites, and divide them into halves, then pound the yolks in a stone Morter with Marchpane stuff, and sweet Herbs chopped very small, add these unto the Eggs with Sugar and Cinamon finely beaten, mingle all together with Currans and Salt, fill the whites and set them by; then have preserved Oranges candied, fill them with March-panepaste and Sugar and set them by; then have boil'd Asparagus minced with Butter and a little Sack; have next boil'd Chesnuts blanched and Pistaches, then Marrow steeped in Rosewater, and fryed in Butter; after this have green Codlings sliced, mix'd with Bisket-bread and Eggs, and fryed in little Cakes; next have Sweet-breads or Lambstones, and yolks of Eggs dipt in Butter and fryed; then have Pigeon-peepers and Chicken-peepers fryed, or any small Fowl, and some Artichokes and Potatoes boiled and fryed in Butter, and some balls as big as a Walnut made of Parmisan, dipt in Butter and fryed; set these all by severally, as you did the first. Put all these in a great Charger, and place the Chickens, or whatever Fowl you have in the middle of the Dish, then lay a lay of Sweet-breads, then a lay of Artichoke-bottoms and Marrow,

row, and on them some preserved Oranges, round that place your hard Eggs, fried Asparagus, yolks of Eggs, Chestnuts and Pistaches then your green Codlings stuffed; the Charger being full, put Marrow all over with the juice of Oranges. Some do it thus: Take two pound of Beef-marrow, and cut it as big as great Dice, and a pound of Dates cut into small squares, then take a pound of Prunes and stone them, and a pound of Currans, put these aforesaid into a Platter, with twenty yolks of Eggs, a pound of Sugar, an ounce of Cinnamon; having mingled all these together, take the yolks of twenty Eggs more, strain them with a little Rosewater, a little Musk and Sugar, fry them in two Pancakes with a little Butter; being fried yellow, lay it in a Dish, and spread the former Materials thereon, then take the other and cut it into thin slices as broad as your little finger, and lay it over the Dish like a Lettice-window, set it in the Oven a little, then fry it.

C U

## C U S T A R D S.

Let your paste of your Custards be made up of fine Flowre, done up with boiling liquor, and made stiff; and having made the forms, dry them in an Oven; then take a quart of Cream, half a score Eggs, half a pound of Sugar, a little Mace, half as much Ginger beaten very fine, and a spoonful of Salt, strain them through a strainer, and fill therewith your forms, then bake them fair and white, draw them, dish them, and scrape thereon double refined Sugar.

## Almond Custard.

Take a pound and half of Almonds, blanch and beat them very fine with Rosewater, then strain them with a pint and half of Cream, fifteen whites of Eggs, and three quarters of a pound of Sugar which is refined, make the Paste as afore specified, and bake it in an Oven moderately heated that it may look fair and white, then draw it and scrape on Sugar.

Custard

*Custard without Eggs.*

Take three quartes of a pound of Almonds, being blanch'd; pound them with Rosewater in a stone-Morter, then put in some Rice-flowre, and beat them well together, with some Cloves, Mace and Salt, let the Spices be beaten with some Ginger, and strain them all with some fair spring Water add unto what was strained half a pound of good quantity of Rosewater, three grains double refined Sugar, and a little Saffron; your forms being ready dryed, lay in the bottom of them some sliced Dates, Raisins of the Sun stoned, and some boiled Currans, fill them and bake them, being baked serape Sugar upon them; forget not to prick your forms or Custards, before you set them in the Oyen.

Or thus: if you make your Custard in paste, set it in works, and dry it in the Ouen, then beat the spawn of a Pike in Morter, and strain it with Cream, season it with Sugar, Rosewater, a grated Nutmeg, and a little Mace, beat them well together, fill your forms, and when it is baked, strew comfits thereon.

**C H E E S E.****C H E E S E-C A K E S.**

**D**Rain the whey from your curds made of new Milk, to every pottle of curds allow a quarter of a pound of Butter, a of Ambergries; the crumbs of a Manchet rubbed through a Cullender, the yolks of ten Eggs, a grated Nutmeg, a little Salt, and good store of Sugar, mix all these well together with a little Cream, but do not make them too soft; instead of Bread, take Almonds which will be much better, put up your ingredients into Puff-paste, and bake them in a quick Oven, and let them not stand too long lest they should be too dry.

*Otherways.*

Make your crust of cold Butter-paste, to a gallon of Flowre take a pound of Butter, then take curds made of Cream which are very fresh and new, and put them into your Cheese-cloth, and press out all the Whey, then stamp in a fine grated Manchet among

among the Curds, some Cloves and Mace, a pound and a half of well-washed Currans, the yolks of eight Eggs, some Rosewater, Salt, half a pound of refined Sugar, with a Nutmeg or two; incorporate these well together with a quarter of a pound of good sweet Butter and some Cream, make it not too soft, put your materials into paste and bake them.

*Or thus:*

Take three quarts of Flowre, and three quarters of a pound of Butter, a little Yef or Barm, with a small quantity of Saffron made into powder, add these to the Flowre, but melt your Butter in Milk, and so make up the Paste; then take the Curds of three quarts of new Milk-cheese, with near upon a pint of Cream, drain the Whey well from the Curds, and pound it in a Morter with half a pound of Sugar, three quarters of a pound of Currans washed and well pick'd, a grated Nutmeg, some Cinnamon beaten fine, Salt, Rosewater, a little Saffron pulverized, and half a dozen yolks of Eggs, work it up stiff with Butter and Cream.

*Otherways*

*Otherways.*

Take the yolks of eighteen Eggs, and the whites of half as many, beat them very well, then take three pints of Cream, and boil it with Mace; after this take it off the fire, stir it and put in the Eggs, then set it on the fire, and let it boil till it curdleth, then take it off, and put therein half a pound of Sugar, some grated Nutmeg, and beaten Mace, then dissolve two grains of Ambergries in four spoonfuls of Rosewater, and put therein with half a handful of grated Bread, half a pound of blanch'd Almonds beaten small, a little Cream and some Currans, put them in Paste, as aforesaid, and let them bake a quarter of an hour which will be sufficient.

Some will take a pottle of Flowre, half a pound of Butter, and the white of an Egg working it well into the Flowre with the Butter, then put a little cold Water to it, and work it up stiff, then take a pottle of Cream, half a pound of Sugar, and a pound of boild Currans, a whole Nutmeg grated, and boil these together gently with the yolks of eighteen Eggs, stir it continually; when it hath boild enough, take

take it off, and let it cool, then fill your Cheese-cakes.

*Cheese-cakes in the French fashion.*

Take a pound and a half of Pistaches stamped, with two pound and a half of new morning Cheese-curds, three ounces and a half of Elder-flowers, twelve Eggs, a pound and a quarter of Sugar, the like quantity of Butter, and a pottle of Flowre, strain these in a course strainer, and fill your forms made of Puff-paste, or other Paste as good as cold Butter paste, &c.

*Otherways after the French fashion.*

Take six pound of the best *Holland* cheese, and eight pound of new-made morning Milk Cheese-curds, and beat them in a Morter, then put Sugar to them, about a pound or more, and half a pound of well pick'd and washed Currans, fifteen Eggs well beaten, Cream, three quarters of an ounce of Cinamon, half an ounce of Mace, and a little Saffron, mix them well together, and fill your Cheese-cakes Pasty-ways, made of Puff-paste or cold Butter-paste, being baked, ice them with yolks of Eggs, Rosewater and Sugar.

*The best way of making Cheese-cakes.*

Take a pretty large morning Milk-cheese of about six pound in weight, pound it in stone or wooden Morter, and with a pound of Water amongst it, and a pound of Sugar, add thereto beaten Mace, two pounds of Currans, a pound of Almonds blanched and beaten with Rosewater, and a little Salt, then boil some Cream, and thicken it with the yolks of Eggs, work these well together, but let not the Curd be too soft, make the Paste of cold Butter and Water, form it Pasty-ways and fill it.

---

**White-pots and Fools.**

*White-pots the French fashion.*

TAKE a quart of good thick Cream, and boil it with four or five blades of large Mace, and some whole Cinamon, then take the whites of four Eggs, and beat them well, when the Cream boils up put them in, then take it off the fire, and keep it stirring a little while, and put in

Q

some

some Sugar, then pare half a dozen Pippins, slice them and put them into a pint of Claret wine, some Raisins of the Sun, Sugar, beaten Cinnamon, and beaten Ginger, boil your Apples to a pap, then cut some Sippets very thin, and dry them before the fire; when the Apples and Cream are boil'd and cold, take half the Sippets and lay them in a dish, lay half the Apples on them, then lay on the rest of the Sippets, then Apples as you did before, then pour on the rest of the Cream, and bake it in the Oven as a Custard, and when you serve it scrape on Sugar.

#### *Rice White-pot.*

Take three pints of Cream, and a quarter of a pound of Rice well pick'd, some beaten Nutmeg, Ginger and Sugar, boil these together, and set it by till it is cold; then strain into it the yolks of half a score Eggs, a quarter of a pound of Currans well-washed, and some Salt, incorporate these together, and bake it.

You may put these ingredients either into Paste, Earthen-Pan, Dish or deep Basin; and when it is baked, garnish your Dish with Sugar, Orange, Comfits and Cinnamon.

*White-*

#### *White-pot after the Devonshire fashion.*

Take Mornings-milk, and soak therein some slices of white Bread, and put therein a little Flowre with the yolks of Eggs beaten very small, bruise your Bread, so that it is wholly incorporated with your Milk, Eggs and Flowre, make it about the thickness of Pancake batter, then fill a deep earthen-pan herewith, and lay some pieces of Butter on the top, tye a brown paper about the head thereof, and put it into your Oven, when it is baked, on the top there will be a hard crust. You may make them without Flowre and with Rice, or without either, only with Bread.

#### *A Norfolk-fool.*

Take three pints of Cream, and boil it with large Mace and whole Cinnamon, having boiled a very little time, put therein the yolks of eight Eggs well beaten, then take it off the fire, and take out your Mace and Cinnamon; the Cream being of an indifferent thickness, cut a Manchet into fine slices, and cover the bottom of your Dish; then pour on some Cream, then more bread, do this three or four times till the Dish be full; then trim the dish side

with fine carved Sippets, and stick it with sliced Dates, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*A Westminster Fool.*

Slice a Manchet very thin, and lay it in the bottom of a Dish, and wet them with Sack; then take what quantity of Cream you think fit, and boil it with Eggs and large Mace, season it with Rosewater and Sugar, then stir it well together to prevent curdling, then pour it on the Bread, and let it cool; when it is cold serve it up.

Possets, Waffles, Syllabubs and Blamangers.

*A Sack Posset.*

TAKE three pints of very good new Cream, and a quarter of a pound of Almonds stamped with some Rosewater, strain it with the Cream, then boil it with a little Ambergriese, then put a pint of Sack into a Bason, and set it over the fire till it be blood-warm, then take the yolks of nine Eggs with three whites, having bea-

beaten them well, put them into the Sack, then stir them together in the Bason with the Cream; having suffer'd it to cool a little before you put it in, stir so long till you find it as thick as you would have it, then pound Amber small, and mingle it with Sugar, and a little Musk, and strew it on the top of the Posset, it will give it a most delightful taste.

Or thus: take ten Eggs, beat the whites and yolks together, and strain them into a quart of Cream, season it with Nutmeg and Sugar, and put to them a pint of Canary, stir them well together, and put them into your Bason, then set it over a Chafing-dish of coals, and stir it till it be indifferently thick, then scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Another excellent Sack-posset.*

Take the yolks of two dozen of Eggs, and five pints of good sweet Cream, and boil it with a good quantity of whole Cinnamon, and stir it continually on a good fire, then strain the Eggs with some raw Cream; when the Cream is so well boil'd that it tasteth of the Spice, take it off the fire, and pour in your Eggs, and stir them well among the Cream; being indifferent

thick, have a quart of Sack in a deep Bason that will contain the rest of the materials, and pour in your Cream, &c. with a pound of double refined Sugar, and some fine grated Nutmeg, pour it in as high as you can hold your Skillet, let it spatter in the Bason to make it froth: you may, if you please, take off the Curd and add thereto fine grated Manchet, Loaf-Sugar finely beaten, and a little White wine.

*A Sack-posset without Milk or Cream.*

Take the yolks and whites of twenty Eggs, but remove the Cock-treads, beat these very well, then take a pint and a half of Sack, and a quart of Ale boil'd and scum'd, and put into it a pound of Sugar, and three quarters of a Nutmeg, let it boil a little together, then take it off the fire, stirring the Eggs still, put into them two or three ladlefuls of the liquor, then mingle all together, set it over the fire till it be pretty thick, and serve it up.

*A French-Posset.*

Take three pints of Cream and a Nutmeg, and set it over the fire, and let it boil, as it is boiling, have a Bason wherein there must be a pint of White wine well sweetned with

with Sugar, then set it over the coals to warm a little, then put in your Cream, stir it and let it stand simmering over the fire an hour and a half.

*A Covent-Garden-Posset.*

Take a quart of new Cream, a quarter of an ounce of Cinamon, and a Nutmeg quarter'd, and boil it till it taste of the Spice, and keep it always stirring, or it will burn to, then take the yolks of eight Eggs well beaten, with a little cold Cream, and put them into the hot Cream over the fire, and stir it till it begin to boil, then take it off, and stir it till it be indifferently cold, sweetning it with some Sugar, then take a little more than a quarter of a pint of Sack, and sweeten that also, then set it on the fire till it be ready to boil, then put it into a deep Bason, and pour the Cream into it, elevating your hand as high as you can conveniently to make it froth, which is the grace of your Posset, and if you put it through a Tunnel, it is held the most exquisite way.

*A Worcester Syllabub.*

Take a Syllabub pot, and fill it half full of Red-streak'd Sider, with good store

of Sugar, and a little Nutmeg, stir it well together, and put in as much thick Cream a spoonful at a time, as fast as you can, as though you milk'd in, then stir it together very softly once about, and let it stand two hours before you eat it, for the standing makes the curd.

If in the Field, only Milk the Cow into your Sider, Nutmeg, Sugar, and so drink it warm.

*Another very good Syllabub.*

Take a pint of Canary or White wine, a sprig of Rosemary, a Nutmeg quarter'd, the juyce of a Lemon, some of the Pill with Sugar, put these together into a Pot all night, and cover them; in the Morning take a pint of Cream, and a pint and half of new Milk; then take out the Lemon-pill, Rosewater and Nutmeg, and squirt your Milk and Cream into the Pot.

Or take a pint of thick Cream, and a pint of White wine, and put them together in a deep Bason, with two whites of Eggs, the juyce of a Lemon, some pill, and a little Sugar, then take some rods and whip it, and as the froth ariseth, take it off with a spoon, and put it into

a Fruit-

a Fruit-dish, and lay fine fierced Sugar thereon.

*A Wassel.*

Boil three pints of Cream with four or five whole Cloves, then have the yolks of half a dozen Eggs dissolved in Cream, the Cream being well boiled, so that it taste of the Spices, put in your Eggs, and stir them well together; then have some Muskadine or Tent, and being warm'd, pour it into a Dish with Sugar, wherein there are fine Sippets of French-bread, then pour on your Cream upon that, then cast on Ginger, Cinamon and Sugar, and stick it with blanched Almonds.

*Blamangers.*

Take a pottle of morning Milk, and a pound of fine fierced Rice-flowre, strain them through a strainer into a broad Skillet, and set it on a soft fire, stir it with a broad stick, and when it is a little thick, take it off the fire; then put in half a pint of Rosewater, and set it over the fire again, stir it well, and beat it with your stick from one side of the Pan to the other; when it is as thick as pap take it off, when it is cold, lay it in slices on a Dish, and scrape on Sugar.

Q. 5.

Blam-

## Blamanger in the French fashion.

Take a Pike and boil it in fair Water very tender, then take the flesh from the bones and chop it very small, then take a pound of Almond-paste, and beat it with your Fish aforesaid, put to them a quart of Cream, the whites of a dozen Eggs well beaten, and the crumbs of a French-manchet, mingle all together, and strain them with some Sugar and Salt, then put them in a broad Stew-pan over the fire, stir it and boil it thick; being boil'd, let it stand till it be cold, then strain it again into a clean Dish, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

## Blamanger after the Italian fashion.

Take a Capon that is either boil'd or roasted, and being cold, strip off the skin, mince it and pound it in a stone Morter with Almonds blanched, then mix it with some Capon broth, and crumbs of White-bread strained together with some Salt, Rosewater and Sugar, boil it to a good thickness, then either put it in Paste or serve it in a Dish.

## Blamanger after the English fashion.

Take two quarts of fine Flowre, half a pound

pound of Butter, the like quantity of Sugar, some Saffron, Rosewater, beaten Cinnamon, and the yolks of Eggs, work up all cold together with some Almond-paste.

## Potages, Soops, Cawdles, &amp;c.

How to make broth for the feeding of all Pots for Potages, whether English or French fashion.

According to the quantity of what Broth you will have, you must proportion your knuckles of Beef, the flesh of the hinder part of the Rump of Mutton and Hens; you must seeth the flesh very well with Parsley, young Onions, and Tyme tyed in a bundle with Cloves, Mace, and some beaten Cinnamon, keeping always some warm Water to fill up your Pot, as your Liquor consumes; when you have boil'd them well, strain the broth, and preserve it for your use.

For first Courses and brown Potages, set your roasted meat to boil with a bundle of Herbs,

Herbs, as aforesaid, after you have taken the juyee of it; having boil'd it a good while, strain it and keep it for your use.

### Potages for Flesh-days.

#### *Potages of Partridges with Coleworts.*

**T**RUS your Partridges, lard them and put them into your Pot with good Broth, and put your Coleworts in also, being boiled, pass into your Pot a little melted Lard; let your seasoning be Mace, Cloves, Pepper and Salt; having soak'd your crusts and dish'd your Fowl, garnish them with Sausages and Lemon, strowing Salt on the brims of the Dish.

#### *Potages of Ducks and Turnips.*

Having larded your Ducks, give them half a dozen turns on a spit before a quick fire, then draw them and boil them, then take your Turnips and cut them into what forms you think fit, pass them in a Pan (having first flour'd them) with melted lard; being brown, put them into the

Pot

Pot where your Ducks are, and boil them well; having soaked your Bread to make your Potage thick, dish your Ducks and Turnips, strowing some Capers, and a little Vinegar thereon, let your garnish be carved Turnips.

#### *Potage for a grand boiled Meat.*

Take strong broth and boil therein what Fowl or other meat you have, then take three pints thereof, with a pint and half of Gravy drawn with Wine, nine Anchovies, four whole Onions, half a pint of Oyster liquor, a handful and half of Raspins of French-bread, the juyce of four Lemons, the yolks of three Eggs beaten into it, when you are ready to use it, with a sliced Nutmeg, so draw it up all together.

You may use Herbs in the same broth, as Spinage, Sorrel, Endive, Lettice, Purflain, with some faggots of sweet Herbs: This is a very rich broth with a high hogo, and is most fitting for great Dishes on great Festivals.

#### *Potage called Skink.*

According to the quantity of broth you would have, proportion the flesh of the Legs

Legs of Beef, which you must cut into small pieces about the bigness of a Tennis-ball or less, break the bones in pieces, and let them soak in Water, washing and cleansing it from the blood, but just cover it in your Pot with Water, when it boils scum it, then put in some Pepper in a cloth, and when it is half boiled, put in four Onions, a little Cloves and whole Mace, with a race or two of Ginger sliced, then take up a ladleful thereof, and steep therein some Saffron tyed up in a rag, bruise it till you have colour'd your broth, then put it into your Pot, and let it boil till your Meat be very tender; having season'd it with Salt, dish it up on Sippets of French-bread, with some of the Meat in the middle of the Dish.

You may for variety put in chopt clove Cabbidge, or bruised Spinage, and cut Endive.

*Potage of Pullets and Sparagus.*

Truss your Pullets and whiten them, then put them into your Pot with a sheet of Lard over them, fill your pot with strong broth, and season it with Salt, Pepper, Cinnamon, beaten Cloves and Mace, a whole Onion pill'd, and a bunch of sweet Herbs, let

let them not boil too long; then dry your bread and soak it, lay your Pullets in the middle of your Dish with the Asparagus, garnish them with fryed Sparagus, broken Combs, Mushromes, or the Gibblets of your Pullets, with a few Pistaches, lay round the brim of your Dish slices of Lemon and Lemon-pill.

*Potage of Liverings.*

Cut a Fillet of Veal into thin slices, and stuff them very well, put the slices thereof into a Pipkin with some of your best broth; having season'd it with Salt, Cinnamon, Mace, Nutmeg, and a very little Pepper, soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Liverings, Mushromes, Sparagus, Mutton juyce and Pistaches.

*A most excellent Potage, called Le Potage blanck de Lyon.*

Take a pint or a quart of White wine, put it on the fire in a Pipkin, with four or five Pippins pared, eight Dates cut in halves, a faggot of sweet Herbs, large Mace, Cinnamon, a quarter'd Nutmeg, let them boil together, and if you want liquor, add a pint of strong broth, then take the Marrow of three Marrow-bones and wrap it in the yolks of Eggs and grated

grated Bread to keep it from melting away, and when your Pot boils, put it therein, then take the yolks of four Eggs, and beat them in White wine or strong broth, and when your aforesaid ingredients are enough, stir your Eggs therein, and season it to your Pallet with Sugar, then take it off the fire, and serve it up with boiled Cappons or Chickens, garnish the Marrow and Dates on the Breast of them, you may put into this broth Spanish Potatoes or Skirrets.

*Pottage of Quails.*

Truss you Quails, whiten and flowre them and pass them with Lard, then put them in the Pot, boil and season them with Salt, soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Quails, with Lemon, Mushromes, Cocks-combs and Pistaches.

*Pottage restorative or strengthening.*

Take the broth where Marrow-bones have been boiled, you may be easily supplied therewith from places accustomed to feasting, boil therein a good quantity of great Turnips; when they are boiled, press the juyce out of them, and put it into the Pot wherein the Turnips were boiled, then take

take a couple of old red Cocks scalded and beaten to pieces with the back of a Cleaver, then put them into the said broth with a couple of Calves feet, let them boil together, and scum them very well; when they are half boiled, put therein some Raisins of the Sun stoned, sliced Liquorish, a few Anniseeds, with a handful of Pine-Apples and Pistaches beaten in a Morter, add thereunto Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, and a pint of red Wine; having boiled the Meat to a mash, strain it into a Pipkin, then put to it white Sugar Candy, clarifie it with the whites of Eggs when you boil it again, and run it through your Jelly-bags; take a quarter of a pint of this Morning, Evening, and if you please at Noon.

*Pottage of Wood-Quests.*

Take your Wood-Quests, or other large Pigeons, whiten and lard them, boil and season them with a sprig of Tyme, whole Pepper, a little beaten Ginger, and some large Mace, soak your Bread, and garnish your Wood-Quests with bottoms of Artichokes and Sparagus, then serve them.

*Pottage of Venison.*

Take a Hanch of Venison, and cut it in-

to six pieces, and place them in the bottom of a Pan or Pot, then put in no more Water than will cover it, let it boil, then scum it, after that add to it a good quantity of whole Pepper; when it is half boiled, put in four whole Onions, Cloves, and large Mace, some sliced Ginger, Nutmeg, three or four faggots of sweet Herbs, let it boil till the Venison be very tender, and a good part of the broth be wasted; after this pour out the broth from the meat into a Pipkin, keep your Venison hot in the same Pot by adding other hot broth unto it; then take a couple of red-Beet roots, having very well parboil'd them before, cut them into square pieces as big as a shilling, and put them into the broth which is in your Pipkin, and let them boil till they are very tender, add unto the boiling four Anchovies minced, then dish up your Venison on Sippets of French-bread, then pour on your broth so much as will near-upon fill the Dish, then take your roots by themselves, and toss them in a little drawn Butter, and lay them all over the Venison; if the Beets be good, it will make the broth red enough, which you must have visible round about the Dish sides; but if it prove pale, put to it some Saunders: This is a very savory Potage.

*The Queens Potage.*

Take Almonds, beat them and boil them with good broth, a bundle of Herbs, and the inside of a Lemon, a few crumbs of Bread, then season them with Salt, stir them often and strain them. Then take your Bread and soak it with the best broth, which is thus to be made.

When you have boned a Capon or Partridge, take the bones and beat them in a Morter, then seethe these bones in strong broth with Mushromes, and strain all through a linnen cloth, and with this broth soak your Bread, as it soaks, sprinkle it with Almond broth, then put unto it a little minced meat, either of Partridge or Capon, and still, as it soaks, put in more Almond-broth until it be full, then take the Fire-shovel red hot, and hold it over, garnish your Dish with Cocks-combs, Pistaches and Pome-granates.

*Potage in the Italian fashion.*

Boil green Pease with some strong broth and interlarded Bacon cut into slices, the Pease being boil'd, put to them some chopped Parsley, Pepper, Anniseed, and strain some of the Pease to thicken the broth,

broth, give it a walm, and serve it on Sippets with boiled Chickens, Pigeons, Kids, Lambs-heads, Mutton, Duck, Mallard, or any Poultry; for variety thicken the brothe Queens, extracted from roasted bones, with Eggs.

*Potage of Mutton, Veal or Beef in the English fashion.*

Cut a Rack of Mutton in two pieces and little, garnish it with your smallest and take a Knuckle of Veal and boil it with Mushromes, Cock-combs, Kidneys, Piggood store of Herbs, with a pint of Oat-taches, Lemon and serve it. meal chopped amongst them, let your Herbs be Tyme, sweet Marjoram, Parsley, Sives, Succory, Marry-golds, Strawberrys, and Violet-leaves, Beets, Borage, Sord, roast them, then take out the bones and Blood-wort, Sage, Penniroyal, with a little Salt; being well boil'd, serve them to break them and seethe them with broth in carved Sippets, with the meat in the mitten Earthen-pot, with a bundle of Herbs, thereof.

*Otherways.*

Take the best old Pease you can get of Almond-broth, boil it well, and fill it wash and boil them in fair Water; when degrees, then garnish it with the Pinni-they boil scum them, and put in a piecens; then take three Eggs with a little All of interlarded Bacon, put in also a bundle Almond-broth, or any other broth, beat them of Mints with other sweet Herbs, serve them well together, and pour them on your Bacon on Sippets in thin slices, but borage, hold the fire-shovel over it, and so not your Potage too thick.

*The Dukes Potage.*

Let your broth be the same of that of any Poultry; then soak a loaf of Bread with the crust, after that a small hash of Partridges which you must strow upon the Bread so thin as it may hardly appear, soak it and fill it by little and little, garnish it with your smallest Mushromes, Cock-combs, Kidneys, Pi-

*The Princes Potage.*

Take either Capons or Partridges and and Violet-leaves, Beets, Borage, Sord, roast them, then take out the bones and Blood-wort, Sage, Penniroyal, with a little Salt; being well boil'd, serve them to break them and seethe them with broth in carved Sippets, with the meat in the mitten Earthen-pot, with a bundle of Herbs, thereof. then strain them through a linnen cloth, soak your Bread, and lay it on a bed of flesh, or if you will instead thereof a bed

of Mints with other sweet Herbs, serve them well together, and pour them on your Bacon on Sippets in thin slices, but borage, hold the fire-shovel over it, and so not your Potage too thick.

*Potage of Teals with Hypocraft.*

Take Teals, dress and cleanse them well, whiten them, as afore specified, stuff them within with some Lard, then fry them with fresh Seam, then boil them in a Pot, when they are almost boiled, throw in some Prunes with a piece of Sugar, garnish your Potage with the Teals and Prunes.

*Potage without the sight of Herbs.*

Having minced several sorts of sweet Herbs very small, stamp them with you Oatmeal, then strain them through a strainer with some of the broth of the Pot, then boil your Herbs and Oatmeal with you Mutton, and some Salt, let your Herbs be Violet-leaves, Strawberry-leaves, Succorred and Spinage, Scallions, Parsley and Marry-gold, having boiled them enough, set them on Sippets.

*Potage of Larks.*

Having drawn your Larks, whiten them, and pass them in a Pan with Oatmeal beaten small, and a piece of Rib-Butter, Lard or fresh Seam, until they be Bacon, then take a handful of Brook-very brown, then put them in a Pot with as many Water-cresses, Nettle-tops, good broth, and a bundle of Herbs, and elder-buds, Violet-leaves, Primrose-leaves, boil them, soak a loaf well, and garnish with young Alexander-leaves, mince all

with your Larks, adding thereto Beef-pal-lates, Mutton-juice and Lemon, then serve it.

*Potage of young Pigeons.*

Scald your Pigeons and boil them in good broth, with a bundle of sweet Herbs, cover them with a sheet of Lard, then lay them on a soaked loaf, and garnish them with Hartichokes and Sparagus fried, green Pease or Lettice.

*Potage of Pullets with Colliflowers.*

Fit your Pullets for the Pot, and boil them with a faggot of sweet Herbs, season them with Salt, Cloves, Pepper and grated Nutmeg, then let your Bread be soaked, and garnished with Colliflowers, pour Spinage, Scallions, Parsley and Marry-gold on some Mutton-juice or Gravy, and serve flowers; having boiled them enough, set them up.

*An excellent Potage to cleanse the blood.*

Put over the fire about a gallon of fair Water, and put therein a handful of great flowre, and pass them in a Pan with Oatmeal beaten small, and a piece of Bacon, then take a handful of Brook-very brown, then put them in a Pot with as many Water-cresses, Nettle-tops, good broth, and a bundle of Herbs, and elder-buds, Violet-leaves, Primrose-leaves, boil them, soak a loaf well, and garnish with young Alexander-leaves, mince all these

these very small, and put them into your broth with a little large Mace, season it with Salt, when you dish it, put in some Butter.

*Potage of young Pigeons roasted.*

Having seasoned your broth with Salt and Cloves, put in your Pigeons and boil them, make your Potage brown, then soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Fowl, and pour on your broth.

*Potage of green Geese with Pease-broth.*

Take your green Geese and boil them by themselves, then take some Pease and boil them in like manner; being well boiled, pass them through a very fine strainer, and put your Pease-broth into a Pot, with a faggot of sweet Herbs, pass a little Lard in a Frying-pan, and when it is melted, put it into your broth; soak your bread in your Geese-broth, then pour your Pease-broth over it.

*Potage of Goose-giblets.*

Whiten your Giblets and put them into a Pot with good broth, a faggot of sweet Herbs, and a sheet of Lard, let them boil very well, then soak your Bread, and lay

lay them thereon, pour on your broth, and upon all put some minced Capers.

*Potage of Pullets with green Pease.*

Scald and truss your Pullets, and put them into your Pot with good broth, and scum it well, then pass your Pease in a Pan with Butter or Lard, and soak them with Lettuce steeped in fair Water and whitened, soak also your Bread, and then garnish it with your Pullets, Pease and Lettuce.

*Potage of young Rabbets.*

Parboil your Rabbets, then pass them in a Frying-pan with Lard, then boil them in good broth with a faggot of sweet Herbs, soak well your Bread, and garnish it with young Rabbets and Mushromes.

*Potage of Lamb Purtenances.*

Whiten your Purtenances, and seethe them in good broth with a bundle of sweet Herbs, a sheet of Lard or fat Bacon, soak your Bread, lay on your Purtenances, and pour all over it white broth, which broth is thus made.

Take a pint of strong broth from the boiling of your Purtenances, a pine of Sack, a quart of White wine, and put them in

to a Pipkin together with about a dozen Dates cut in halves, whole Prunelloes, Cinnamon, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, half a pound of white Sugar, with the Marrow of two or three bones, let these boil till the Marrow be enough, then take it from the fire and thicken it with the yolks of Eggs beaten very well and strained through a clean cloth, then garnish it with Lettuce, Suckets, candied Lemon and Wafers, and so serve it up.

### Potage of Larks.

Having drawn and trusht them, pass them in a Pan with Lard, having first flowered them, then put them into a Pot with good broth, half a pint of White wine, and ha a pound of Sugar; then soak your Bread and garnish it with your Larks, and pour over your broth.

### Potage of Veal.

Boil a Knuckle of Veal in good broth, then skin it and put therein some white Succory, soak your Bread, and garnish with your Knuckle, Succory and Mushromes.

You may make Potage of a breast of Veal by first blanching it in fresh Water

then boil it in good broth, with a faggot of sweet Herbs, Capers and Samphire.

### Potage of Thrushes.

Draw, trusht and flowre them, then pass them in a Pan with some Butter, then boil them in good broth, with sweet Herbs, garnish your soaked Bread with your Birds, Beef-pallates and Mushromes.

### Potage of Tortoise.

Having taken off the Head of your Tortoise, boil the body in Water, and when it is almost enough, put into your broth some White wine, a faggot of sweet Herbs, and some Lard; when it is boiled, take the meat out of the shell, throw away the Gall, and cut the rest into pieces, then pass them in a Pan with some Lard, some Nutmeg and Cinnamon beaten, a little Ginger and Salt, then stew them in a Dish, and soak your Bread therein, squeeze in the juice of a Lemon, and Garnish it with cut Sparagrus.

### Potage of a sucking Pig.

Scald your Pig very neatly, then cut it into half a dozen pieces, whiten them in broth, and boil them with some Herbs,

*Potages for*

a piece of Lard, see that your Pot be supply'd with good broth, as it consumes in boiling, then soak your Bread, and when your Pig is boil'd enough, place the head in the midſt of the Dish, with the quarters round about it, and the purtenances round them, pour on your broth and ſerve it.

*Potage of minced Mutton.*

Take the flesh of any joynit of Mutton, and mince it with Beef-suet, ſeaſon it with ſome beaten Nutmeg, a little Pepper, and ſome Salt, and ſew it in a ſtew-pan, ſoak your Bread in your beſt broth, then garniſh it with your minced meats, and Cock-combs, then pour on your broth with the juyce of Mutton.

*Potage of Beef.*

Take a Leg of Beef, and ſew it till it be ſo tender that it is ready to fall in pieces, ſeaſon it with a bundle of Herbs, Cloves, Capers, Samphire, Muſhromes, &c. then ſoak your Bread, and garniſh it with your meat.

*Potage of Capons and Pullets with Rice.*

Having fitted your Capons or Pullets for the Pot, ſeaſon your broth and boil them therein

*Fleſh-Days.*

365

therein, then pick your Rice very well, wash and dry it very well before the fire, then boil it in good broth, then ſoak your Bread and garniſh it with your Capons or Pullets, together with the Rice; you may, as you ſhall think good, put ſome Saffron into the broth.

*Potage of a Calves head fried.*

First boil your Calves head, then bone it, after that cut it into ſeveral pieces, then mingle your meat with large Oysters cut into pieces, and ſeaſon them with Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt, then flowre it and fry it with good ſweet Butter, ſoak your Bread, and lay in your meat and Oysters, pour on your broth, and garniſh your Dish with Muſhromes, Pomegranats, ſliced Lemon and Capers.

*Potage of breasts of Mutton with Turnips.*

Take the neck-ends of your breasts and boil them, then take ſome Turnips, pare them and ſlice them, then fry them (having first flowr'd them) in Butter, and put them to your Mutton, ſeaſon your broth with Cloves, Pepper, Nutmeg, two or three blades of Mace, a whole Onion peel'd, Salt and a faggot of ſweet Herbs; if your Po-

tage be too thin, take some flowre and mingling it with Pepper and Verjuyce, put it into your Pot, then soak your bread and serve it.

### Potage of Wood-cocks rosted.

First almost roast your Wood-cocks, then boil them with some sweet Herbs, soak your Bread in strong broth, and lay your Wood-cocks thereon, pour on your broth and serve them.

## Farced Potages for Flesh-days.

### Potage of Capons farced.

Take out the bones of your Capons at the neck, and fill them up with the flesh of Squabs or Chickens minced small with Beef-suet; when they are well seasoned, boil them in good broth.

### Potage of young Cocks.

Take out their stomach-bone, and fill them up with minced Veal, mingled with the yolks of raw Eggs, Chibbals, Parsley, Pepper, Nutmeg, Ginger and Mace, with some

some Salt, then truss and whiten them, then boil them in good broth, and serve them as aforesaid.

### Potage of Pulletts farced.

Dress them and blanch them in fresh Water, then pull up the skin with your finger, and farce them with the brawn of Capon-suet, and the yolks of Eggs minced together, season them with Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves, Mace and Cynamon beaten small with a little Salt, then boil them in good broth, then soak your Bread, lay your Pulletts thereon, and garnish them with the bottoms of Artichokes and Sparragus.

### Potage of young Pigeons farced.

Scald them, and farce or stuff them, as the Pulletts aforesaid, blanch them and boil them in good broth, season them with a sheet of Lard, soak your Bread, lay on your Pigeons, and garnish them with their Wings and Livers, pour on your broth with the juice of a Leg of Mutton roasted.

### Potage of Ducks farced.

Bone them as you did the Capons, and stuff them with the flesh of Chickens,

**Potage farced.**

Sweet-breads, Mushromes, or what other things you think fit, minced small with a little Lard, you may add thereunto Chibbals, Parsley, Pepper, Nutmeg, Cinamon and Mace with lean Pork minced small, and mingled with the raw yolks of Eggs, then sow up your Ducks, blanch them and boil them in good broth well seasoned, temper some Flowre with your broth to thicken it.

**Potage of a Leg or Breast of Veal farced.**

Take up the skin of your Leg of Veal very neatly, and trus up the knuckle, then whiten it, then take some of the flesh of the Leg, and mince it with Beef-suet, Lard, yolks of Eggs, and fine sweet Herbs, season them and stuff your Leg herewith, then boil it in good broth with Succory, and serve it on your soaked Bread with a little Verjuyce.

If you would make your Potage of a Breast of Veal, open it at the nether end, and stuff it with minc'd meat and Suet, the Crum of a loaf, and all manner of sweet Herbs.

**Potage of a Calves head farced.**

Boil your Calves head, skin and bone it, take

**Potage farced.**

take out the brains and eyes, and set them aside, then mince the flesh with Beef-suet, Marrow and raw Eggs, then set the eyes and brains in their proper places, when it is farced, sow it neatly up, then whiten it and boil it in good broth, then take some Calves feet, parboil them, cleave them in the middle, and pass them in a Pan with Butter, and put them into your Pot with Capers, then soak your Bread, and garnish it with the Head, Feet and Capers.

**Potage of Lambs head farced.**

You must order it as you did your Calves head, then farce them with the Liver and Lights of Lamb, Beef-suet, and yolks of Eggs, Parsley, and fine Herbs minced small, then boil them in good broth, then garnish your soaked Bread with the heads and purtenances, which you may blanch with the yolks of Eggs tempered with Verjuyce.

**Potage of Leg of Mutton farced.**

Bone a Leg of Mutton, and mince the flesh very small with Beef-suet and Lard, then farce the skin, and sow it up very finely, having seasoned it before the stuffing with Salt and several Spices, then boil it in good

**Potages farced.**

broth with a faggot of sweet Herbs, some Capers and Turnips, garnish your soaked Loaf with the Meat and Turnips.

But the best way is thus: take your Legs of Mutton, and raise up their skin very neatly, and take out the flesh, then mince it with Marrow, sweet Herbs and Spinage, with some White-bread grated very fine, then season it with Pepper, Nutmeg, Cloves and Mace with some Salt, adding thereto some Currans well pick'd and cleans'd, then put thereto a good quantity of Sugar, and as many Eggs as are sufficient to bind it, mingle all well together, and farce your Leg herewith; when you have baked it in an Oven, garnish your Dish with the remaining meat and White-broth.

**Potage of Geese farced.**

Take the brisket from your Geese, then make a farcing of what things your own fancy shall judge most proper, and stuff them therewith, then flowre them and boil them in good broth, then garnish your soaked Bread with the Geese and Pease-broth, or Pease only.

*Potage*

**Potages farced.****Potage of Partridges.**

Having taken the brisket from them, take some of the Leg of Veal and mince it, then season it with Salt, sweet Herbs and Spices; having stufft your Partridges herewith, boil them in good broth with some Herbs, soak your Bread, and lay your Fowl thereon, garnish your Dish with bottoms of Artichokes and Sparagus.

**Potage of Turkey farced.**

Bone your Turkey as you did your other Birds, and take the flesh of a Capon, Beef-suet and Marrow, and mince them very small, then put some yolks of Eggs thereto, stuff your Turkey, and boil it in good broth, dish it up on soaked Bread with some boil'd Chesnuts blanched and Mushromes. In the boiling, put in a bundle of Chibbals, Parsley and Tyme tyed together.

## All manner of Potages for Lent.

All the Lent Potages are made and seasoned as these for the fasting days, only this excepted, that you put no Eggs in them, but in some you mix Pease-broth, in others broth of Almonds, which you will serve white or marbled, and the garnishes are the same.

*Almond broth.*

Blanch your Almonds, and pound them in a stony Morter, in the pounding sprinkle them with Rosewater, after you have well pounded them, put them into Fish-broth, with crumbs of Bread, boil these together with Salt-Butter, a little beaten Cloves, Mace, Cinamon, an Onion, and some Lemon-pill; when it is boiled, pass it through a strainer, and keep it in a Pot for your use.

Or you may make Almond broth with Milk, having blanched and pounded your Almonds with Rosewater, as aforesaid, then put them into fresh Milk with crumbs of Bread, Salt, Cinamon, a Clove or two, and

## Potages for Lent:

373

and boil them a little while, then pass it through your strainer, and when you are ready to serve it, sweeten it with Sugar.

*Fish-broth.*

Take half Pease-broth, and half Water, and put to them the bones of a Carp, or any other Fish-bones with an Onion sticked with Cloves, a faggot of sweet Herbs, and a little Salt, boil all well together with some crumbs of Bread, and some Butter, then pass it through a strainer and preserve it for your use.

This is a very good Potage for Craw-fish, boiling it a while with the shells of your Craw-fish, stamped and strained through a linnen cloth, by means whereof your Potage will be coloured red; afterwards strain all, then season your broth and dish it up.

*Pease-broth.*

Steep your Pease twelve hours or more, having first pick'd them from such as are worm-eaten, then seethe them with Conduit water luke-warm: this will make your Pease-broth clear and very good.

Here note that your Craw-fish must be served with Pease-potage; Carps with Pease-broth

broth and Almonds; Potage of Herbs with a very little Pease-broth; Potage of Tenches with fryed Flowre, and a little Pease-broth; the Queens Potage with broth of Carp; or other Fish-broth and Almonds; the Princes Potage with Pease-broth, wherein was seethed the Bones of Carps; Tortoise with Pease-broth; Mushromes with Pease-broth, and Soals with the same; Smelts with good broth mingled with Almonds; Sparagus, with Pease-broth and Herbs; Lettuce with Pease-broth; Cabbidge, and fryed Bread, or Coleworts and Milk, with Pease-broth and a good deal of Butter.

*Potage of Cabbidge or Coleworts with Pease-broth.*

Having steeped your Pease all night, boil them the next day with Mace, an Onion stuck with Cloves, Pepper and Salt; when your broth is enough, dish it up, and garnish it with Cabbidge or Coleworts sodden in Milk, with some pieces of fryed Bread, boiled therewith.

*Potage of Pumpkin.*

Boil your Pumpkin very well, then take some Chibbals, fry them and put them into your Pot, season your broth with Salt, and

and let it simmer again, then serve it up with Pepper and Nutmeg.

*Otherways.*

Boil it very well, then strain it through a strainer into a Pan, then put to it a pretty quantity of Milk, with some Butter, then soak your Bread, and serve it with Nutmeg, Pepper, and some beaten Cinnamon.

*Potage of Turnips with White-broth.*

Having scraped your Turnips very clean, put them in a Pot with Water, when they are well boil'd, season them with Salt, Nutmeg beaten, and a bundle of Herbs, and take them off the fire, and put to them some fresh Butter and stir it, then run it over with some Almond broth, and serve it.

*Potage of fryed Turnips.*

Scrape them and quarter them, blanch and flowre them; when they are dry fry them, then boil them in Water with a little Pepper and an Onion stuck with Cloves; if your broth be not thick enough, mingle some Flowre with a little Vinegar and fry it, and put it to your broth.

*Pottage of Pease-broth.*

Take the clearest of your Pease-broth, and put it into a Pot, then fry some Sorrel, Chervil, and a little Parsley with Butter, put these into your Pot also, then season your broth, and let it boil, when it is enough, serve it with Parsley and Roots sodden together.

*Pottage without Butter.*

Take good store of Herbs, season them very well, seethe them with a crust of Bread, stove or soak, and serve them up.

*Pottage of small Vails.*

Take four or five Loaves, and make a hole in the top and take out the crum, boil them, then fry them in butter, being fill'd with Milts of Carps, Mushromes and broken Sparagus, then soak them leisurely on your Pottage, and let your garnish be the same with your fillings.

*Pottage of Muscles.*

Scrape and wash them well, then boil them in a Pan of Water, Salt, and an Onion, when they are boiled, take them out and pick them, taking off the shell to some and leaving

leaving it to others for to garnish, after they are thus pick'd pass them in a Pan with some Parsley; as for your broth, after it is set-led, leave the bottom left there be any gravel in it, then boil it, and when it boils, fry into it a little Parsley, with some fresh Butter, then soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Muscles; pouring on your broth.

*Pottage of Frogs.*

Having broken their bones and trusht them, blanch them, and drain them very well, then lay them into a Dish till you have made ready some Pease-broth, fry into it a little minced Parsley with Butter; having boiled a while, put the Frogs into your broth, but take them out presently, then allay a little Saffron, and put it into your Pot, having soaked your Bread, garnish it with the Frogs.

*Pottage of Salmon.*

You must cut your Salmon into pieces and pickle them, then pass them in a Pan with some Butter, stick them with Cloves, then stew them between two Dishes with some Butter, a faggot of sweet Herbs, Su-gar, White wine, a little Salt, large Mace, beaten Cynamon and Pepper well beaten, then

then stove or soak them, then dry your Bread, and stove or soak it also with some other broth, garnish it with slices of Salmon, Figs, Dates or Prunelloes, and pour the sauce over it.

*Pottage of Bran.*

Take Wheat Bran the biggest you can procure, and boil it very well in Water, with one handful of Almonds, and a bundle of Herbs, then season it well, then pass it through a strainer, and boil it again, soak your Bread, and fill your Dish with this broth, which you may whiten if you please.

*Pottage of Frogs with Saffron.*

Truss up your Frogs and boil them in broth, or with Pease-broth, and season them with Parsley, an Onion stuck with Cloves, and a sprig or two of Tyme, soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Frogs blanched and a little Saffron.

*Pottage of Frogs with Almonds.*

Having truss them up Cherry-like, fry them and stove them up between two Dishes, with a little fresh Butter, a drop of Verjuyce, the juyce of an Orange or Lemon,

mon, and season them with a bundle of Herbs; then to make your broth, boil some with Pease-broth, or Water, Salt, Parsley, Chibbals, a handful of stamped Almonds, after which strain them together, soak your Bread, upon which you may put a little of the Hosh of a Carp, fill up your Dish and garnish it with your Frogs, Lemon and Pomegranate.

*Pottage of Hops.*

Whilst your Pease-broth is boiling, pass some good Herbs in a Pan into it, let your Hops boil in your Pottage, after that they are whitened, a little before you serve them, take them up and put unto them some Butter, Salt, Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Vinegar, and very little broth; when it is well seasoned, stove or soak your Bread, garnish it with your Hops, and fill your Dish.

*Pottage of Parsnips.*

Make choice of those that are middle sized, scrape and wash them clean, then boil them with Butter, and a faggot of sweet Herbs, and season them with Salt, and a few Cloves, then take them up and peel them, then put them with Butter, and stove them, then soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Parsnips.

*Potage of Leeks with Milk.*

Cut your Leeks very small, blanch and dry them, then boil them with clear Pease-broth, having boil'd a while put in some Milk, Pepper, Salt, Cloves and Mace, then soak your Bread and garnish it with your Leeks.

*Potage of Sparagus.*

Take Sparagus, and cut them not very short, then fry them in sweet Butter, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, Cinamon, Mace, Parsley, and minced Chibbals, stove them all together, then make a broth of Pease or Herbs, which you must strain with the juyce of Mushromes, then soak your Bread and garnish it with your Sparagus.

*Potage of Colliflowers.*

Having blanch'd them in fresh Water, or put them into a Pot with good broth, or with Pease-broth well seasoned, with Butter, Salt and an Onion stuck with Cloves, after they are sod, so that they be not broken, soak your Bread, garnish it with your Colliflowers: it will not be improper to put into your Potage, some Milk, Pepper and Nutmeg.

*Potage**Potage of Rice.*

Boil your Rice with Water or Milk till it is burst; having seasoned your Rice, take out a part thereof to fry, and make a Potage of what remains with Butter, Salt, Pepper, Nutmeg, and an Onion stuck with Cloves.

*Potage of Barnicle.*

Dress your Barnicles, and lard them with Eel, roast them a very little, then put them into a Pot with Water, some Pease-broth, and a bundle of Herbs, when they are almost enough, pass some Turnips in a Pan, and put them to your Barnicles, thicken your broth with a little fried Flowre, and a drop of Verjuyce, then stove your Bread; and garnish it with your Barnicle.

*Potage of Burts.*

Soak your Bread with the best of your broths, and garnish it with your Burts, being first fryed in a Pan, and add thereto some Mushromes, Capers and Samphire cut small, with broken Sparagus, and so serve them up.

A Catalogue of those things that are usually served up on Good-Friday, with some Dishes that are only proper for that day.

Potage of Almond milk, Potage of Turnips, Potage of Parsnips, Potage of Sparagus, Potage of Pumpkins, the Dauphins Potage garnished with small pieces of Puff-paste, Potage of Milk, the brown Potage of Onions, Potage of Pease-broth garnished with Lettuce and broken Sparagus, Potage of Colliflowers, Potages of Rice garnished with dried Leaves, Potage of gteen Pease, &c.

The first course for Good-Friday.

Red-Bets or Red-Parsnips cut square like Dice with brown Butter and Salt.

Red-Beets cut into slices, fryed and served up with white Butter.

Red-Carrots stamped and pasted in the Pan with Onions, crums of Bread, Almonds, Mushromes and fresh Butter, all well allai'd and season'd.

Red-

Red-Carrots fryed with brown Butter and Onions.

Red-Carrots cut into round pieces with a white Sauce, with Butter, Salt, Nutmeg, Chibbals, and a little Vinegar.

White-Carrots fryed, and Carrots fryed in Paste.

Carrots minced with Mushromes.

Tourts or Cakes made of Pistaches, Cakes of Herbs, butter'd Cakes, and Almond Cakes.

Parsnips with a white Sauce, and Parsnips fryed with Butter.

Serfisis with a white Sauce and Butter.

Spinage or Apples butter'd or fryed.

Pap of Flowre, pap of Rice and Almonds strained.

Broken Sparagus fryed and butter'd.

Fricasses of Mushromes, Carrots and Pistaches served up warm with Sugar, and good store of Butter.

Skirrets with white Sauce and Butter, and Skirrets fryed.

Pumpkins or Jerusalem Artichokes fryed.

Rice sodden till it burst, and mingled with Milk and Sugar.

Other

## Other Dishes to be served on Good Friday.

## Potage of Health.

This Potage must be made of Sorrel, Lettuce, Beet, Purslain, and a bundle of Herbs, you must boil them all together with some Salt, Butter, and the Lanturne or kissing crust of a Loaf, stoved or soaked, and so served up.

## Pease-Potage.

Steep your Pease eighteen hours, then boil them in a Pot with a faggot of sweet Herbs, some Capers, and an Onion stuck with Cloves, serve it up, garnished with fryed Bread.

## Potage of Loaves.

Take half a dozen of Loaves, and open them at the top, and take out the pith or crum, then dry them by the fire, or make them brown in the Pan with fresh Butter, then soak them in broth made on purpose with Mushromes, Pease-broth, Onion stuck with

with Cloves, and all well seasoned; garnish your Dish with your fryed Bread, then fill it up with Artichokes, Mushromes fryed, and Sparagus, besprinkle your Potage with juyce of Mushromes, and garnish your Dish round about with Pomegranates.

## Potage of Sprouts of Coleworts.

Boil them in Water, Salt, Pease-broth, Butter, Onion sticked, and a little Pepper, then soak your Bread, garnish it with your Sprouts, and fill your Dish therewith.

## Another very good Dish made of Barley.

Take half a pound of perl'd Barley, and boil it till it begins to break, then put it into a Cullender, and set on your Skillet with other liquor, and when it boils, put in the Barley again, and let it boil till it be very soft; having strain'd the Water from it, take half a pound of blanched Almonds, and beat them in a Morter, having beaten them a while, beat them over again with your Barley, then put to them some of the same liquor, some Sack, Rose-water, and season it with Sugar, Nutmeg, Cinamon, and boil them all together over a chafing-dish of coals, then dish it with a la-

idleful of drawn Butter, and scrape on Sugar.

*Fryed toasts.*

Take a couple of stale two-penny loaves, and cut them in round slices through the loaf, then soak them in Sack and strong Ale on the one side, then dry them on a Pye-plate on that side, and do in like manner to the other side; then take a pint of Cream seasoned with Nutmeg and Cinnamon, and dip your toasts therein; your Pan being hot with clarified Butter, put them in and fry them brown on both sides, then dish them up, and pour on them Butter, Rosewater and Sack drawn together, lastly scrape on Sugar.

*Another very good dish proper for Good-friday.*

Take a pint of Flowre, and put thereto half a pint of Cream, some Butter, Sugar, Cinnamon beaten, Nutmeg grated, and make it into a stiff paste with Rosewater, then roll them out into very thin ropes, and gage them round your Pan, being first made hot with clarified Butter, fry them quick, but burn them not, then scrape on Sugar and serve them up.

*Ans.*

*Another.*

Take three handfuls of Primrose-leaves, boil them and drain the Water from them, and mince them small with four Pippins par'd and cored, season them with Cinnamon, and put to them a handful of dry Flowre, a little Sugar, Cream and Rosewater; your stuff must be so thick, that it run not abroad; when your Pan is hot with clarified Butter, drop your ingredients in by spoonfuls, fry them crisp on both sides, dish them and scrape on Sugar.

*Another for any Friday.*

Take half a pound of Almonds blanch, and pound them, and as they are a pound, put in some Rosewater to keep them from oyling, strain them into Cream, then take Artichoke bottoms and Marrow, your Cream being boiled with Dates, Sugar, whole Cinnamon, large Mace and Nutmeg, your Cream being cold, put it into a Dith garnished with Paste on the blims, then put on your Artichokes and Marrow, and bake it for a quarter of an hour, then take out the whole Spices and serve it up.

All manner of Potages for Fasting-  
days out of Lent.

## Potage of Craw-fish.

Having cleans'd your Craw-fish very well, boil them with Wine Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; when they look red pick the feet and tail, and fry them with sweet Butter, then take the bodies of your Craw-fish, and pound them very well with Onions, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Pepper, Salt, hard Eggs, and the crumbs of white Bread, let them soak in good broth made of Herbs, or clear Pease-broth; having boil'd these together, strain them and set them before the fire, then take some Butter with minced Parsley, fry it and put it into your Potage, which you must be mindful to season well, your crusts being soaked, put on the hash of a Carp, with the juyce of Mushromes, fill up your Dish, and garnish it with the feet and tails of your Craw-fish, with Pomegranates, and the juyce of Lemons.

Potage

## Potage of Snails.

You must first wash your Snails in many waters, then put them into an earthen-Pan or wide Dish, and put to them as much Water as will cover them, then set your Dish over a Chafing-dish of coals, having boil'd a while, take them out of the Shells and scowr them with Water and Salt four or five times, then let them boil a little while in a Pipkin with Water and Salt, then take them up and lay them in a Dish with some very good Sallet Oyl, when the Oyl boils, put in some sliced Onions, fry them and put the Snails to them, and stew them well together; then take the Snails, Oyl and Onions, and put them into a Pipkin together sizeable for them, and put as much Water to them, as will be sufficient to make a Potage with some Salt, and let them stew four hours, then mince some sweet Herbs, as Tyme, Penniroyal, Parsley, &c. having minced them very well, pound them to a green Sauce, and put in some crumbs of Bread soaked in the Potage with a little Saffron and beaten Cloves, put all to the Snails, and give them a walm or two: when you serve them up, squeeze in the juyce of a Lemon, put in Vinegar also,

S. 3.

and

and a clove of Garlick among the Herbs, serve them up on Sippets: This is a most excellent Potage.

*Potage of Carp.*

Having bon'd the Carp, set him aside and take the bones and boil them in Pease-potage, with some Onions, hard Eggs, and the crumbs of white Bread; having boiled strain them, then fry them with Parsley, and put them in the broth again; then dry and soak your Bread; after this take the flesh of your Carp, hash it, and when it is boiled, lay it on your Bread, then pour on your broth, filling your Dish, and sprinkle it with the juyce of Lemon and Mushromes.

*Potage of Tenches.*

You must bone your Tench in the same manner as you did your Carp, then take the flesh and mince it very small, and farce it, seasoning your farcings well, and close up the hole wherein they were put; your Bread being soaked, garnish it with your Tenches, and pour on your broth, it matters not whether the broth be made of Pease, Turnips, Herbs, Tenches, Almonds, Carps or Craw-fish.

*Potage*

*Potage of French Barley.*

Having pick'd and cleans'd your Barley very well from dust, put it into boiling Milk, being boil'd down, put into it large Mace, Cream, Sugar, and a little Salt, boil it indifferent thick, then put it into a Dish, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Potage of Carps farced.*

Separate the bones from the flesh, then farce them with their own flesh, and close up the hole neatly, through which you convey'd your Farcings; then put them into a Dish of broth, and stew or boil them, add thereunto Butter, Chibbals, Verjuyce, large Mace, a faggot of sweet Herbs and Pepper; then take your bones and boil them, and having boil'd a pretty while strain the broth, and put it to your Carps, then soak your crusts, and lay your Carp thereon, pouring the Potage upon it, garnish it with Capers, Pine-seeds and Mushromes.

*Potage of roasted Carps.*

Press your Carps, and slit them on the top, then melt some Butter, and endore your Carp therewith, then put it on the Gridiron and broil it. Then take some

Turnips, and cut them in two, whiten, flowre and fry them, then put them into some Peafe-broth or Water, season them and let them boil, then soak your Bread, and lay your Carps thercon with Butter, Parsley, Chibbals, and a little Vinegar, then garnish it with the Turnips, Samphire, and a few Capers.

### *Gruel Potage.*

Having pick'd your Oatmeal very well, boile it over a soft fire, when it is tender, strain it through a Strainer, then put it into a Pipkin with some Spring water, make your Potage pretty thick of the strained Oatmeal, and add thereto some Raisins of the Sun well pick'd and ston'd, some large Mace, Salt, with a small faggot of sweet Herbs, Rosewater and Saffron, set it a stewing on the fire with some Sugar; when it is near upon enough, put to it some Butter with the yolks of Eggs strained.

Or you may take Oatmeal and chop some Herbs amongst it, then put them into boiling liquor, with some Raisins or Currans, or both, and when it is boiled to an indifferent thickness put Butter to it.

Or you may only take Oatmeal, a bundle of sweet Herbs minced small, with some

Onions

Onions and Salt, boil these together, and season them with Butter.

### *The Queens Potage.*

You may take your choice whether you will have Carps or Tenches, then boile them with Water, Salt, an Onion, Parsley, hard Eggs, and the crumbs of a white Loaf, when they have boil'd a while, strain your broth, and put it into another Pot with some Butter, then take some Almonds, blanch them and pound them, and mingle with one moiety of your broth; having boiled a while, strain them, and put in an Onion stuck with Cloves, then set it over a gentle fire, then soak your dish with a little of your first broth, and fill up your dish with White-broth, with the yolk of an Egg allai'd with Verjuyce, and the juyce of Mushromes, let it not be too thick, serve it garnished with Lemon and Pomegranate.

### *The Dutchess of Anjou's Potage.*

Take the bones of a Carp, and boil them in Peafe-broth that is very clear, with the yolks of Eggs, a bundle of Herbs, and all well seasoned, then dry a loaf and soak it, and fry into it some hash of Carp, and juyce

of Mushromes, Melts, Livers of Eel-pouts, and all manner of sweet Herbs, dish it up, and garnish it with Pomegranate and sliced Lemon.

*Potage of Tortoise.*

Cut off their heads, boil them and take the flesh out of the shell, and cut it into pieces, then pass them in a Pan with Butter, Parsley and Chibbals ; having thus pass'd and season'd them, put them into a Dish, and let them soak over a Chafing-dish of coals with some broth, be careful in the removing of the gall when you cut your Tortoise in pieces, your Bread being soak'd, garnish it with your Tortoise, and place Sparagus broken about your Dish, Mushromes, slices of Lemon or Oranges.

*Potage of Wheat.*

Take a quantity of Wheat and wet it, then put it into a bag, and beat it with a wash beetle, being hull'd and cleans'd from the dust, boil it over night, and let it soak on a soft fire till the morning ; then being ready to use it, take as much as you think convenient, and put it into a Pipkin or Skillet with a proper quantity of Milk, and boil it with Mace, Salt, Cinnamon, Saffron and

and the yolks of two or three Eggs, boil it thick, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

*Potage of Mushromes farced.*

Take your youngest and freshest Mushromes, wash them very well, and boil them in Water with an Onion stuck with Cloves, and a sprig or two of Tyne, season your broth, boil it, strain it, and put it into a Pot, then pass your Mushromes in a Pan, with Butter, Parsley, Pine-apple-feed, with Capers, and put them into the Pot again and let them simmer ; then soak your Bread, and lay it on a bed of a hash of Carps, then fill it up by degrees with your other materials, after it is filled garnish your Potage with your Mushromes farced, with the same farce wherewith you made your hash between two Dishes, and with Melts, garnish your Dish with Pomegranate or sliced Lemon and serve it.

*Potage of Rice.*

Having pick'd your Rice clean, and taken the dust from it, wash it and boil it in Milk ; having boil'd a while, put to it some Cream, large Mace, whole Cinnamon, Salt and Sugar, boil it on a moderate fire, scrape on Sugar and serve it.

You may boil your Rice, and strain it with Almond Milk, seasoning it as you did the former.

*Potage of Soals farced.*

Take your Soals and fry them till they are three quarters enough, then open them along the bone, and separate the flesh from it; then take Melts, Oysters, Capers and Mushromes, and pass them in a Pan with Parsley and whole Chibbals, then stuff or farce your Soals with these ingredients; then soak them in broth, fresh Butter, the juice of a Lemon or Verjuyce, then soak your Bread in fish-broth, and garnish it with your Soals, Mushromes, and their juice, Melts, and slices of Lemon.

*Potage of Milk.*

Take whole Oatmeal and pick it clean, then put it into a Pipkin of boiling Water, when it is very tender, put in Milk or Cream, Salt and fresh Butter with a little beaten Nutmeg and Cinnamon.

*Potage of Ellicksander.*

Take Oatmeal, pick it and cleanse it, then chop amongst it some Ellicksanders, when your Water boils, put in your ingredients

with

with a little Salt, let it boil moderately, and not too thick, and when it is enough, put some Butter to it.

*Potage of Smelts.*

Having made a broth either of Almonds, Fish, Mushromes or Pease-broth well seasoned, take your Bread and soak it, and pour a little White-broth over it, of yolks of Eggs allay'd with Verjuyce, and the juice of Mushromes; then take a quartern of Smelts, or what quantity you think fit, fry them in Butter with Parsley and Chibbals, and garnish your Dish with them, adding Pomegranates and Lemon.

*Potage of Pease.*

Skell a quantity of green Pease, and put them into a Pipkin of fair boiling Water, then put in your Herbs, some Oatmeal and Salt, let them boil moderately, and not too thick, and when they are enough, put some Butter to them.

You may boil them in Milk or Cream, putting to them some sprigs of Mint, with a little Salt; if not thick enough, put in some Milk and Flowre well temper'd together, with the yolk of an Egg.

*Potage*

## Potage of Sparagus.

Take a good quantity of Herbs with crums of Bread, season them well and boil them, then take them up, drain and fry them, after they are fryed, put them in the Pot again, then soak your Bread, and garnish it with Sparagus, which you must have ready boil'd with Salt; drain'd and season'd with Butter, Salt, Cinnamon, and Nutmeg, over all strow your broken Sparagus which is fryed, and serve it.

## Potage of old dry Pease.

Take a quantity of Seed-pease which are the best, pick those that are worm-eaten from the rest and wash them; then put them into boiling liquor, being tender boil'd, take out some of them and strain them, and set them by for your use, then season the rest with Salt, a bundle of Mints and Butter, let these stew leisurely, and strow some Pepper over them.

Put Salt to your strained Pease-potage with large Mace, a bundle of sweet Herbs, and some pickled Capers, stew them well together, lay in the bottom of your Dish slices of bread, and grated manchet to garnish it.

Potage

## Potage of Fish-harslets.

Bone a couple of Carps, and hash them with Butter, and good store of sweet Herbs, then take the bones and boil them in any sort of broth with a faggot of Herbs, Butter and Salt; then take the skin of your Carps, and make thereof some Harslets, then lay these over your seasoned hash, and roul them up like small Chitterlings; after they are thus rouled up, seethe them in a Dish with Butter, a little Verjuyce, and a Chibbal, then soak your bread and garnish it with your Hash and Harslets, and lay a top Mushrommes and broken Sparagus.

## A very good Potage.

Put Water in a Pipkin and boil it, then strain some Oatmeal and put to it, with large Mace, whole Cinnamon, Salt, a bundle of sweet Herbs, some strained and whole Prunes, with some Raisins of the Sun, being well stewed on a soft fire and pretty thick, put in some Claret and Sugar, serve it in a deep Dish and scrape on Sugar.

Potage

*Potage of Lettuce farced.*

Blanch your Lettuce in fresh Water, then make a Farce either of Herbs or Fish, and having farced them with it, let them soak in a Pot with some Pease-broth, season them well with Salt and Butter, and an Onion stuck with Cloves, soak your bread, and garnish it with your Lettuce which you must cut in halves.

*Potage of Cabbidge.*

Blanch or whiten your Cabbidge or Coleworts, having first cut them into quarters, then put them into a Pot of Water with store of Butter, Salt and Pepper, with an Onion stuck with Cloves; when they are well boiled, put to them some Milk, then soak your bread, and garnish it with your Cabbidge or Coleworts.

*Potage of Onion.*

First have a Pipkin of boiling liquor over the fire, then fry good store of sliced Onions, and put them into the Pipkin with what they were fryed in, also some Pepper and Salt, being well stewed together, serve them on Sippets of French-bread.

*Potage**Potage of Pumpkin.*

Having cut your Pumpkin into pieces, boil it with Water and Salt; after it is well boil'd, strain it and put it into a Pot with an Onion stuck with Cloves, fresh Butter and Pepper, soak your bread, and allay the yolks of four Eggs, and pour them over your broth, so serve it.

Or thus; cut and boil your Pumpkin, as aforesaid, then put it through a straining-pan with some Milk, and boil it with Butter, season it with Salt, Pepper, Cinnamon and an Onion stuck with Cloves; you may, if you please, serve it with yolks of Eggs allay'd, or without them.

*Potage of Almonds.*

Take half a pound of Almond-paste, or what quantity you please, and mingle it with new Milk, then have a quart of Cream boiling in a Pipkin or Skillet, then put in the Milk and Almonds with some Mace, Salt and Sugar, serve it on Sippets of French-bread, and scrape on Sugar.

Or you may strain your Almonds with fair Water, and boil them with Salt, Mace and Sugar, adding some yolks of Eggs dissolved in Saffron.

*Potage*

*Potage of Turnips.*

You must first scrape and wash them very clean, then cut them into quarters, whiten them and boil them in Water, Butter, Salt, and an Onion stuck with Cloves, after they are boil'd enough, soak your bread, then put on your Turnips with good store of Butter.

Or having fitted them for the Pot, as aforesaid, cut them in halves, blanch and flowre them, then pass them in a Pan with refined Butter; when your Turnips are brown, take them from the Butter, and put them into a Pot with some Water or Pease-broth, let them boil a pretty while, and forget not to season your broth, then soak your bread, and garnish it with your Turnips, Grapes and Capers.

*Potage of green Pease.*

Pass your Pease in a Pan with melted Lard, but be sure that it be very new, then set them a soaking in a small Pot, well season'd with Parsley and Chibbals, then soak a Loaf with some Herb-broth, or old Pease-broth, then garnish it with green Pease.

Or you may take the biggest and strain them, after you have boiled them very tender,

tender, then fry some Parsley and Chibbals into it minced small, season it well, put some Capers into it, and garnish it with fryed bread.

*Potage of Cucumbers farced.*

Take Cucumbers, pare them and hollow them, then whiten them, and having drain'd them, make a farce of Sorrel, yolks of Eggs and their whites, season them and pour them into your Cucumbers, after this put them into some Water or Pease-broth; having boil'd them a while, season them as you shall think fit with Capers, then soak your bread and garnish it with your Cucumbers cut into quarters.

*Potage of Oysters.*

Blanch your Oysters very well and flowre them, then pass them in a Pan with a little Parsley, then soak them in a Pot, then soak your bread also in other broth, when it is well soaked, garnish it with your Oysters, whereof some must be fryed; you must put to the fryed Oysters, Pomegranates, and sliced Lemon for the garnish.

*Potage of Salmon.*

Take a Rand of Salmon, and cut it into pieces, then pass it in the Pan, after that soak it a little while in White wine and Sugar, then soak your bread in well seasoned broth; after your Fish hath boil'd a little, lay it on your Bread with the broth.

Or you may take the Jole, or any other part of the Salmon, and having cut it to pieces and fryed it, season it with Nutmeg, Salt, Ginger and Pepper, then boil it in White wine and Sugar, with a little Vinegar, a faggot of sweet Herbs, Chibbals, and some blades of large Mace; after it hath boil'd a while, put in some of your best broth, garnish it with Oysters, yolks of Eggs boil'd hard, minced fine with fryed Parsley, Mushromes, Pomegranate, and sliced Lemon.

*Potage of Frogs with Saffron.*

Having trussed your Frogs, boil them in Pease-broth, and season them with Parsley, an Onion stuck with Cloves, and a sprig or two of Tyme; then soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Frogs whitened in fresh Water, adding thereto the yolks of Eggs or Saffron.

*Potage**Potage of Bran.*

Take your largest Bran, and order it as you are directed in the title of Bran-Potage, in the Table of Potages for Lent; only for Fasting-days out of Lent, you may put into your Potage some Eggs allay'd with Verjuyce, let your garnish be paste call'd Fleurons.

*Potage of Hops.*

Take good store of sweet Herbs, chop them indifferent small, and add to them the crumbs of a White-loaf, then boil them in fair Water, then take them up, drain them and pass them a little in the Pan, and put them into the Pot again, then take Parsley and fry it in Butter with a bundle of Herbs, and put it into your Pot, then boil your Hops with Water and Salt; being boiled enough, drain it and put Butter to it, then soak your Bread, and serve your Potage whitened with yolks of Eggs allayed in Verjuyce.

*Potage of Raspberries.*

Take the yolks of half a dozen Eggs, and allay them with the juyce of a pint of Raspberries, then put over a pottle of Milk, and

and when it boils, pour in your ingredients aforesaid, stir it very well, season it with a little Salt, then dish it and garnish it with Raspberries.

*Potage of Parsnips.*

Let those you chuse be of the middle size for thickness, then cleanse them, then boil them with Butter, and a faggot of sweet Herbs, season them with Salt, and an Onion stuck with Cloves, then take them up, being boiled enough, and peel them, then stroe them with Butter and a little broth, by which means your broth will be thickned, then soak your Bread, garnish it with your Parsnips, and fill your Dish with the Potage.

*Potage of Leeks.*

Take the white end of your Leeks and cut them small, then take other whites and cut them into lengths for garnish, boil thefe tyed together, and your chopt heads of Leeks in Pease-broth; being enough, soak your Bread, garnish it with your Leeks, and strow on the top your Leeks cut in lengths.

You may either whiten your Potage with yolks of Eggs allay'd with Verjuyce, or put therein

therein some Milk and Pepper. If you serve them without whitening, boil them in Pease-broth, otherwise in Water, and put to them some Capers, Broom-buds, Pine-apple-seed, and Samphire cut small.

*Potage of Barnicle farced.*

You must uncase or skin your Barnicle, then take the flesh and mince it well with Butter, Mushromes, yolks of Eggs, Salt, Cinammon beaten, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Pepper, fine Herbs, as Parsley, Chibbals and Tyne, with some raw Eggs, to bind the flesh, then farce your Barnicle, and close it up with a Skuer or a Thread, put it in the Pot, and boil it with Pease-broth the clearest you can get, and boil it well, then garnish your Bread therewith after it is soaked.

*Potage of Eel-pouts.*

Take your Eel-pouts, flowre and fry them, then soak your Bread in the best of your broths, and garnish it, and your Potage with them; then strow on Mushromes, Sparagus, Melts, and whiten them with Almond-broth, or the broth of Craw-fish.

*Potage of broken Sparagus.*

Having dried your crusts, soak them in the best of your broths, then garnish them with your Sparagus and Mushromes, with some Sparagus at length.

*Potage of Colliflowers.*

Whiten your Colliflowers a little, then boil them, and season them well, soak your Bread in what broth you have, and garnish it with your Colliflowers fried in Butter, Salt and Nutmeg, sprinkle your Potage with Almond-broth.

*Another very good Potage.*

Peel half a dozen Onions, mince them and boil them with Water and Butter, after they are throughly boiled, strain them through a linnen cloth, and seethe some Fidels in the broth, then season them with Salt and Pepper, after they are boil'd soak your Bread, and garnish it with them.

*Potage of Rice.*

Blanch your Rice, and when it is very clean from dust, burst it in Milk, then strain it, after that season it, and serve it garnished with Fleurons or Puff-paste round the

brims

brims of the Dish. There is a very good Potage of Milk to be made the same way, serving it sugred, and garnished with some Suckets sliced or Maccrons.

*Potage of green Pease-broth.*

Boil your Pease but a very little, then pound them in a Morter, and strain them with the broth of Herbs well seasoned with a bundle of Herbs, then take Chibbals, Parsley and Butter, all being fryed together, throw it into your Pease-broth, garnish it with Lettuce well cleans'd, Succory, Cucumbers and small Pease fryed and sod with Butter, Salt and Pepper, and you may add the bottoms of Artichokes.

*Potage of common Pease served green.*

First boil your Pease in Water, then take the clearest of your Pease-broth, and when you intend to use it, fry into it Parsley, Charvel, young Sorrel, Butter, Bran and Capers, then boil them thus seasoned, garnish your Dish with fryed Bread.

*Potage of Barnicle with Turnips.*

Dress your Barnicle, and lard it with Eel or Carp, then fry it, then boil it with half Water, and half Pease-broth, well seasoned

seasoned with Butter, and a bundle of sweet Herbs; when it is almost boiled, cut your Turnips, flowre and fry them with Butter, when they are very brown, put them into the Pot with your Barnicle, if your Potage be not thick enioogh, fry a little Flowre into it, some Capers, Samphire cut small, Pine-apple-seeds, the pulp of a Lemon cut small, and a drop of Vinegar; when it is boiled enough, soak your Bread, and garnish it with your Barnicle and Turnips.

If you would not have your Turnips to be seen, strain them and season them with a bundle of Herbs, an Onion, and some sweet Butter, then garnish your Potage with Mushromes and Artichokes.

#### *Pottage of Leeks with Pease-broth.*

Whiten your Leeks a little, and boil them with Pease-broth well seasoned with Butter and Salt, then soak your bread, and garnish it with your Leeks; in the whitening, alleay some yelks of Eggs with broth, and pour it on them; you may add some Milk to them well seasoned, after that your Leeks are well boiled.

Pottage

#### *Potage of Burt.*

Take the tails and heads of your Burts and half fry them, then put them into Castrolle with a very long Sauce well thickned, then soak your Bread with some of the best of your broths, and garnish it at the top with your Burts, with Mushromes and Capers. If you have no Fish-broth, then use your Pease-broth.

#### *Potage of Herbs garnished with Cucumbers.*

Take all manner of Herbs that are used for Sallets, and take also a bundle of sweet Herbs, as: Tyme, Penniroyal, sweet Marjoram, Savory, &c. and soak them with Butter over a soft fire, and by little and little pour into them warm Water; after they are well seasoned and boiled, put in the first cut of a Loaf with an Onion stuck with Cloves, the pill of an Orange minced, and some Capers, and garnish it with boiled Lettuce, you may boil some Pease among the Herbs, and strow over all some Cucumbers.

#### *Potage of Onion and Milk.*

Take some Onions and cut them thin, then fry them brown in Butter, after this

boil them in a little Water well seasoned with Salt and Pepper ; when it is enough, put Milk to it and boil it, then garnish your Soaked Bread therewith.

*Potage of Vives or Sea-dragons.*

Cleanse them very well, then boil them with Pease-broth, and some White wine, and a faggot of Herbs all well seasoned, then take out your Sea-Dragons, and put them with Ragoust (that is a Sauce prepared with a high quick or sharp taste) let them soak very well with Salt, fresh Butter, minced Capers and Anchovies, then pass the broth through a strainer, and boil it with fresh Butter, Paste, Parsley, and minced Capers, then soak your Bread, and lay over it Mushromes, then garnish it with your Sea-dragons.

*Potage of Mushromes farced.*

It is made after the same manner as that of the Dutches of *Anjon* in the Table of the Potages for Lent, garnish it with Mushromes farced, and with Melts, fill it up with the best of your broth, and serve them up.

Caw.

Cawdles, Soops, Drinks, &c.

*Almond Cawdle.*

TAKE a pound of Almond-paste, and strain it with a quart of good strong Ale, then boil it with slices of fine Manchet, large Mace and Sugar ; when it is almost enough, put in half a pint of Sack.

*Oatmeal Cawdle.*

Boil a quart of strong Ale and scum it, then put in Oatmeal and sliced Bread, so much as will not make it too thick, with some Mace and Sugar, then dissolve the yolks of half a dozen yolks of Eggs in a quarter of a pint of Sack, or instead thereof use Claret or White wine, then put in a little grated Nutmeg, give it a walm or two and dish it.

*Egg Cawdle.*

Take a pint and a half of good strong Beer, put it over the fire and scum it, then put in four blades of large Mace, a sliced Manchet and Sugar, the yolks of Eggs dissolved

dissolved in Claret, let it boil a little and dish it.

### Sugar-Sops.

Take what quantity of Beer or Ale you think fit, boil it and scum it, then put to it some Currans (or none at all) slices of fine Manchet, large Mace, Sugar or Honey.

### Aleberry.

Having boil'd your Ale and scum'd it very well, put in some Mace, the bottom of a Manchet, boil it well, and sweeten it with some Sugar.

### Butter'd-Ale.

Having scum'd your Ale very well, put therein some Liquorice and Anniseeds, boil these well together, then have in readiness either in a flaggon or a quart Pot, some yolks of Eggs well beaten, with some of the aforesaid Ale, and some good Butter, then strain your butter'd Ale, put it into your Flaggon, and brew it to and fro with your Butter and the Eggs a pretty while.

Or thus you may do it: Take some Ale, put it in a Skillet, and when the scum riseth take it off; then take the yolks and whites of

Eggs,

Eggs, and beat them in a quart Pot with their shells, with some Butter, Nutmeg and Sugar, being well brewed drink it, it is best taken going to bed.

Others take Ale and strain it with the yolks of Eggs, and so set it to the fire in a Pewter Pot, adding thereto a good quantity of Sugar, some beaten Nutmeg, and as much Cloves with some beaten Ginger.

### An excellent Gruel.

Boil fair Water in a Skillet, and put thereto grated White-bread, good store of Currans, Mace and whole Cinnamon; being almost boiled, and indifferent thick, put in a little Sack, some Sugar, and some strained yolks of Eggs, you may put to it some Butter.

### Another as good as the former.

Take a pottle of Water; a handful of Oatmeal of the biggest size, pick'd and beaten in a Morter, then let it boil; when it is half boiled, put in two handfuls of Currans well washed, a faggot or two of sweet Herbs, half a dozen blades of large Mace, a little sliced Nutmeg, and you may infuse a grain of Musk a little while therein;

when it is boil'd, season it with Rosewater, Sugar and a little drawn Butter.

*Punnado.*

Take three pints of Spring-water, and set it over the fire, then cut a French roll into slices, and put it therein; having first dry'd them in a Dish on a few coals, add also two handfuls of Currans well cleans'd, a little large Mace; when it is boiled, season it with Sugar and Rosewater, with a little Salt, rub the bottom of your Dish with Musk.

*Lemon Candle.*

Take a pint and a half of White wine, and the like quantity of Water, and boil these together, then take a Manchet and cut it into thin slices, and put it into your Pipkin with some large Mace, then beat into it the yolks of three Eggs, let it boil a little while to thicken it, then squeeze the juyce of four Oranges or Lemons into it, and season it well with Sugar and Rosewater.

*Barley Gruel.*

Take a quarter of a pound of Barley, and

and let it boil in three or four Waters, then pound it in a Morter; after this boil it again with an ounce of Harts-horn, ever allowing four ounces thereof to a pound of Barley; having boiled about two hours, strain it through a strainer, then boil it again with a quarter of a pound of Currans, with a faggot of cooling Herbs, as Sorrel, Strawberry-leaves, and Violet-leaves, with a little Tyme, also three or four blades of Mace, with some juyce of Sorrel; when it hath taken three or four walms, remove it from the fire, and squeeze into it the juyce of two Lemons, season it with the infusion of Musk in Rosewater with a little Salt; if you make this Gruel to serve to the Table, add unto your aforementioned materials sweet Herbs instead of the faggot of cold ones, but if you intend it medicinally, follow the former prescription, and assure your self there is nothing better for one in a Feaver.

*Pearmain Candle.*

Take Milk and make a clear Posset thereof with white wine, then take some sliced Pearmains, and boil them in your Posset; being boiled enough, strain them as long as the Apple will run, then set it

on the fire again with blades of large Mace, then thicken it with the yolks of Eggs, and season it with Sugar, and the infusion of Musk in Rosewater.

*A Coventry Posset.*

Have ready in a Pot, Bowl or Basin some warm'd Sack, Claret, Beer, Ale or juice of Orange, then take your Milk, after it hath boiled in a clear scoured Skillet, and pour it into your Pot, Basin or Bowl, but let not your Milk be too hot, for that will cause the Curd to be very hard, then Sugar it.

Or you may beat what quantity of Sorrel you think fit, and strain it with either Sack, White wine or Ale, then boil some Milk, as aforesaid, and let it stand a little to cool, and so pour it into your Vessel, and scrape on Sugar.

*Lemonade a-la-mode de France.*

The French make a Lemonade several ways, sometimes by taking two handfuls of Jalsomine, and infuse it in a pottle of Water, letting it steep twelve hours, to every quart

quart of Water put six ounces of Sugar: you may make it of Orange-flowers or Gilliflower after the same manner.

Or take some Lemons, cut them and take out the juyce, then put it in Water, as aforesaid; then pare another Lemon, and cut it into slices, put it among the juyce with a due proportion of Sugar.

*White and Red Hypocraft.*

Take three quarts of the best White wine you can get, half a pound of Sugar, an ounce of Cinamon, some leaves of sweet Marjoram, two or three whole corns of Pepper, strain these through your straining bag with a grain of Musk, and four or five slices of Lemon you must add; let these infuse together three or four hour: if you will have your Hypocraft red, use Claret wine.

*Vinegar several ways to make it.*

Fill a Ferkin or a lesser Vessel three quarters full of White wine, then lay it unstoppt in some hot place against the Sun.

If you will make Vinegar in hast, take white

white wine, and put it into an Earthen-pot, and stop the mouth with Paste, then boil it in a Brass-pan, and in half an hour it will be sowre; or you need not boil it all, but only put to it a Beet-root, Medlers, Services, Mulberries unripe, Flowers, a slice of Barley-bread hot out of the Oven, or the blossoms of Services in their season, which you must dry in the Sun in a Glass-Vessel in the same manner as you do Rose-Vinegar, then fill up your glafs with Claret or White wine, and set it in the Sun, or a Chimney corner by the fire.

Thus you make Vinegar of sound Wine, but if you will make it of what is corrupted, first boil it till one third be consumed, and scum it very clean, then put it up into a Cask, and put some Churnel, then stop your Vessel very close, and in a little time it will be very good Vinegar.

#### Ale-eager.

Take what quantity of strong Ale of the first running as you shall think fit, set it a cooling, then head it very throughly with Barin; after this tun it up in a Firkin, and lay it in the Sun; then take four or five handfuls of Beans, and parch them in a fire-shovel, first splitting them in the middle,

idle, put these into your Vessel, as hot as you can, with a handful of Rye-leaven, and a good handful of Salt strained, then stop your barrel with Clay, and let it stand in the Sun from *May to August*.

#### Rose-Vinegar, or Elder-Vinegar.

Keep Roses or Elder-flowers dried, and put them into several Glasses, and fill them up with White wine or Claret; and let them stand in the Sun, or by the fire-side; as your bottles are empty, fill them again with wine and fresh flowers.

#### Pepper-Vinegar.

Fill your bottle with Wine, and infuse therein some whole Pepper tyed up in a cloth, for the space of eight days.

#### Wine-Vinegar in balls.

Take Bramble Berries when they are half ripe, dry them and make them into powder, then with a little strong Vinegar make it into balls, and dry them in the Sun; when you would use them, beat up the balls with some White wine or Claret, first warm'd, and it will speedily become good Vinegar.

*Verjuice.*

Take Crabs as soon as the kernels turn black, and lay them in a heap to sweat, then clear them from their stalks or rotteness, then stamp them in a long trough to mash with stamping beetles; when you have stamped them very well, strain them through a coarse hair-cloth into your Barrel or Hogs-head.

*How to draw Gravy.*

WHEN your meat is about half roasted, put underneath it a Dish with good store of Onion-broth, which you must make by taking a pottle of strong broth, with a dozen Onions sliced and infused therein, then cut and slash your meat, when you think the Gravy will best run; so lade your broth on the meat to draw down the Gravy, you may add to it a little White wine or Claret: when your flesh is roasted, take it off the spit, and press it very well, then put to your Gravy some Oyster liquor, a little Nutmeg, and to every quart of Gravy four Anchovies: this Sauce will be much required in Feasts for most dishes, especially your Range.

*How**How to draw Butter.*

TAKE half a pint of strong broth, and put it into a Pipkin, and break into it two pounds of Butter, then set it over the fire, and keep stirring of it with your ladle, then break in three pound more, or as much as you have occasion for, adding liquor proportionably, stir it continually till all be dissolved, and that it looks white, thick and smooth; if it chanceth to look yellow, and it is curdled, you will hardly recover it.

*How to recover Butter when it is turn'd to Oyl.*

Take a Pipkin and put therein a ladleful of strong broth, and put thereto half a pound of Butter broken in pieces, having drawn it white, put in your Oily-butter, keeping it stirring as you pour it in leisurely, and be sure not to over-power your other Butter with what is Oily.

*Another way in case of necessity.*

Having no other Butter in the house than what is turn'd oily in the melting, you must then

then let it settle in some cool place for a little time, then pour out the most oily part, leaving the dregs and whey behind, then add a little broth to the said dregs, and put it on a hot heap of coals, ladle it well till it become to draw Butter in a body, then take it off the fire, and keep it still stirring; in the mean time pour in the Oily-butter very softly, then set it on the fire again, still stirring it till it become strong, thick and white.

---

*Ancient and Modern terms of Art for Carving Fish or Flesh.*

Barb a Lobster.  
Tame a Crab.  
Undertench a Parch-piss.

Tranch a Sturgeon.  
Transon an Eel.  
Fin a Chevin.  
Culmon a Trout  
Tusk a Barbel.  
Side a Haddock.

Splay a Bream.  
Sauce a Tench.  
Splat a Pike.  
Sauce a Place, or  
Flounder.  
String a Lamprey.  
Chine a Salmon.  
Tire an Egg.  
Timber the fire.  
Thigh a Wood-  
cock.

cock or any other small Fowl.	Trush a Chicken.
Border a Pasty.	Spoil a Hen.
Mince a Plover.	Sauce a Capon.
Wing a Partridge or Quail.	Lift a Swan.
Allay a Pheasant.	Break a Dear.
Untach a Curlew.	Thigh a Pigeon or Wood-quest.
Unjoynt a Bittern.	Rear that Goose.
Disfigure a Peacock.	Leach that Brawn.
Display a Crane.	Cut up a Turky or Bustard.
Disinebmer a Heron.	Break an Egript.
Unlace a Coney.	Untach Brew.
Unbrace a Mallard.	

---

Particular Instructions how to Carve according to these terms of Art.

*Thigh a Woodcock.*

YOu must raise the Wings and Legs of a Wood-cock, as you do a Hen, only you must open the head for the brains, and as you thigh your Hen, so must you a Snite and Plover, also a Curlew, saving he must have no other Sauce but Salt.

*Break a Sarcel.*

Take a Sarcel or Teal, raise his Legs and Wings, and no Sauce but Salt, so must you untach a Brew, with no other Sauce but Salt.

*Unjynt a Bittern.*

You must raise his Wings and Legs, and no other Sauce but Salt, so you must break an Egrypt with no other Sauce but Salt.

*Dismember a Heron.*

Take a Heron and raise his Wings and Legs, and sauce him with Vinegar, Mustard, Powder of Ginger, and some Salt.

*Display a Crane.*

Take a Crane and unfold his Legs, then cut off his Wings by the joynts; after this take up his Wings and Legs, and sauce him with Vinegar, Salt, Mustard, and beaten or pulverized Ginger.

*Wing a Partridge or a Quail.*

Raise his Legs and Wings, and Sauce him with Wine, pulverized Ginger, and a little Salt; a Pheasant you must serve in like manner, but with no other Sauce but Salt.

Sauce

*Sauce a Capon.*

Take a Capon and lift up his right Leg and right Wing, and so array forth and lay him in the Platter, serve your Chickens in the same manner, and sauce them with green Sauce or Verjuyce.

*Unlace a Coney.*

Turn the Back downward, and cut the flaps or apron from the Belly or Kidney, then put in your knife between the Kidneys, and loosen the flesh from the bone on each side, then turn the belly downward, and cut the back cross between the wings, drawing your knife down on each side the back-bone, dividing the legs and sides from the back, pull not the leg too hard when you open the side from the bone, but with your hand and knife neatly lay open both sides from the scut to the shoulders, then lay the legs close together.

*Unbrace a Mallard or a Duck.*

Raise up the pinions and legs, but take them not off, and raise the merry-thought from the breast, then lace it down each side of the breast with your knife, rigling your

your knife to and fro, that the furrows may lye in and out.

*Dismember a Heron.*

You must take off both the Legs, and lace it down the breast on both sides with your knife, then raise up the flesh and take it clean off with the pinion, then stick the head in the breast, and set the pinion on the contrary side of the carkass, and the leg on the other side of the carkass, so that the bone ends may meet cross over the carkass, and the other wing cross over on the top of the carkass.

*Cut up a Turkey or Bustard.*

You must raise up the leg very fair, and open the joyst with the point of your knife, but take not off the leg, then lace down the breast on both sides with your knife, and open the breast pinion, but take it not off, then raise up the merry-thought betwixt the breast bone and the top thereof, then raise up the brawn, then turn it outward upon both sides, but break it not, nor cut it off, then cut off the wing pinions at the joyst next the body, and stick in each side the pinion in the place you turn'd the brawn out, but cut off the sharp

*for Carving.*

sharp end of the pinion, and take the middle piece, and that will fit just in the place; you may cut up a Capon or Pheasant the same way.

*Lift a Swan.*

Slit down your Swan in the middle of the breast, and so clean through the back from the neck to the Rump, then part her in two halves, but neither break nor tear the flesh, then lay the two halves in a charger, with the slit sides downwards, throw Salt upon it, set it again on the Table; let you Sauce be Chaldrōn, and serve it in Saucers.

*Rear a Goose.*

Your Goose being roasted, take off both legs fair like shoulders of Lamb, then cut off the belly-piece round close to the end of the breast, then lace your Goose down on both the sides of the breast, half an inch from the sharp bone, then take off the pinion on each side, and the flesh you first laced with your knife, raise it up clean from the bone, and take it off with the pinion from the body, then cut up the merry-thought, then cut from the breast-bone another slice of flesh quite through, then turn up your carkass

carcass, and cut it asunder, the back-bone above the Loyn-bones, then take the Rump-end of the back-bone, and lay it in a fair dish with the skinney side upwards, lay at the fore-end of it the Merry-thought with the skinney side upwards, and before that, the Apron of the Goose, then lay your pinions on each side contrary, set your legs on each side contrary behind them, that the bone-ends of the legs may stand up cross in the middle of the dish, and the wing pinions may come on the outside of them; put under the wing pinions on each side the long slice, which you cut from the breast-bone, and let the ends meet under the leg-bones and let the other ends lye cut in the dish betwixt the leg and the pinion, then pour in your sauce under the meat, throw on Salt, and serve it to the Table again.

Thus have I given you a taste of such terms and method of Carving as I have met withal, if ought be wanting, you must supply it by your own industrious inquiry.

*Bills of Fare, as well for great Feasts as ordinary Services through the whole year.*

IN the right ordering of all Bills of Fare, you must consult your own reason, and consider every thing in season, proper and peculiar to every Month: As for example, Lobsters, Crabs, Crawfish, Salmon, Trout, and a many Herbs and Flowers are not fully in season in the beginning of the Spring, that is, in *March*, but they are in *May*; so again Oysters, several shell-Fish and Wild-fowl, are seasonable in *March*, but out of season in *May*: therefore in the place of what is gone out of season, you must chuse what is in season, which you shall understand if you will observe these following Bills of Fare suitable to the four Quarters, or several Seasons of the year.

*A Bill of Fare for a great Festival on Flesh-daisies in the Spring.*

**A** Bisk.

A grand Sallet.

A Shoulder of Mutton farc'd with Oysters.

A dish of stew'd Carps.

A great Chicken Pye.

A grand Potage call'd Skink.

A Turkey.

A Calves head hash'd.

A Surloyn of Beef.

A Lumber Pye.

A dish of boil'd Puddings.

A Westphalia-Ham, and Squobs or young Pigeons.

A Jigget of Mutton stufft with Oysters.

A large Pike in the middle of fryed small Fish, as Smelts, Gudgeon, Roch, &c.

A Hare larded.

A fricasie of Chickens.

Marrow-puddings.

A Lamb Pye.

A whole Lamb larded with a Pudding in its belly.

A souced Pig.

A Rump of Beef.

Coller'd Veal souced and sliced.

A dish of Hens roasted.

A dish of Quails.

A dish of young Turkeys.

A dish of large Soals fley'd and fryed.

A dish of rich Tarts.

A dish of Tanzies of four several colours.

A dish of Cowlip-Cream.

A great dish of Chickens.

A dish of Jellies.

A dish of Leverets.

Almond-Cream.

A dish of Pease in April.

A dish of young Ducklings.

A Potatoe Pye.

A dish of pickled Smelts.

A Fricasie of Apples.

A chine of boil'd Salmon.

A dish of young Rabbets.

A set Custard.

Baked Venison cold.

A Trotter Pye with Taffatee-tarts.

A dish of Eel souc'd and coller'd.

A dish of coller'd Beef.

*For Fish-daisies in the Spring, an  
extraordinarie Bill of Fare.*

- A Bisk of divers sorts of Fish.
- A dish of pickled Smelts.
- A dish of rich Puddings boil'd.
- A Spinage Sallet.
- A Carp Pye.
- A dish of fryed Ling with poched Eggs.
- A Salmon roasted whole.
- A dish of butter'd Loaves.
- A Pike boiled.
- A dish of Perches boiled.
- A dish of butter'd Eggs.
- A dish of Mullets and Bace with small Fish.
- A dish of Barrel-cod.
- A boil'd Carp.
- A Salmon Pye.

*A Second Course.*

- A dish of butter'd Crabs.
- A dish of fryed Smelts.
- A dish of fryed Soals.

- A Spitch-cock-Eel with Shrimps butter'd.
- A Spinage Tart.
- An Eel Pye.
- A dish of Skirrets fryed green.
- A dish of boil'd Breams.
- A dish of Anchovies.
- A dish of boil'd Perches.
- A dish of butter'd Eggs.
- A dish of several Tarts.
- A chine of Salmon broil'd.
- A dish of fryed Trout.
- A Fraze of Shrimps.
- A Lampry Pye.
- A dish of broil'd Whitings.
- A dish of Craw-fish butter'd.

*A Bill of Fare for Fish-daisies,  
Fasting-daisies, Ember-week or  
Lent.*

- A Dish of Butter.
- Rice-Milk.
- Butter'd Eggs.
- Boil'd Gurnet.
- A boil'd Sallet of Herbs.

A boil'd Pike.  
Butter'd Rolls.  
Stew'd Trout.  
Fryed Smelts.  
Barrel-cod butter'd with Eggs.  
Salt-Eel or White-herring.  
Fryed Flounders or Place.  
Carp Pye.  
Salt Salmon.

## Second Course.

Boil'd Carp.  
Fryed Stock-fish.  
Boil'd Eels.  
Baked Puffs.  
A Custard.  
A roasted Eel.  
Butter'd Parsnips.  
Fryed Oysters.  
Fryed Manchet.

Fryed Rochet.  
An Oyster Pye.  
Fryed Smelts.  
A Pippin Pye.  
Fryed Flounders.  
Butter'd Crabs.  
Fryed Skirrets.  
A Spinage Pye.  
Pickled Oysters.

## A French Bill of Fare for Fish-days out of Lent.

Soals, Pike and Tench with Ragoust.  
Tenches fryed and picked.  
Stew'd Carp.  
Carp farc'd.  
Carp broil'd.  
Bream and Salmon with Ragoust.  
Stew'd Salmon.  
Oysters in Fritters.  
Oysters broil'd.  
Soals farced and broil'd.  
Soals stewed.  
Barbels roasted.  
Barbels stewed.  
Fryed Burts with the juyce of Oranges.  
Plaice roasted.  
Lampry broil'd.  
Eel roasted.  
Eel stew'd.  
Eel fryed.  
Pike farced and roasted.  
Mackerel roasted.  
Fresh Herring broil'd.

Ray fryed.

Poor John fryed.

Small Fish-Pyes.

A Plaice or Flounder-Pye.

*The Entercourse.*

Mushromes fryed.

Mushromes stew'd with Cream.

A Cream Fraze.

Fritters.

Melts of Carps fryed.

Livers of Eel-pouts.

Jelly of Fish.

Fryed Artichokes.

Sparagus with Cream.

Fritters of Artichokes.

Almond-Pye.

*A Bill of Fare for Summer, for  
Flesh-days.*

*First Course.*

A Boiled meat of Cockerels.

A chine of Mutton drawn with Lemon-pill.

A dish of young Turkeys larded.

*Stew'd*

Stew'd Carps.

A Hanch of Venison boil'd with Coll-flowers.

Leverets larded.

A Venison Pasty.

Capon's roasted.

Marrow-puddings.

A Lamb-Pye.

Geese roasted.

A hanch of Venison roasted.

Udders and Tongues boil'd with Cabbidge.

A piece of boil'd Beef.

*Second course.*

Quails larded and roasted.

Young Heron-sews larded.

Young green Pease.

A dish of Soals.

An Artichoke Pye.

A dish of Cream.

A dish of Ruffs.

Butter'd Crabs.

Cream and green Codlings.

A dish of Chickens.

A Kid roasted whole with a Pudding in his Belly.

A souced Turbet.

A dish of Artichokes.

*A Bill of Fare*

A chine of boil'd Salmon.  
 A cold jole of Salmon.  
 A dish of Knots.  
 A dish of Partridges.  
 A jole of Sturgeon.  
 Goosberry and Cherry-tarts.  
 Young Ducks boil'd.  
 Potten Venison.  
 A Westphalia-ham.  
 Dried Tongues.

*A second Course after the French Fashion.*

Feet and Ears of Pork.  
 Stags Feet.  
 Venison Pasty.  
 Gammon of Bacon Pasty.  
 Sweet-breads of Veal fryed.  
 Liver of Roe-Buck in Fraze.  
 Udder of Roe-Buck.  
 Jelly of Harts-horn.  
 Hash of Partridges.  
 Marrow-Fritters.  
 Artichoke-Fritters.  
 Fricase of Artichokes.  
 Mushromes fryed.  
 Head of a Wild-boar.  
 Green Pease.  
 Rams Kidneys.

*for the Summer.*

Pallates of Beef.  
 Tanzies.  
 Young Partridges.

*A Bill of Fare for Fish-days in Summer.**First Course.*

A Grand Olio of Fish.  
 A dish of Barley Cream.  
 A grand Sallet with a Rock of Butter in the middle of it.  
 A Carp Pye.  
 Rice boil'd in Cream with Almond-paste.  
 A roasted Pike.  
 Butter'd Eggs.  
 Large Flounders stew'd.  
 Mullet souced.  
 A boiled Sallet.  
 An Eel Pye.  
 A Jole of Ling.  
 A dish of boil'd Whitings.  
 Quaking-puddings.  
 Perches boil'd.  
 A dish of hot Rice-Milk.

A dish of Barrel-cod butter'd with Eggs.

Second Course.

Large Soals skin'd and fryed.

Butter'd Craw-fish.

An Artichoke Pye.

Strawberry-Cream.

Salmon broil'd.

A dish of Anchovies.

Eel souced in Collers.

Smelts fryed.

Potargo and Caveer.

Salmon-peets boil'd.

Tenches jelly'd.

Tanzies of several colours.

Butter'd Crabs.

Jole of Sturgeon.

Lobsters.

Egg-pye.

A fat silver Eel roasted.

Bills of Fare for Autumn.

First Course.

A Grand boil'd meat with several sorts of Fowl.

A

A chine of Mutton larded and roasted with Oysters.

A grand Sallet.

A dish of roasted Pheasants.

Hares larded.

A leg of Pork and Turnips.

A Pasty made of Doe Venison.

Turkey larded.

A chine of roast Beef.

A Marrow-pudding.

A Fricasie of Chickens.

A dish of Capons.

Stewed meat with a Potag.

Fillets of Veal larded, farced and roasted.

Or thus :

Scotch-collops of Veal.

A boil'd breast of Mutton.

A Fricasie of Pigeons.

A stew'd Calves-head.

Four Goslings in a dish.

Four Capons.

A second Course of the same.

Two brace of Partridges.

Half a dozen Quails.

Taffatee-Tarts.

Curlews.

Godwits.

Warden Pye.

Rabbets larded.

Cram'd Chickens.

Tame Pigeons.

Fryed Skirret.

Stew'd Peaches.

A dish of Wild-fowl.

Westphalia Bacon and Tongues.

Or thus :

Larded Dotterel.

Fruit-Tarts Royal.

Wheat-ears.

Heath-pout Pye.

Smelts marrinated.

Gammon of Bacon.

Rabbets.

Larded Heron.

Florentine of Tongues.

Roasted Pigeons.

Pheasant-pouts.

A cold Hare Pye.

Tart Royal.

A Custard.

## A Bill of Fare for Winter Quarter.

## First Course.

A Coller of Brawn.

A chine of Veal larded.

A pickled grand Sallet.

Pheasants larded.

Wild-fowl boiled.

An Almond pudding baked.

Stew'd broth about *Christmas*.

A dish of roasted Hens full of Eggs.

A Venison Pasty.

A Hash.

A chine of Beef.

Minced Pyes.

A Swan or Goose.

Capon and White-broth.

Chine of Pork.

A Brawns-head souced.

## Second Course.

Half a dozen Woodcocks.

*A Bill of fare.*

- A dozen Snites.
- A dish of Anchovies.
- A Bacon Tart.
- A dish of Jelly.
- A Potatoe Pye.
- Half a dozen Plovers.
- Half a dozen Teals.
- Two dozen of Larks larded.
- Tarts in Puff-paste.
- Fore-quarter of Lamb.
- Wild-goose Pye cold.
- Wild-ducks roasted.
- Orangado Pye.
- Wigeons larded.
- Venison baked and cold.

*A Bill of Fare for All-Saints day.*

- A Coller of Brawn and Mustard.
- A Capon in stew'd broth and Marrow-bones.
- A grand Sallet.
- A shoulder of Mutton stufft with Oysters.
- A chine of Beef roasted.

Minced

## for All-Saints Day.

- Minced Pyes.
- A Pasty of Venison.
- A couple of roasted Geese.
- A Loyn of Veal.
- A Turkey roasted.
- A roasted Pig.
- Capons roasted.
- A Custard with a double border.

*A second Course.*

- Souft Pig.
- A whole Lamb farced and roasted.
- Herns larded, roasted.
- A Potato Pye.
- A couple of Ducks enlarded.
- A Pike marrinated.
- Partridges stewed.
- A cold Goose Pye.
- A Warden Pye.
- A jole of Sturgeon.

## A Bill of Fare for Christmas-day.

A Coller of Brawn with a large sprig of Rosemary iced.

Stewed broth of Mutton and Marrow-bones.

Boil'd Partridge.

A Sur-loyn of Beef.

Minced Pyes.

A made dish of Sweet-breads.

A roasted Swan.

A Venison Pasty.

A Stcak Pye.

Venison roasted.

A Turkey stuck with Cloves and roasted.

Bran Geese roasted.

Roasted Capons.

Custards.

## Second Course.

A whole Kid roasted.

Two couple of Rabbets, two larded.

A Pig souc'd with Tongues.

Three

## for Christmas Day.

Three Ducks, one larded.

Three Pheasants, one larded.

A Swan Pye.

Three brace of Partridges, one larded.

Half a dozen Teal roasted.

Half a dozen Plovers, some larded and roasted.

A Quince-Pye.

Half a dozen Wood-cocks, some larded.

Two dozen of Larks roasted.

Powdered Geese.

Sturgeon.

Dried Neats Tongues.

From these Bills of Fare you may know what is proper to every season, and may make any Bills from these forms, either for great Festivals, or private entertainments.

A prudent Cook ought to have always by him these things pickled or preserved.

Melted Butter.

Cucumbers.

Lettuce.

Sparagus.

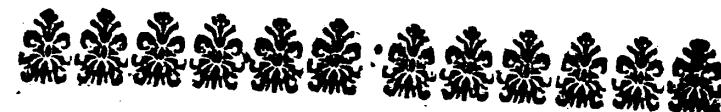
Succory.

Coleworts or Cab-bidge.

Oysters.

Pal-

Pallates of Beef.	Mushromes.
Pickled Pullets.	Soals.
Young Pigeons.	Combs salted.
Artichokes.	Mutton Tongues.
Purslain.	Rams Kidneys.
Red-Beets	Butter salted.
Green Pease.	



## The TABLE.

A

<b>A</b>	Shen-keys and Alexander-buds how to pickle
	Artichokes boil'd, bak'd, pickled p.201 pag.202
	Almond Tarts p. 240. 242

B

Bream stewed	p. 1. Souced p.226. Coller'd p.227
Base boil'd	p.2
Breast of Veal boil'd	p.22
Breast of Mutton stew'd	p.23
Beef collops stewed	p. 24. Baked p. 143. To Collers p.144. 225
Bustard to boil	p.42. Bustard Pye p.180
Brawn broil'd	p.76. Bak'd p.142
Bacon broil'd	p.77
Battalia Pye of fish	p.114
Battalia Pyes of fish or flesh for all seasons of the year	p.141
Broom-buds, Burdock-roots, Bogberries,	Bar-

## The Table.

Barberries how to pickle p.204, 205  
Bullocks cheek souc'd p.225  
Blamangers p.345. French and Italian fa-  
shion p.346  
Butter how to draw p.423  
Bills of Fare p.431, &c.

## C

Carps stewed p.2, 3, 4. Roasted p.52. Broil'd  
p.53. Carp Pye p.117. Marinated p.187  
Cods head stewed p.5  
Cockles stewed p.4. Frigassied 51. in Paste  
p.115  
Crabs stewed p.4. Broil'd and frigassied p.55.  
Crab Pye p.118  
Conger, roasted and broil'd p.59. Fryed p.55.  
Marinated p.187. Souced and pickled Ibid.  
Calves feet stewed p.25. Fryed p.77. Roasted  
p.79. in Pyes p.147. Souced p.228  
Calves head stewed p.26. Broil'd p.77. Roast-  
ed with Oysters p.78. in Pye or Party p.144,  
145.  
Calves Chathern minc'd in Pye p.147.  
Capon's boil'd in Rice p.38. in Paste p.178.  
Boil'd and larded with Lemons p.39.101.  
Frigassied p.102. Souced p.229  
Chickens boil'd p.40, 41. Frigassied p.102.  
Chicken pye p.175,176,177

Cocks

## The Table.

Cocks to boil p.42  
Cony livers in Pye p.147  
Cream Pye p.180,179  
Curlew and Hernshaw Pye p.179  
Caveer pickled p.189  
Cambridge Pudding p.321  
Cucumbers, Clove-Gilliflowers, Cowslips, Cur-  
rants red and white, Cabbidge, Charnel  
how to pickle p.207,208  
Crystal Jelly p.265  
Cream of Barley p.278. Stone Cream Ibid.  
Cream with Snow p.279. Cheese Cream  
p.281  
Creams : red, Currants, Raspberries, Almond,  
Rice and Goosberry, clouted, Italian, Ap-  
ple, Quince, and Sack Cream p.282, 283,  
284. 287. 293.  
Custards of Almond Cream p.331.  
Custards without Cream p.332.  
Cheese-cakes the best way p.333. French and  
Italian way p.334,335.337  
Covent Garden Posset p.343  
Candles, &c. p.413.  
Carving, the terms of it, and directions how  
to carve according to those terms p.424,  
425, &c.

D

# The Table.

## D

Duck wild and tame to boil p. 43, 44, 45.  
Roasted p. 105. Duck or Mallard in Pye.  
Ducklings frigassi'd p. 104  
Dill how to pickle p. 208.

## E

Eels boil'd p. 6. Stewed p. 6. Roasted p. 56.  
Spich-cock p. 57. broil'd p. 58. in Paste  
p. 119, 120. Collar'd and souc'd p. 189,  
190.  
Endive, Elder-tops, and Elder-buds how to  
pickle p. 208.

## F

Flounders, Plaice and Soals boil'd p. 7. Stew-  
ed p. 7. in Paste p. 121. Marrinated p. 191  
Fawn or young Roe how to bake p. 148. To be  
eaten cold Ibid.

Flowers of all sorts how to pickle p. 210

French Sallets p. 221

Florentines of Rice, of Pippins and Prunes,  
of Veal, of Spinage, of Potatoes and Ar-  
tichokes, of Barberries, of Marrow and  
several other ways of making Floren-  
tines

# The Table.

tines p. 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262  
Farcings of all sorts of Roots p. 322  
Farcings and stuffings for all sorts of fowl  
p. 323. For Veal, Mutton, Venison, Lamb  
p. 324, 325, 326  
French Poffet p. 342

## G

Gurnet boil'd p. 8  
Goose tame to boil p. 45. Frigassi'd p. 106.  
bak'd to be eat cold p. 175. Coller'd and  
souced p. 230.  
Goat Pasty p. 149.  
Gammon of Bacon Pye p. 149  
Grapes, Goosberries, green Figs how to  
pickle p. 210  
Grand Sallet for the Spring p. 218, 219  
Goates flesh coller'd and souc'd p. 230  
Grand forc'd or farc'd dish p. 228  
Good-friday service p. 384, 385, 386  
Gravy how to draw p. 422

## H

Hanch of Venison boil'd p. 26  
Heath-cocks and Wood-cocks how to boil  
p. 42

Hare

## The Table.

Hare to roast p.81. in Pye p.151. in minced Pye p.153  
Hen roasted p.107. Hen baked p.181  
Herring Pye p.121  
Haberdine and stock-fish Pye p.122  
Hot compounded bak'd meats p.151  
Hop-buds pickled p.211

## I

Jacks stew'd and roasted p.11. Boil'd p.17  
Jelly for any kind of souc'd meats p.238.  
Jellies of John-Apples p.264. Jellies for souc'd meats p.164. Of Raspisses p.167.  
Of several colours Ibid. Of Pippins, of Oranges p.268,269. Of Harts-horn p.171.  
Jelly for a weak back p.272

## K

Kid whole to roast p.83.

## L

Lobster stew'd p.9. Roasted p.59. Broil'd p.60.  
Fryed p.61. in Paste p.127. Marinated p.191  
Lampry boil'd p.9. Lampry Pye p.123.

## Ling

## The Table.

Ling fryed p.59. Ling Pye p.125  
Lump fryed p.60. Roasted p.61. Lump-pye p.124. Souc'd p.192  
Lambs head boil'd p.27. Stewed p.29.  
Lamb Pye p.155. Lamb Pasty p.156  
Leg of Lamb boil'd p.29  
Leg of Pork boil'd p.30. in Paste 157  
Leg of Veal and Bacon boil'd p.30  
Legs, Necks and Chines of Mutton boil'd p.31  
Land-fowl large, how to boil p.42  
Land-fowl small, how to boil p.48. 149. after the Italian manner p.48  
Lambs head roasted p.82. Sides souc'd p.235  
Larks roasted with Bacon p.107. in a Pye p.182  
Lumber Pye p.154  
Lemons how to Pickle p.211  
Lemonade a-la-mode de France p.418  
Leaches the best manner p.274. The French way Ibid. Of Almonds of Cream p.276, 277

## M

Mullets boil'd p.10. Fryed p.61. Broil'd Ibid.  
Mullet Pye p.127. Souc'd p.193. Marinated Ibid.

## X

## Muscles

## The Table.

Muscles stewed p. 11. Fryed p. 62. in Paste  
p. 115. 128  
Maids fryed p. 62  
Minced Pyes of Beef p. 143. 158  
Marrow Pyes p. 157  
Mutton minced Pyes p. 157. Coller'd and  
souc'd p. 231  
Minced Pyes of Veal p. 158  
Maremaid Pye, alias Pig-pye p. 158  
Mutton-steak Pye p. 168  
Marsh-Mallows, how to pickle p. 211  
Mellegotosons and Mushromes p. 213  
Mushromes

## N

Neats Tongues boil'd p. 32. Stewed p. 87.  
Frigaff'd p. 88. Baked p. 159. Neats  
tongue Pye p. 160. Minced in a Pye p. 160.  
171  
Neats feet frigaff'd p. 89. Roasted Ibid.

## O

Oysters stewed p. 12. Roasted p. 63. Broil'd  
p. 64. Fryed p. 65  
Oyster Pye p. 129, 130, 131. Pickled 194.  
Oxe Cheeks boil'd p. 33. To be eaten cold  
with Sallets p. 34. in Pye p. 162

## Oxe

## The Table

Oxe Pallats stem'd p. 90. Oxe Pallat Pye  
p. 162, 163  
Olive Pye p. 161  
P  
Pike boil'd p. 12. Stewed p. 13. Roasted p. 65.  
Bak'd p. 131. Souc'd p. 195  
Plaice boil'd p. 14. Stewed Ibid. Broil'd and  
Frigaff'd p. 68  
Prawns, Shrimps and Craw-fish, stem'd p. 14.  
Pearches boil'd p. 15  
Pig sucking boil'd p. 34. Roasted p. 91, 92.  
Souc'd p. 231  
Pheasant, Peacock, Partridge, Plover to boil  
p. 42. Roasted p. 108. or Bak'd in a Pye  
p. 181, 183  
Pilchards, Herrings and Sprats broil'd p. 67.  
Prawns, Shrimps, Crawfish frigaff'd p. 75.  
Bak'd p. 132.  
Pork, legs broil'd p. 82. 96. Bak'd to eat cold  
p. 166. Souc'd p. 233  
Pigeons Roasted p. 109  
Fig Pye. p. 164  
Peacock Pye p. 179  
Purstain to pickle p. 211, 214  
Puddings quaking, white, black, shaking p. 295,  
296, 297. Of Wine several colours, of Mar-  
row p. 297, 297

## The Table.

Polony Sausage, how to make p. 302  
Puddings of Liver, Oatmeal, Rice, hasty Puddings p. 306, 307, 308. Excellent boil'd puddings p. 310. Of Cream, Almond, Cinnamon, Haggis, Veal, Bread, Italian and French Puddings p. 315, 316, 317, 318.  
Potages of all fashions, English, French, and Italian, whether flesh or fish p. 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 371  
Potages of all sorts for Lent p. 373, 374, 375, 380, 381  
Potages for Fasting-days out of Lent p. 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, and to 412  
Puff past<sup>2</sup> how to make 247: 255

## Q

Quails roasted p. 110  
Quinces how to pickle p. 214

## R

Rabbits boil'd p. 35. Roasted p. 84. 111. Frigassied p. 93. Bak'd to eat cold p. 167  
Red Dear how to roast p. 80. Baked p. 167  
Radish-tops, and red Cabbidge how to pickle p. 215  
Rams head sonc'd p. 234

## S

## The Table.

Sausages how to make 302  
Salmon boil'd p. 15. Stewed p. 16. Roasted whole p. 69. in pieces p. 70. Frigassied p. 71. Fryed and broil'd p. 72. in a Pye bak'd p. 133, 134. Pickled p. 196  
Soals boil'd p. 17. Stewed Ibid. Roasted p. 73. Souc'd p. 197  
Sturgeon boil'd p. 18. Roasted p. 73. Broil'd p. 74. Fryed p. 34. Bak'd p. 135, 136, 137. Pickled p. 199  
Smelts stewed p. 18. Marrinated p. 200  
Scollops stewed p. 19. broil'd p. 76  
Shoulder of Mutton boil'd p. 35. Stewed with Oysters p. 36. 84, 85  
Sea-fowl of all sorts to boil p. 47, 49. or baked in a Pye p. 185  
Scotch Collops of Mutton the best way p. 94  
Scotch-Collops of Veal p. 94  
Snipes roast p. 111  
Steak-pye with a French Pudding in it p. 169  
Sweet-breads baked p. 170  
Sheeps-tongues baked p. 170  
Swan Pye p. 184. Swan collar'd p. 235  
Sparagus and Samphire how to pickle p. 216  
Sallets of Scurvigrass, boil'd Spinage, Green-pease, Alexander-buds, Watercresses, pickled  
X 3 Capers,

## The Table.

Capers, Rose-buds, Clove-gilly-flowers  
p.220, 221, 222, 223  
Sack Poffet p.340, 341  
Sullabubs p.344

## F

Tortoise stewed p.19  
Turbut boil'd and calvered p.20. Fryed p.75.  
baked p.139. Souc'd p.201  
Trouts stewed p.20  
Tripes fryed the best way p.37  
Turkey to boil p.42. Carbonado'd p.112  
Turkey bak'd French fashion p.185  
Tongues of Sheep, Deer and Calves fryed  
p.95  
Tench bak'd p.138. Souc'd p.201  
Taragon and Turnips how to pickle p.217  
Tarts of Almonds p.240, 252  
Tarts of damsons p.240  
Tarts of Strawberries Ibid.  
Tarts of Cherry, Medler and Pine-apple p.242  
Tarts for the Spring p. 243  
Taffety Tarts p.243  
Tarts of Cowslips and Cream p.244  
Tarts of green Pease and Prunes p.245  
Of Gooseberries p.246  
Of Puff-paste p.247  
Of Rice, Wardens and Pippins p.248  
Of

## The Table.

Of Quinces Wardens, Pears and Pippins p.249. Of Spinage Ibid.  
Tarts after the French fashion p.251  
Tarts of Bacon p.251  
Of Clary p.252  
Of Apricocks p.253

## V

Venison stewed p.37. Roasted p.100  
Pasty to make p.174. Coller'd p.236  
Venison when tainted to recoves it p. 38.  
Bak'd to eat cold p.174. Coller'd p.236  
Veal Fillet and Leg to roast p. 80. 98. The  
breast with a Pudding in it p. 96. Chine  
or Neck roasted p.97, 98. Broil'd p.99. in  
Pye p. 172. Breast souc'd p. 236. Leg  
souc'd p.238  
Umble Pye p.173  
Vinegars of all sorts p.419, 420, 421

## W

Whiting stewed and broth p.21  
Woodcocks roasted p.113  
Widgeons souc'd p.238  
White-Pots p.337. Of Rice p.338

## The Table.

Devonshire White-Pot p.339. Norfolk Ibid.  
Westminster fool p.340  
Worster Sullabub p.343  
A Wassel p. 345

## BOOKS



## Books Printed for, or Sold by Simon Miller at the Star, at the West-end of St. Paul's.

### Quarto.

Bishop White upon the Sabbath.  
B The Pragmatical Jesuit, a Play,  
by Richard Carpenter.

The Life and Death of the Valiant  
and Renowned Sir Francis Drake,  
his Voyages and Discoveries in the  
West-Indies, and about the World,  
with his Noble and Heroick Acts:  
By Samuel Clarke, late Minister of  
Bennet-Fink, London.

The Life and Death of William  
the Conquerour, King of England  
and Duke of Normandy by Samuel  
Clarke.

Bagsham.

Books Printed for,

*Bagshaw* of Christ and Antichrist.

Astrology Theologiz'd : Shewing by the Light of Nature what influences the Stars have upon mens bodies, and how the same may be diverted and avoided.

Large Octavo.

The Rights of the Crown of *England*, as it is established by Law ; by *E. Bagshaw* of the Inner Temple, Esquire.

An Enchiridion of Fortification.

The English Horseman and complete Farriar ; directing all Gentlemen and others, how to breed, feed, ride and diet all kind of Horses, whether for War, Race or other service; with a discovery of the Causes, Signs and Cures of all Diseases both Internal and External incident to Horses, Alphabetically digested; with the Humours of a *Smithfield* Jockey. By *Robert Almond*, a well known and

skilful

and Sold by *Simon Miller*.

skilful Farrier of the City of *London*, practising therein above forty five years.

The Loyal Prophet, a Sermon preached at the Summer Assizes at *York* in anno 1668. by *William Bramhall*, Rector of *Gouldsborough*, and one of his Majestie's Chaplains.

Small Octavo.

The Midwives Book, or the whole Art of Midwifry discovered, directing Child-bearing Women how to behave themselves in their Conception, Bearing, Breeding and Nursing of Children : In six Books, viz. 1. An Anatomical Description of the Parts of Men and Women. 2. What is requisite for Procreation : Signs of a Woman being with Child, and whether it be Male or Female, and how the Child is formed in the Womb. 3. The Causes and hindrance of Conception and Barrenness,

## Books Printed for,

ness, and of the pains and difficulties of Child-bearing, with their Causes, Signs and Cures. 4. Rules to know when a Woman is near her Labour, and when she is near Conception, and how to order the Child when born. 5. How to order Women in Child-birth, and of several Diseases and Cures for Women in that condition. 6. Of Diseases incident to Women after Conception: Rules for the choice of a Nurse; her Office, with proper Cures for all diseases incident to young Children. By Mrs. Jane Sharpe, practitioner in the Art of Midwifry above thirty years.

Merry Drollery complete, in two parts; or a Collection of Jovial Poems, Merry Songs, Witty Drolleries; intermixt with pleasant Catches, collected by W. N. C. B. R. & I. G. Lovers of Wit.

Natural and Artificial Conclusions.

*Daphnis and Chloe* a pleasant Romance.

*Boteler*

## and Sold by Simon Miller.

*Boteler of War.*

*Ramsey of Poyson.*

*Shephard of the Regulation of the Law.*

*Knowls Rudiments of the Hebrew Tongue.*

*Herbert's Child-bearing Woman; or Devotions, Meditations and Prayers for Women in that Condition.*

*The Rebellion of the rude Multitude under Wat Tyler, parallel'd with the late inhumane Rebellion against K. Charles the First.*

*The Rebels Arraignment, Conviction and Execution in three Sermons: By Jo. Brookblanke.*

*The Death of Charles the First lamented, and the Restauration of Charles the Second congratulated by William Langley.*

*The King of Spain's Cabinet Council divulged.*

*A Description of Jerusalem as it flourished in the time of Christ.*

*Observationes Experientiae de Fe-  
bribus*

Books Printed for  
bribus, Authore Gulielmo Drageo Me-  
dico.

*Nonnihil de Febribus*, Authore Guli-  
elmo Statholmo Medico.

Divine Poems by A. Nasmyth.

The Life of Dr. Tho. Morten late  
Bishop of Duresme.

Morison on the Covenant.

The Miraculous Visions of R. Wortley,  
Minister of Edgworth in Bedford-shire.

A Discourse of the Piety and Cha-  
rity of elder Times and Christians,  
parallel'd to the Members of the  
Church of England, by E. Water-  
house Esquire.

Large Twelves.

The English and French Cook, de-  
scribing the best and newest ways of  
ordering and dressing all sorts of  
Flesh, Fish and Fowl, whether boi-  
led, baked, stewed, roasted, broil-  
ed, frigassied, fryed, souced, marri-  
nated or pickled; with their proper  
Sauces and Garnishes, together with  
all manner of the most approved

Soops

and Sold by Simon Miller.

Soops, and Potages used either in  
England or France. By T.P. J.P. R.C.  
N. B. and several other approved  
Cooks of London and Westminster.

The Moral Practice of the Jesuits,  
demonstrated by many remarkable  
Histories of their Actions in all parts  
of the World; Collected either from  
Books of the greatest Authority, or  
most certain and unquestionable Re-  
cords and Memorials; by the Do-  
ctors of the Sorbon.

Oxford Jests Refined and Enlarged,  
Smith's Practice of Physick.

The Duty of every one that will  
be saved; being Rules, Precepts,  
Promises and Examples, directing all  
Persons of what degree soever, how  
to govern their Passions, and to live  
virtuously and soberly in the World.

The Spiritual Chymist, or six Dec-  
ads of Divine Meditations on fev-  
eral Subjects, with a short Account of  
the Authors Life; by William Spur-  
row, D.D. sometime Minister of the

Gospel

Books Printed for, &c.

Gospel at Hackney, near London.

Witty Apothegms, delivered at several times by K. James, K. Charles II, the M. of Worcester, the Lord Bacon and Sir Tho. More.

Mans Master-piece; or Contemplations of Meditations on several occasions, by Sir Peter Temple.

Small Twelves.

A new Method of Preserving and Restoring of Health by the Virtue of Coral and Steel.

A Help to Prayer.

The Understanding Christian Duty worthily to commemorate the Death of Christ in the blessed Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, prest from  
*I Cor. 11.28.*

The Pious Prentice; or Advice to the Apprentices of London, concerning their behaviour to God, their Masters and themselves: By A. Jackson.

The King Triumphant, or the Rebels ruin'd, by Capt. N. Foster.

F I N I S.